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ABSTRACT

Births occurring each year in North Dakota of children born out of wedlock impacts the state both financially and in terms of the utilization of social services. The Department of Human Services provides financial assistance as well as services to parents of out of wedlock children in order to help the mother and/or father develop better parenting skills and gain self-sufficiency through education and employment. The goal of these services is to reduce child abuse and the need for economic assistance. This report was written to aid administrators in developing budgets submitted to the state legislature and for use in program planning at the state level and determining service needs at the county level. It describes a study which provided information in these categories: (1) general descriptive information; (2) description of mothers; (3) description of father; (4) characteristics of mothers by age; (5) characteristics of mothers by race; (6) characteristics of mothers by marital status; (7) characteristics of mothers by education; (8) characteristics of mothers by financial support; and (9) characteristics of mothers receiving or applying for Aid to Families with Dependent Children. Tables, graphs, and charts illustrate the study's findings throughout the document. (ABL)

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A PROFILE OF SINGLE PARENTS:

A Descriptive Study of Single Parents Whose Children Were Born Out of Wedlock

Fiscal Year 1988

North Dakota Department of Human Services

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Protecting Children—Preserving Families

A PROFILE OF SINGLE PARENTS:

A Descriptive Study of Single Parents Whose Children Were Born Out of Wedlock

Fiscal Year 1988

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REPORT

SECTION I

GENERAL DESCRIPTIVE INFORMATION

Introduction

The definition of a child born out of wedlock is "a child whose mother is unmarried and has not been married in the ten months prior to the birth of the child." As required by North Dakota state law, a report must be sent by the maternity home, hospital, attending physician or nurse, or other attendant within twenty-four hours after the birth of an out of wedlock child to the Administrator of Children and Family Services Division of the Department of Human Services. A copy of the report is forwarded to the county social service board of the mother's physical residence at which time they contact the mother to determine the type of services she may need. A statistical data card is then completed and returned to the Children and Family Services Division. The information in this report is based upon the data collected by means of this card. Excluded are births out of state to mothers with North Dakota residency. (1)

There were 1,452 births out of wedlock reported during fiscal year 1988. This is a -3.3 percent decrease from the previous fiscal year in which 1,501 births were reported. Some of the births may have been twins; however, this information is not available on the statistical card.

Purpose of Study

Births occurring each year in North Dakota of children born out of wedlock impacts the state both financially and in terms of the utilization of social services. The Department of Human Services provides financial assistance to unwed mothers and their children through programs such as Aid to Families with Dependent Children, Medically Needy Under 21, and Child Support Enforcement.

In addition to financial assistance, the department also offers services to parents of out of wedlock children in order to help the mother and/or father develop better parenting skills and gain self-sufficiency through education and employment. The goal of these services is to reduce child abuse and the need for economic assistance.

Using information from this report regarding these issues, administrators are aided in developing budgets submitted to the state legislature. The report is also used for program planning at the state level and determining service needs at the county level.

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(1) The out of wedlock births on which this report is based differs from the figures generated by the Division of Vital Records, North Dakota Department of Health. Vital Records uses data from birth certificates and reports on a calendar year basis and includes births to mothers whose legal residence is North Dakota regardless of the birth location.

Births by Legal Residence of Mother (Table 1)

Almost half (49.1%) of all the births out of wedlock were to mothers who resided in six of North Dakota's counties: Benson, Burleigh, Cass, Grand Forks, Rolette, and Ward. Twenty-three counties experienced a decrease in births out of wedlock from the previous year while 24 experienced an increase (see Appendix, Table A-1). Six counties experienced no changes. Cass county had the greatest increase with 15 cases. Mountrail county had the greatest decrease with twenty-eight.

Mothers With Out of State Residency (Table 2)

Seventeen percent (17.1%) of the births out of wedlock were to mothers with out of state residency. This is a -7.8 percent decrease from fiscal year 1987. Over three-fourths (77.1%) of these mothers were from Minnesota, 14.9 percent from Montana, 6.4 percent from South Dakota, and 1.6 percent from other states. Of the 192 births to Minnesota mothers, 68.8 percent gave birth in Cass county and 30.2 percent in Grand Forks county, both of which are along the Minnesota border. As for Montana mothers, 86.5 percent gave birth in Williams county to out of wedlock children.

Births by Region (Table 3)

Over one-fifth (21.2%) of the mothers who gave birth to out of wedlock children resided in Region III. Region VII followed with 16.2 percent as did Region V with 15.8 percent. Regions II and IV were noted as the mothers' residences for 15.3 percent and 13.6 percent of the single parents, respectively. The three remaining regions (I, VI, and VIII) combined accounted for 18.0 percent.

Births by Months (Table 4)

The average number of births out of wedlock was 121 per month for fiscal year 1988. August 1987 noted the greatest number of births with 137 while the least number of births out of wedlock were during the month of June 1988 with 88.

Plans for Child (Table 5)

Nine out of ten (91.7%) of the mothers with out of wedlock children kept their children. Nearly 7 percent (6.5%) of the mothers chose to place their child for adoption. The decisions of 1.8 percent of the mothers were unknown.

Plans for Child: Fiscal Years 1978 - 1988 (Chart A)

Comparing the years over the last decade, fiscal year 1988 recorded the greatest percentage of mothers who kept their children born out of wedlock (91.7%). Ten years ago in fiscal year 1978, 78.3 percent of the

mothers decided to keep their children.

Complementing this increase over the past ten years of mothers keeping their children was a decrease in the number of mothers releasing their children for adoption. For example, during fiscal year 1978, 18.4 percent of the mothers elected to have their children adopted, whereas, in fiscal year 1988, only 6.5 percent chose to do so.

Counseling Requested Concerning Plans for Child (Table 6)

Nearly 22 percent (21.8%) of the mothers requested counseling regarding plans for their child. Over half (53.6%) did not desire counseling, and one-quarter (24.6%) of the mothers were undecided or there were no data in reference to counseling.

Counseling Requested by Plans for Child (Table 7)

Only 19.2 percent of the mothers who kept their children requested counseling while over half (56.5%) did not want counseling. Almost one-fourth (24.3%) of the mothers who chose to raise their child were undecided or no information was available regarding counseling.

Six out of ten (61.1%) of the mothers who decided to have their children adopted also requested counseling concerning plans for their child. Eighteen percent (17.9%) whose children were adopted did not want counseling. Twenty-one percent (21.1%) of the mothers who released their parental rights in order for the child to be adopted did not have any data pertaining to their requests for counseling.

Paternity (Table 8)

Forty-four percent (44.4%) of the children had fathers whose paternity had been established at the time of the child's birth. One out of four (24.7%) did not have the paternity established. Thirty-one percent (30.9%) of the data were reported as "unknown" in regard to paternity.

Child Support (Table 9)

Thirty-seven percent (37.7%) of the mothers were willing to work with the Child Support Enforcement Agency to assist them in retrieving financial support from the fathers. Twenty-one percent (21.3%) were unwilling to do so. No data were available for 41.0 percent of the cases.

Number of Births Out of Wedlock: Fiscal Years 1978 - 1988 (Chart B)

Chart B visually represents the growth in the number of births out of wedlock during the past decade. Within the last ten years, 13,830 children have been born to single mothers in North Dakota. Since 1978, there has been an average increase of 51.6 births out of wedlock each year. The average percent increase since 1978 has been 4.5 percent.

SECTION II

DESCRIPTION OF MOTHER

Age (Table 10)

The ages of the single mothers who gave birth to children during fiscal year 1988 ranged in age from 13 to 43 with the average being 22.4 years old. Teenagers accounted for slightly less than one-third (31.7%) of the mothers while women in their twenties accounted for over half (56.1%) of the single mothers. An additional 10 percent (10.2%) were in their thirties. Less than one percent (.2%) of all the single mothers were in their forties. No age was available for 1.8 percent of the mothers.

Compared to the previous fiscal year, the percentage of single mothers in their teens decreased slightly. Concomitantly, the percentage of single mothers in their twenties has increased somewhat over fiscal year 1987.

Age of Mothers: Fiscal Years 1978 - 1988 (Chart C)

Chart C provides a summary of the changes that have occurred over the past ten years with respect to the ages of women who had out of wedlock children. Clearly, there has been a shift during the past decade from the majority of single mothers being teenagers to the majority of the mothers being in their twenties. Another major change is the percentage of women in their thirties having children out of wedlock. During fiscal year 1978, 3.0 percent of the single mothers were between the ages of 30 and 39. Ten years later, the percentage is 10.2 percent in this age range.

Race (Table 11)

Sixty percent (60.4%) of the single mothers were white and 21.6 percent were Native American. Less than one percent were Black or Asian (.9%). Seventeen percent (17.2%) of the mothers' races were unknown or recorded as "other."

Education (Table 12)

Four percent (4.0%) of the mothers had a grade school education. Nearly one-quarter (24.1%), or one out of four, of the mothers had attended or were currently attending high school. Almost 32 percent (31.7%) had graduated from high school and 22.2 percent had attended or were attending college. Eighteen percent (18.0%) of the data for the mothers' education were unknown.

Marital Status (Table 13)

Seventy-one percent (71.8%) of the mothers with out of wedlock children had never married. Eleven percent (11.4%) were divorced a minimum of

ten months prior to the birth of their child. Less than one percent (.8%) of the single mothers were widowed. The marital status of sixteen (16.0%) of the mothers was unknown.

Employment Status (Table 14)

Twenty-one percent (21.6%) of the women were employed. An additional 4.1 percent planned to work. Over half (52.2%) were not employed and another 2.7 percent had no plans to work. Nineteen percent (19.5%) of the mothers' employment status were recorded as "undecided" or no data were available.

Number of Other Children Born Out of Wedlock (Table 15)

Over half of the women (53.9%) who had children out of wedlock during fiscal year 1988 had no other children out of wedlock. Eighteen percent (18.1%) had had one other child previously when they were single. Eleven percent (11.5%) had two or more other children out of wedlock. No data regarding this topic were available for 16.6 percent of the mothers.

Number of Other Dependents (Table 16)

The percentages of the number of dependents of the single mothers parallel those of the previous table depicting the number of other children born out of wedlock. Fifty-two percent (51.9%) had no other dependents while 27.2 percent had anywhere from one to eight dependents. No data were available for 20.9 percent of the mothers.

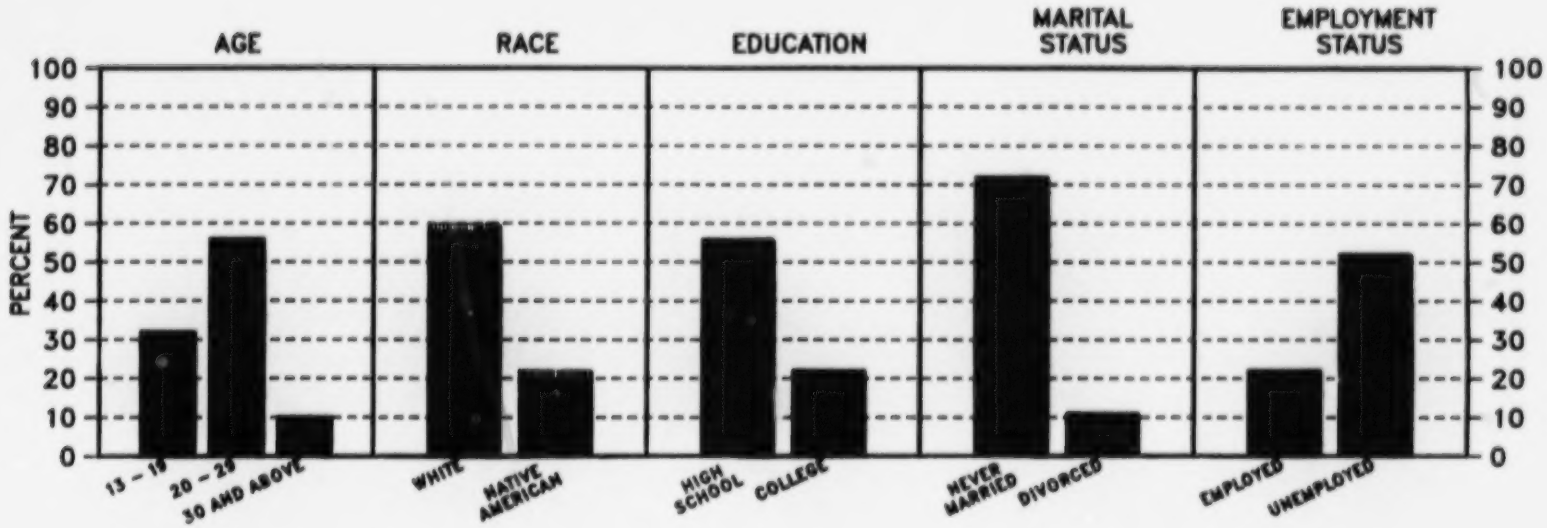
Marriage Plans (Table 17)

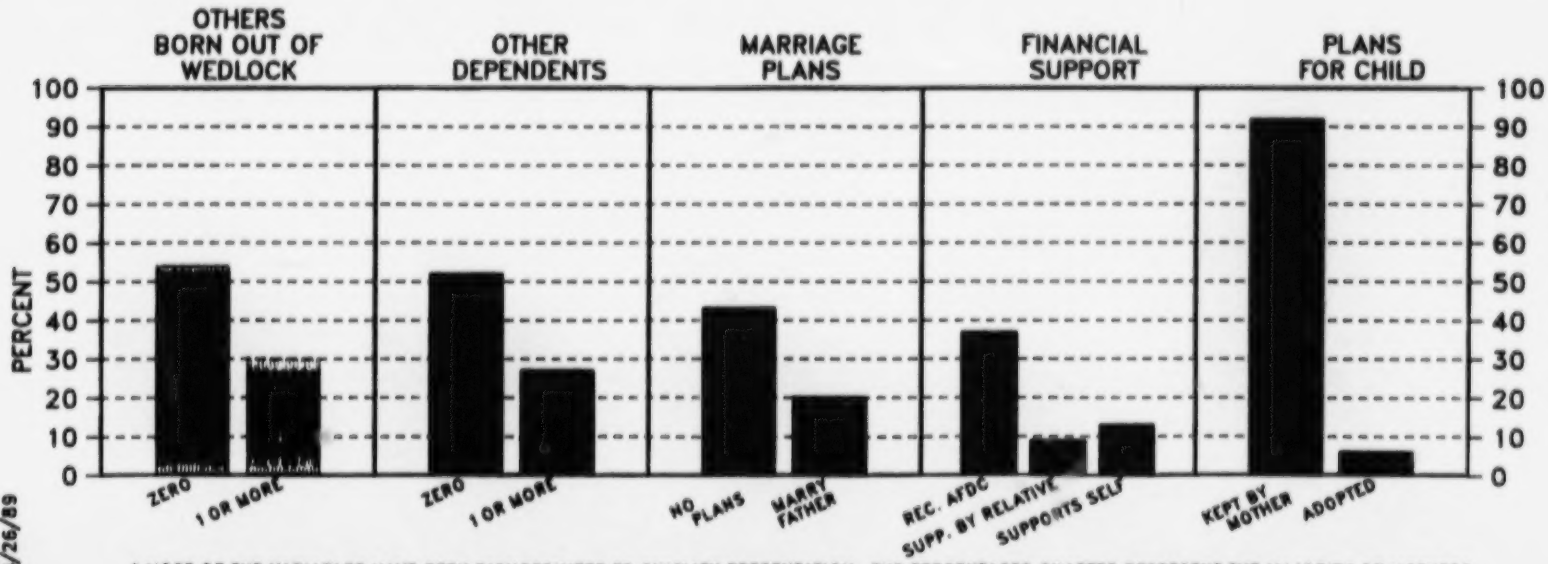
Over forty percent (43.0%) of the single mothers had no plans to marry. Nineteen percent (19.7%) planned to marry the child's father and 6.3 percent planned to live with the father or were already doing so. One percent (1.1%) planned to marry someone other than the father of their child. Ten percent (10.2%) were undecided. Nearly one out of five (19.7%) of the data were unknown.

Financial Support (Table 18)

Over one-third (36.8%) of the mothers were already receiving Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC) at the time of their child's birth. Six percent (6.6%) planned to apply or were in the process of applying for AFDC. Nine percent (9.4%) received support from a relative. Another 12.9 percent supported themselves. Eight percent (8.3%) cited other means of support and 1.1 percent stated they had no means of support. One-quarter (24.9%) of the mothers' financial status data were unknown.

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY
FISCAL YEAR 1988
CHARACTERISTICS OF MOTHERS *





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SECTION II SUMMARY CHART

SECTION III

DESCRIPTION OF FATHER

Age (Table 19)

The ages of the fathers of the children born out of wedlock ranged from 13 to 57 with the average age 24.8 years old. It should be noted that this is representative of only 56.1 percent of the fathers since 43.9 percent of their ages were unknown. Of the cases where the fathers' ages were known, 10.0 percent were in their teens and 36.8 percent were in their twenties.

Race (Table 20)

Fifty-three percent (53.5%) of the fathers were white. Nineteen percent (19.3%) were Native American. Four percent (3.9%) were either Black, Asian, or "other." Twenty-three percent (23.3%) of the fathers' race were unknown.

Education (Table 21)

Less than two percent (1.6%) of the fathers had a grade school education. Fifteen percent (15.5%) had attended or were attending high school and had not yet graduated. Over one-third (34.4%) had completed high school. Almost 15 percent (14.6%) had attended college. No data were known for 34.0 percent of fathers concerning their educational level.

Marital Status (Table 22)

Over 60 percent (61.5%) of the fathers of the out of wedlock children had never been married. Almost four percent (3.6%) were married to women other than the women who bore their children. Eight percent (8.7%) were either divorced or separated while .4 percent were widowed. One-quarter (25.8%) of the data were unknown in reference to the fathers' marital status.

Employment Status (Table 23)

Forty-two percent (42.5%) of the fathers were employed with an additional 2.5 percent planning to find work. Twenty percent (20.5%) were not employed and less than one percent (.6%) did not plan to work. Thirty-four percent (34.0%) of the data were unavailable regarding the fathers' employment.

Number of Other Dependents (Table 24)

Slightly over half (51.0%) of the fathers had no dependents. Eighteen percent (17.9%) had dependents ranging from one to seven. No data were

available for 31.0 percent of the fathers regarding the number of dependents.

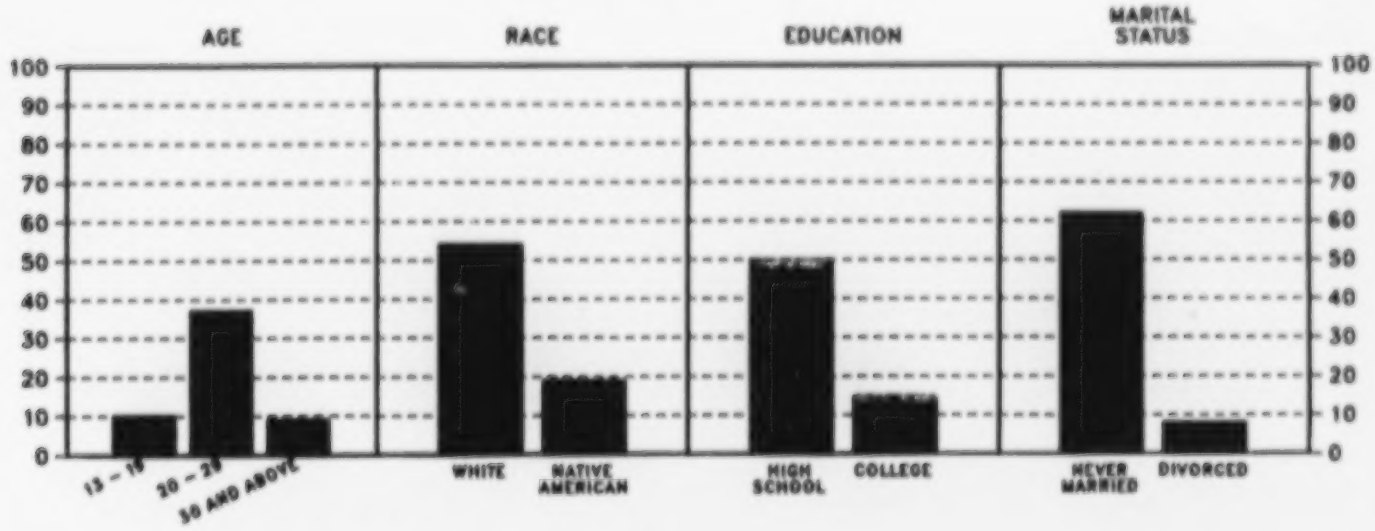
Financial Support Provided by Father (Table 25)

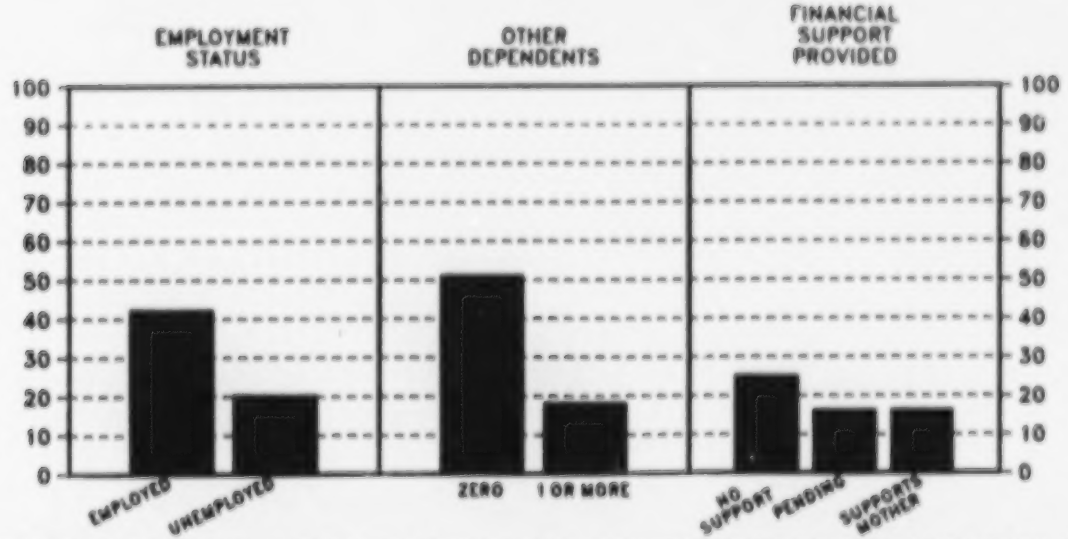
Nearly one-quarter (24.7%) of the fathers did not provide any financial support to the mother. Sixteen percent (16.5%) provided assistance while an additional 3.9 percent were doing so due to a court order or a private settlement. Sixteen percent (16.5%) of the cases were pending. In 38.4 percent of the cases, the financial assistance was unknown or "other."

Financial Support Provided by Father: Fiscal Years 1978 - 1988 (Chart D)

For the data available regarding the financial assistance that fathers provided for their out of wedlock children over the past 10 years, it appears as though more fathers are taking financial responsibility for their children since the percentage of fathers NOT supporting their children has decreased significantly from nearly one-half in 1978 who offered no support compared to one-quarter in 1988. This increased responsibility was also evident during fiscal year 1988 when it marked the largest percentage of fathers supporting their children (16.5%) compared to any other fiscal years.

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY
FISCAL YEAR 1988
CHARACTERISTICS OF FATHERS *





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SECTION IV

CHARACTERISTICS OF MOTHERS BY AGE

Because 98.0 percent of the mothers who had out of wedlock children were between the ages of 13 and 39, the following discussion will focus on women in this age range. The reader is asked to refer to Tables 26 through 34 for further information on mothers addressed in this section.

Characteristics of Mothers Who Were 13 - 19 Years Old

The majority of single mothers in this age group were white (60.2%). One-fifth (21.3%) were Native American. Three percent (3.1%) were Black, Asian, or "other."

Seven out of ten (70.2%) of the mothers in this age group were attending high school or have a high school education. Six percent (6.1%) have a grade school education. Seven percent (7.0%) had attended or were attending college.

Of the data available for teenage mothers, all were single (never married).

Eleven percent (11.7%) of the teenage mothers were employed and 5.2 percent had plans to work. Six out of ten (61.3%) were unemployed and an additional 3.0 percent did not plan on working.

Over two-thirds (70.7%) of these young mothers did not have any other previous children out of wedlock. Twelve percent (12.4%) had one other child out of wedlock while 1.3 percent of the mothers had two other children born out of wedlock.

Seventy-two percent (72.2%) of the women age 13 through 19 had no other dependents. Seven percent (7.0%) had one to three dependents.

Forty-eight percent (48.7%) of the teenage mothers had no plans for marriage. One out of five (19.8%) intended to marry the father with an additional 2.6 percent planning to live with the father or were currently doing so. Eight percent (8.7%) were undecided. Less than two percent (1.5%) were planning to marry someone other than the father of their child.

In terms of financial support, 30.4 percent of these young mothers were already receiving AFDC while an additional 8.5 percent were applying for it. One-quarter (25.2%) were supported by a relative. Four percent (4.6%) supported themselves, 6.3 percent had other means of support, and .9 percent had no support.

Eighty-nine percent (89.1%) of the mothers between 13 and 19 planned to keep their child. Nine percent (9.6%) decided to have the child adopted. Less than 2 percent (1.3%) of the mothers' plans were unknown.

Characteristics of Mothers Who Were 20 - 29 Years Old

Sixty-one percent (60.9%) of the single mothers in their twenties were white. Twenty-one percent (21.3%) were Native American. Black mothers and mothers of other races accounted for 1.9 percent of the women in this age group.

Less than three percent (2.5%) of the women in their twenties had only a grade school education. Over half (51.9%) had attended high school while over one-quarter (27.4%) were attending or had attended college.

Almost 70 percent (69.8%) of the women between 20 and 29 who had out of wedlock children had never been married. Thirteen percent (13.3%) were divorced and .6 percent widowed.

One out of four (25.3%) of the mothers were employed at the time of their child's birth and another 3.4 percent planned to work. Over half were either not working (49.8%) or had no plans to work (2.6%).

Of the mothers in their twenties, 47.5 percent did not have any other children out of wedlock. Twenty-one percent (21.1%) had had one other child previously when they were single. Fourteen percent (14.7%) had a number of other children out of wedlock ranging from two to seven children.

Before the birth of this child, 45.3 percent of the 20 to 29 year old mothers had no other dependents. Thirty-four percent (34.3%) had dependents ranging in number from one to five.

Forty percent (40.5%) of the women in this age group had no plans to marry. Twenty percent (20.1%) planned to marry the father while 7.6 percent were living with or planned to live with the father. Eleven percent (11.3%) were undecided regarding their marriage plans.

Forty percent (40.7%) of the single mothers in their twenties were already receiving AFDC while an additional 6.1 percent planned to apply for this assistance. Two percent (2.5%) were supported by a relative. Fifteen percent (15.6%) supported themselves.

Ninety-two percent (92.5%) of the women age 20 to 29 planned to keep their child. Five percent (5.6%) released their rights in order for the child to be adopted.

Characteristics of Mothers Who Were 30 - 39 Years Old

Of the women in this age group, six out of ten (60.8%) were white. One out of four (25.0%) were Native American.

Six percent (6.1%) of the mothers age 30 to 39 received only a grade school education while over one-third (37.2%) attended high school. Forty-two percent (41.9%) received an education beyond high school.

A greater percentage of women in this age range have been divorced than in previous age groups. Over one-third (37.2%) of the mothers in

their thirties were divorced. Forty-seven percent (47.3%) had never been married while 4.7 percent were widowed.

Thirty-three percent (33.8%) were employed when they had their child. Another 4.7 percent planned to find work. Forty-two percent (41.9%), however, were not employed with another 2.0 percent having no plans to work.

Forty percent (39.9%) of the women between 30 and 39 years of age did not have any other children born out of wedlock. Forty-six percent (46.8%) did have other children when they were single, ranging from one to eight children.

As to the number of dependents of the mothers in this age group, 29.1 percent did not have any other dependents. Over half (54.1%) of these single mothers age 30 to 39 were responsible for one to eight dependents.

Forty percent (40.5%) of the mothers in their thirties had no marriage plans. Eighteen percent (18.2%) had plans to marry the father of their child and 11.5 percent planned to live with the father.

Thirty-seven percent (37.8%) of these mothers were receiving AFDC when they had their child. An additional 4.1 percent planned to apply for the assistance. None of these mothers in their thirties were supported by a relative while one-quarter (25.0%) supported themselves.

Ninety-six percent (95.9%) of the 30 to 39 year old mothers kept their children while 2.0 percent opted for adoption.

Comparisons/Highlights

It appears the age groups were similar in their breakdown by race. That is, 60 percent of the women were white with one-fifth to one-quarter being Native American.

As to the educational level achieved by the mothers, due to the nature of their ages, it is not surprising to see that as age increased, so too did the years of education.

Also, as age increased, the percentage of women who were divorced increased as well. None of the teenagers were divorced, 13 percent of the 20 to 29 year olds were divorced, and over one-third of the 30 to 39 year olds were divorced.

One out of ten of the teenage mothers were employed as compared to one out of four of the mothers in their twenties and one out of three of the mothers in their thirties. This is not surprising since the majority of the teenagers were probably in school which reduces their employment opportunities. Of significance, however, is that over 40 percent of the remaining mothers were unemployed which raises the question of how they will support themselves and their child.

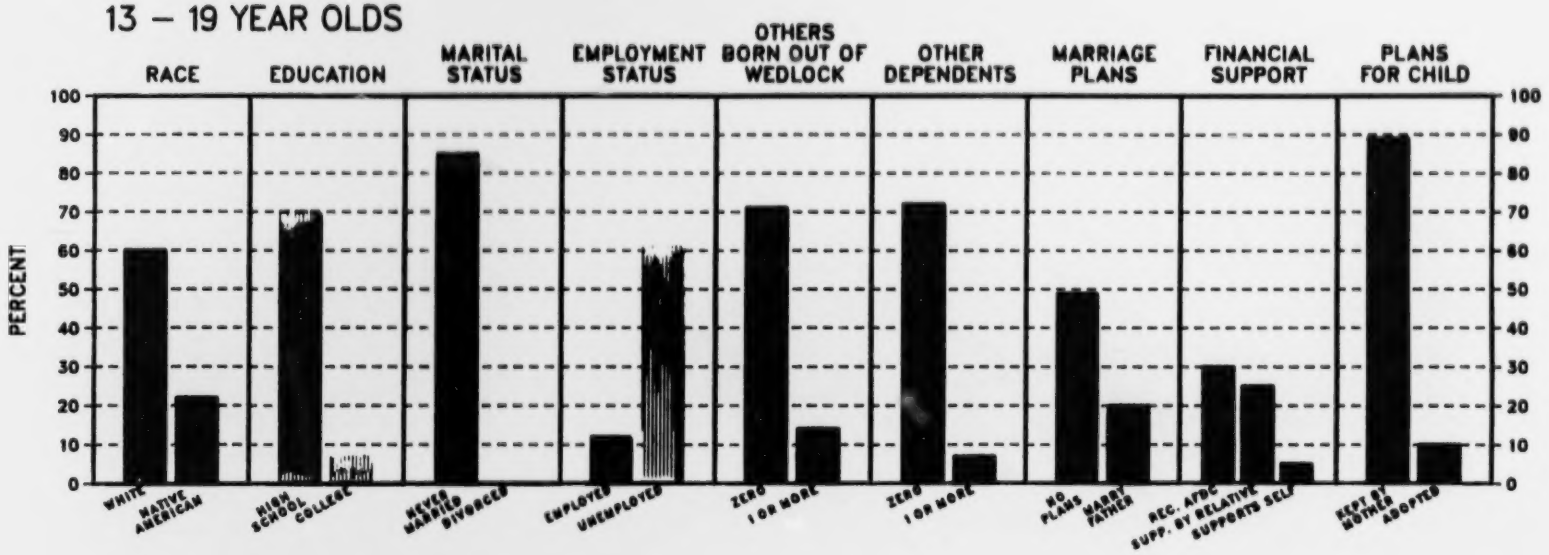
As age increased, the percentage of mothers with other out of wedlock children increased also. However, an astounding 13 percent of the teenage mothers had had another child previsouly out of wedlock. One in three of the mothers in their twenties had other children out of wedlock while nearly half of the mothers in their thirties had given birth to children when they were single. A similar pattern exists for the number of dependents.

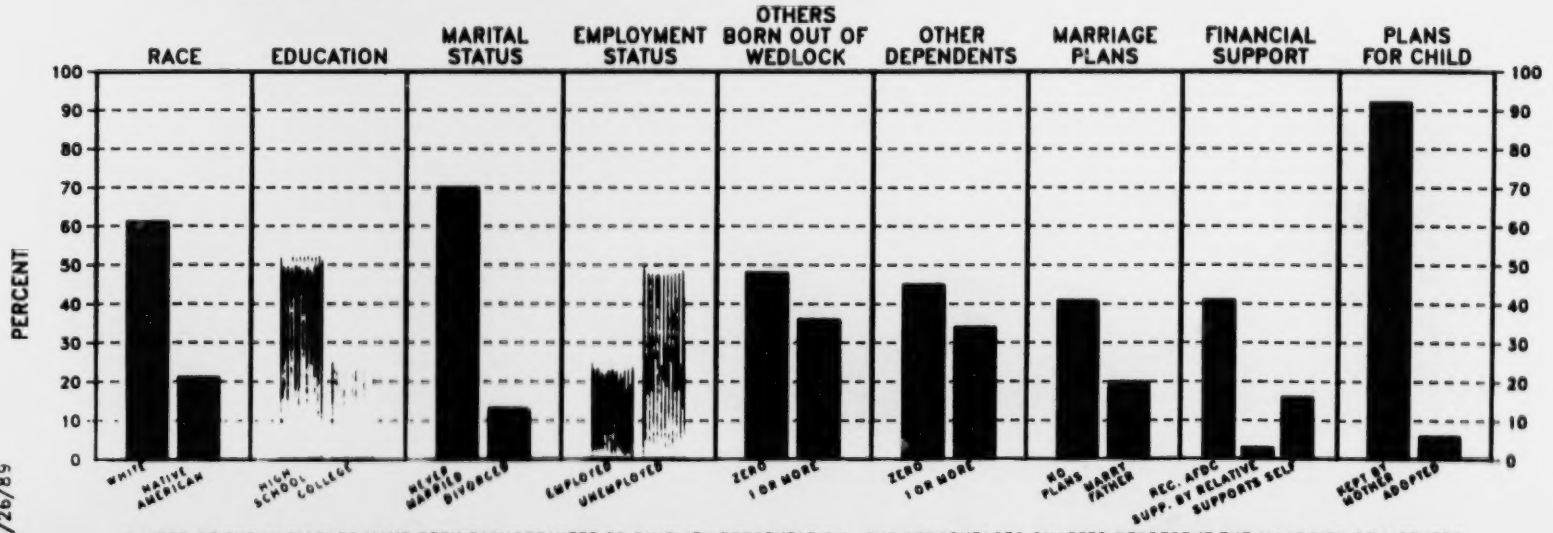
The mothers' marital plans were similar in that 40 percent in each group have no immediate plans to marry and one-fifth do have plans to marry the father. A noticeable difference between the age groups appears regarding the mothers' plans to live with the father of their child. Only two percent of the teenagers plan to do so compared to nearly 12 percent of the mothers in their thirties.

The greatest percentage of the three age groups that received AFDC were the mothers aged 20 to 29 with the 30 year olds having the next greatest percentage. Yet, in terms of applying for AFDC, the teenagers outnumbered the other mothers.

Quite clearly, younger mothers selected adoption for their child more often than older mothers. That is, as the age of the mother increased, so did the percentages of women who kept their child.

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY
FISCAL YEAR 1988
CHARACTERISTICS OF MOTHERS BY AGE *





* MOST OF THE VARIABLES HAVE BEEN DICHOTOMIZED TO SIMPLIFY PRESENTATION. THE PERCENTAGES CHARTED REPRESENT THE MAJORITY OF MOTHERS, I.E. SMALL PERCENTAGES AND UNKNOWN DATA ARE EXCLUDED FROM THE CHART.

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SECTION V

CHARACTERISTICS OF MOTHERS BY RACE

Because 81.9 percent of the mothers were either white or Native American, the following discussion will focus on these two races. The reader is asked to review Tables 35 through 43 for more detail and further information on mothers whose race was Black, Asian, or unknown.

Characteristics of Mothers Whose Race Was White

Slightly less than one-third (31.6%) of the white mothers were teenagers and 56.6 percent were in their twenties. Ten percent (10.3%) of the single mothers who were white were also between the ages of 30 and 39. Less than one percent (.3%) were in their forties.

Two percent (2.6%) of the white mothers had only a grade school education while 64.1 percent were attending or had graduated from high school. Thirty percent (30.2%) had received a college education.

Eighty-two percent (82.0%) of the mothers whose race was white had never been married previously. Sixteen percent (16.1%) were divorced. Less than one percent (.6%) were widowed.

Twenty-nine percent (29.1%) of the white mothers were employed. Over half (55.8%) of the mothers in this race were unemployed with an additional 3.9 percent having no plans to work. Five percent (5.1%) of the mothers planned to work with 1.1 percent undecided.

Over 70 percent (72.3%) of the white mothers did not have any other children born out of wedlock. Seventeen percent (17.8%) had one other child born out of wedlock. Eight percent (8.2%) had other children out of wedlock ranging from two to five children.

Two out of three (68.1%) of the mothers who were white did not have any other dependents. Sixteen percent (16.5%) had one dependent and 10.9 percent had two to five dependents.

Almost half (48.9%) of the white mothers had no marriage plans. One quarter (25.9%) planned to marry the father of their child. An additional 7.5 percent planned to or already were living with the father.

Of the mothers who were white, 41.7 percent were receiving AFDC. Another 8.1 percent were applying for this assistance. Twelve percent (12.2%) received support from a relative. Seventeen percent (17.2%) of this group supported themselves.

As to white mothers' plans for their children, 90.3 percent planned to keep their children. Eight percent (8.3%) released their children for adoption.

Characteristics of Mothers Whose Race Was Native American

Thirty-one percent (31.6%) of the Native American mothers were teenagers. Over half (55.6%) were in their twenties and eleven percent (11.8%) of these mothers were between 30 and 39 years of age.

Almost ten percent (9.9%) of the mothers who were Native American had received only a grade school education. Seventy percent (70.3%) were attending or had attended high school. Fifteen percent (15.7%) had received a college education.

As to the marital status of the Native American mothers, 88.8 percent had never been married. Six percent (6.7%) were divorced and one percent (1.6%) were widowed.

Fifteen percent (15.7%) of the Native American mothers were employed and 3.5 percent had plans to work. Three-quarters (75.7%) were unemployed with an additional 1.3 percent with no plans to work.

For 36.1 percent of the mothers who were Native American, this was their first out of wedlock child. Over 60 percent (61.0%) of the mothers had other children born out of wedlock ranging in number from one to eight.

As to the number of other dependents, 39.3 percent of the Native American mothers have no other dependents. Forty-four percent (44.7%) have dependents ranging from one to eight.

Over half (55.9%) of the Native American mothers had no marriage plans. Fifteen percent (15.3%) planned to marry the father and 8.0 percent planned to or were currently living with him. Thirteen percent (13.7%) were undecided.

Almost half (49.5%) of the mothers who were Native American were receiving AFDC at the time of their child's birth. Another 6.7 percent were applying for it. Eight percent (8.3%) received support from relatives while 8.9 percent supported themselves.

All of the Native American mothers planned to keep their children except for 2.9 percent. One percent (1.6%) elected for the child to be adopted. The plans of the remaining 1.3 percent were unknown.

Comparisons/Highlights

White mothers and Native American mothers who had out of wedlock children were similar in some characteristics and different in others. In terms of age breakdown, the two groups were relatively the same with nearly one-third of the mothers being teenagers, slightly over half in their twenties, and approximately ten percent in their thirties.

The two groups of mothers were also similar in their educational level in terms of those with a high school education. However, a much greater percentage of Native American mothers have only a grade school education

while a much greater percentage of white mothers have attended college compared to their Native American counterparts.

As to marital status, both white mothers and Native American mothers have approximately the same percent of mothers who had never been married. However, sixteen percent of the white mothers were divorced compared to six percent of the Native American mothers.

One major characteristic in which the white and Native American mothers differed was in their employment status. Twenty-nine percent of the white mothers were employed in contrast to fifteen percent of the Native American mothers. Also, slightly over half of the white mothers were unemployed as compared to three-quarters of the Native American mothers.

A greater percentage of Native American mothers have had more children out of wedlock than white mothers. One out of four of the white mothers had other children out of wedlock while three out of five of the Native American mothers had had other children out of wedlock.

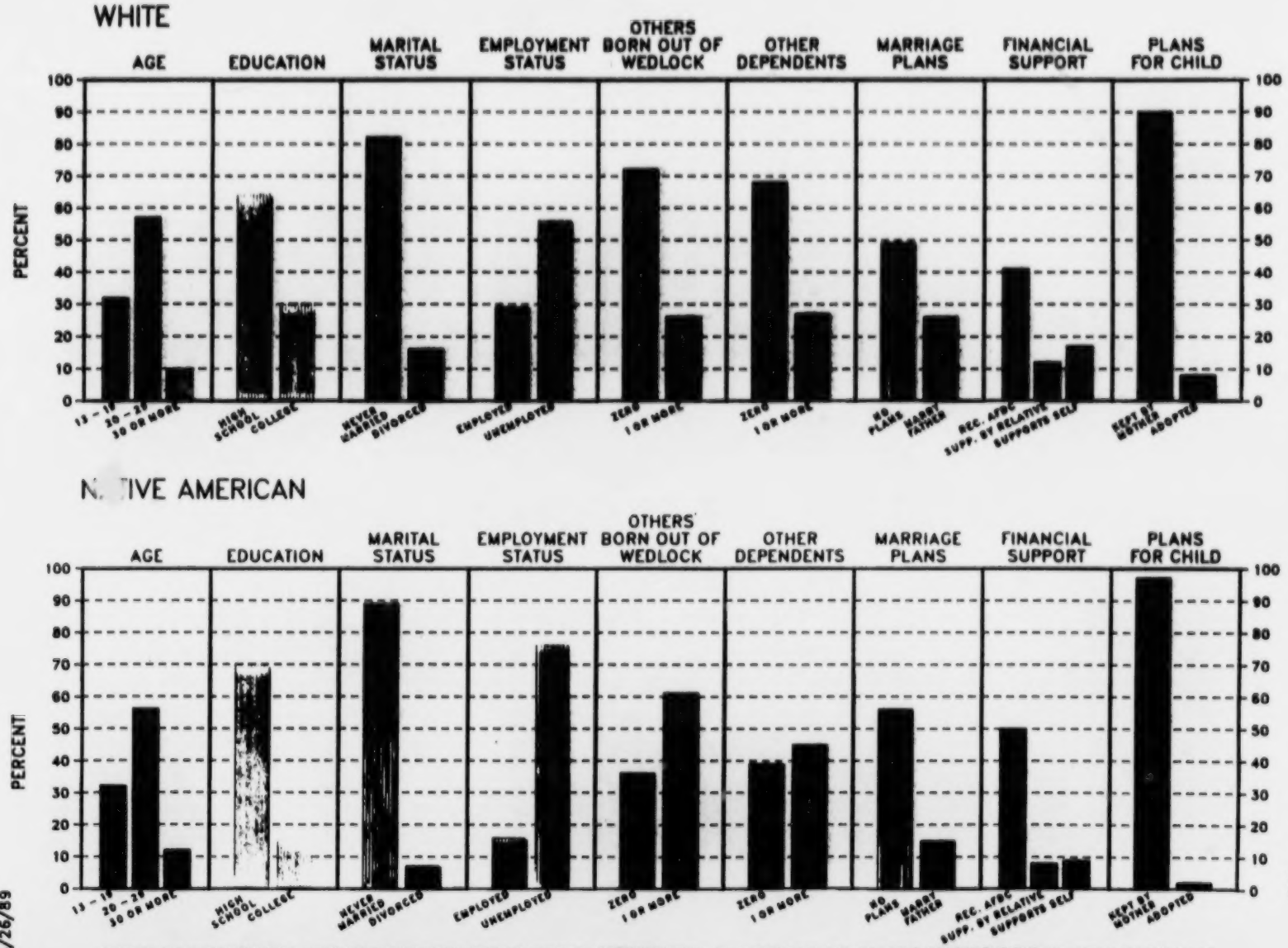
Slightly over one-quarter of the white mothers were responsible for other dependents while 44 percent of the Native American mothers have this responsibility also.

In their plans for marriage, the two groups of mothers were somewhat similar in that around half of the mothers in both races have no marriage plans. They also have similar percentages in terms of living with the father. The biggest difference is that a larger percentage of white mothers planned to marry the father of their child than Native American mothers, 25 and 13 percent respectively.

As to financial support, 41 percent of the mothers who were white were already receiving AFDC. Forty-nine percent of the Native American mothers were receiving this assistance. Nearly the same percentage of both groups, 8 percent and 6 percent, were planning to apply for AFDC. As to being self-supporting, 17 percent of the white mothers supported themselves as did 9 percent of the Native American mothers.

A greater percentage of children born to white mothers were released for adoption than those born to mothers of the Native American race. Eight percent of the white mothers chose adoption in contrast to one percent of the Native American mothers.

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY
FISCAL YEAR 1988
CHARACTERISTICS OF MOTHERS BY RACE *



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SECTION VI

CHARACTERISTICS OF MOTHERS BY MARITAL STATUS

Over 83 percent of the mothers who had children out of wedlock had never married or were divorced. Therefore, the women in these two groups will be included in the following discussion since they account for the majority of the mothers. Tables 44 through 52 provide further detail.

Characteristics of Mothers Who Never Married

Thirty-seven percent (37.5)% of the mothers who had yet to marry were teenagers. Fifty-four percent (54.6%) were in their twenties and 6.7 percent were in their thirties.

Sixty-nine percent (69.0%) of the single (never married) mothers were white and one-quarter (26.7%) were Native American. Less than 4 percent (3.4%) were of other races.

Four percent (4.7%) of the mothers who had not married had a grade school education. Sixty-seven percent (67.9%) were attending or had attended high school. Nearly one-fourth (24.0%) of the women who had never been married had attended college.

Almost one-quarter (24.1%) of the single mothers were employed and an additional 4.7 percent planned to find work. Over 60 percent (63.0%) were not employed with 4.7 percent having no plans to work.

Six out of ten (64.5%) of the mothers who had never been married did not have any other children out of wedlock. Twenty percent (20.8%) had one other child out of wedlock with another 13.0 percent having one to eight other children out of wedlock.

The percentage of dependents of single mothers (never married) is closely related to the percentages of their other children born out of wedlock. For example, 68.5 percent have no other dependents while 14.7 percent have one other dependent. Nine percent (9.5%) of the single mothers had over one dependent.

Over half (52.1%) of the mothers who have never been married also have no plans for marriage. Twenty-three percent (23.3%) plan to marry the father of their child and an additional 6.9 percent planned to or were currently living with the father.

Forty-one percent (41.3%) of the single mothers received AFDC. Eight percent (8.5%) planned to apply for this aid. Thirteen percent (12.9%) received support from a relative and 14.6 percent supported themselves.

Ninety-one percent (91.6%) of the children who were born to mothers who have never married were kept by them. Seven percent (7.2%) of the mothers placed their child for adoption.

Characteristics of Mothers Who Were Divorced

None of the divorced mothers were teenagers. Almost two-thirds (65.1%) were in their twenties and one-third (33.1%) were in their thirties. One percent (1.8%) were over forty years of age.

Eighty-five percent (84.9%) of the divorced mothers were white. Twelve percent (12.7%) were Native American. Two percent (2.4%) were of other or unknown races.

In terms of educational level achieved, 4.2 percent of the mothers who were divorced had a grade school education. Over half (53.0%) had attended high school while nearly 40 percent (39.8%) of the divorced mothers had a college education.

Almost one-third (32.5%) of the divorced mothers were employed while over half (54.8%) were not. Almost 5 percent (4.8%) planned to find work. Three percent (3.6%) had no such plans.

Fifty-six percent (56.6%) of divorced mothers had not given birth to other children out of wedlock. However, nearly one-quarter (24.7%) had one other child out of wedlock. The number of other children born out of wedlock to divorced mothers ranged from two to five for 16.8 percent of the mothers.

A major shift occurred for divorced mothers in terms of dependents. It was noted previously the majority of divorced women have not had other children out of wedlock. However, 72.3 percent of the mothers who were divorced were responsible for one to eight dependents, more than likely children from their marriage.

Forty-three percent (43.4%) of the divorced mothers had no intention to marry after the birth of their child. Yet, nearly one-quarter (24.1%) in this marital category did have plans to marry the father. Nine percent (9.0%) were living with the father or expected to do so.

Over 57 percent (57.8%) of the mothers who had been married before were receiving AFDC. An additional 4.2 percent planned to apply for it. Seventeen percent (17.5%) supported themselves.

Only 1.8 percent of the divorced mothers who had out of wedlock children released their parental rights in order for the children to be adopted. All the other divorced mothers kept their children except for .6 percent whose plans were unknown.

Comparisons/Highlights

Mothers of out of wedlock children who have never married and mothers who were divorced were more similar than different. Although there were more teenage single mothers than divorced mothers and more divorced mothers in their thirties than single mothers, over half in each marital group were in their twenties.

The single and divorced mothers' distribution between the races differed in that there was a much greater percentage of divorced mothers who were white than Native American mothers. Also, there was a greater percentage of Native American mothers who never married compared to Native American mothers who married and then divorced.

Four percent of both single and divorced mothers have only a grade school education. Over one-third of divorced mothers have attended college compared to one-quarter of their counterparts who have never married.

Nearly one-third of the divorced mothers were employed in contrast to one-fourth of the single mothers. However, over half in each group were unemployed.

The number of other children born out of wedlock was somewhat similar for mothers who had never married or for those who were divorced. Well over half of each group had not had any other children out of wedlock. However, divorced women did have a greater percentage of children out of wedlock than did single women.

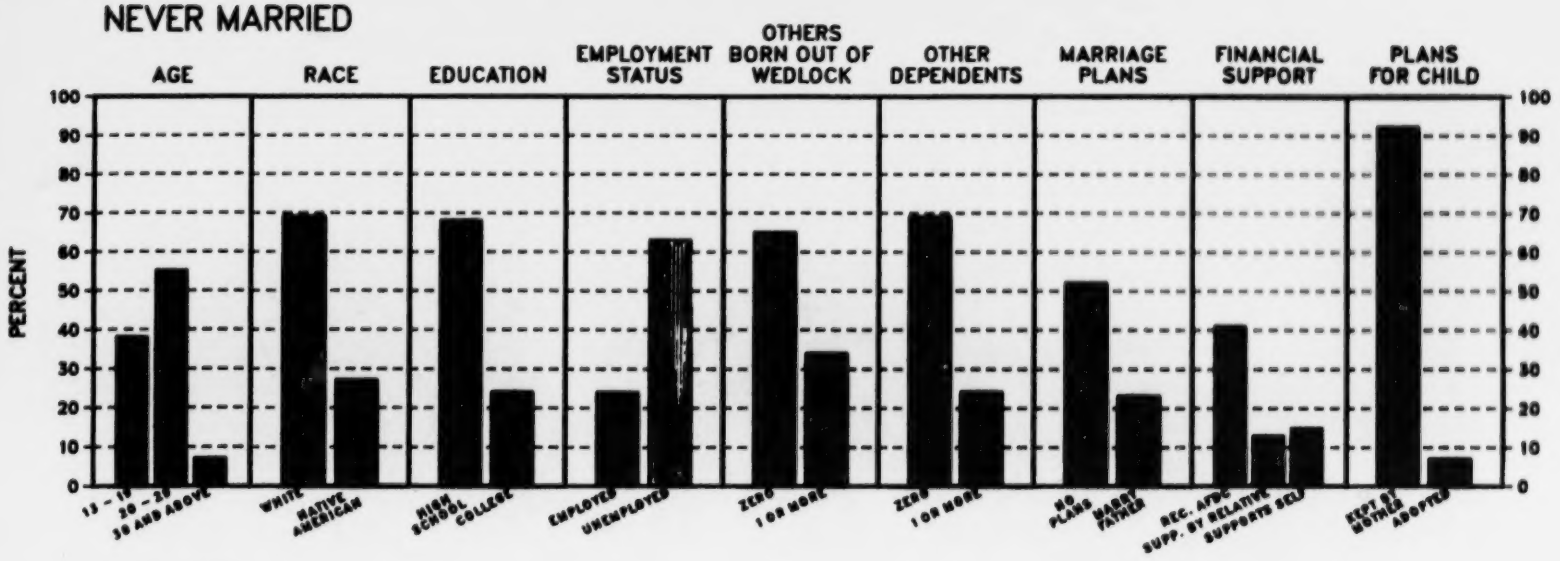
The most glaring difference between mothers who never married and those who were divorced appears in the number of dependents. Two out of three of the single mothers had no dependents in contrast to seven out of ten of the divorced mothers who did have other dependents. This suggests the vast majority of divorced women had children when they were married and were still responsible for them.

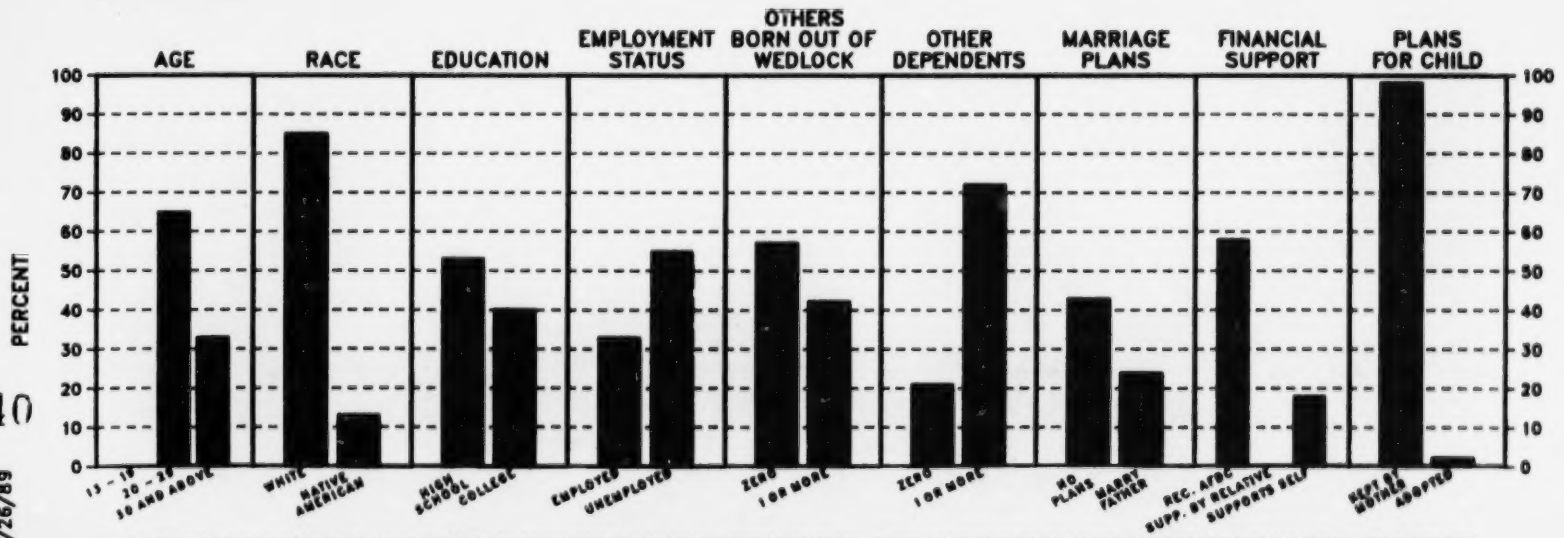
Over half of the mothers who were single were planning to remain so in comparison to 43 percent of the the divorced mothers. Mothers who had never married and divorced mothers had nearly the same percentage (23-24 percent) in terms of plans to marry the father of their child.

Fifty-seven percent of the divorced mothers were receiving AFDC in comparison to 41 percent of the single mothers receiving the same assistance. Yet, 8 percent of the latter group were applying for AFDC compared to 4 percent of the divorced mothers. Thirteen percent of the mothers who were single were receiving support from a relative in contrast to none of the divorced mothers. Fourteen to 17 percent of both groups of mothers supported themselves.

Over 91 percent of both never married mothers and divorced mothers kept their out of wedlock children. However, single mothers were more apt to have their children adopted than were divorced mothers.

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY
FISCAL YEAR 1988
CHARACTERISTICS OF MOTHERS BY MARITAL STATUS *





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SECTION VII

CHARACTERISTICS OF MOTHERS BY EDUCATION

Because over three-fourths of the mothers had educational levels of high school or college, characteristics of these groups will be highlighted below. Tables 53 through 61 provide greater detail for the reader.

Characteristics of Mothers Who Attended High School

Thirty-nine percent (39.8%) of the mothers with a high school education were teenagers. Fifty-two percent (52.2%) of the high school educated mothers were in their twenties and 6.9 percent were over the age of thirty.

Sixty-nine percent (69.3%) of the mothers who attended high school were white while over one-quarter (27.1%) of the high school educated mothers were Native American.

Eighty-seven percent (87.3%) of the mothers with high school educations have never been married. Eleven percent (10.9%) of this group were divorced and one percent (.9%) were widowed.

One-fifth (20.2%) of the mothers who attended high school were employed with 5.7 percent planning to work. Over two-thirds (67.2%) of the high school educated mothers were unemployed and 3.3 percent planned to remain unemployed.

Sixty-two percent (62.5%) of the high school educated mothers have not had any other children out of wedlock. Twenty-two percent (22.1%) have had one other child born out of wedlock while 14.5 percent of the mothers in this educational category have had from two to eight other out of wedlock children.

The percentages of dependents of high school educated mothers were similar to the percentages of the number of other children born out of wedlock. That is, 61.8 percent of the mothers did not have any other dependents while 31.2 percent had from one to eight dependents.

One-half (50.6%) of the mothers who attended high school did not plan to marry while nearly one-fourth (24.2%) plan to marry the father of their child. Seven percent (7.6%) decided to live with the father while 13.2 percent were undecided.

Forty-five percent (45.4%) of the mothers whose highest educational level was high school received AFDC while an additional 8.3 percent were applying for it. Thirteen percent (13.7%) were supported by relatives and 11.2 percent supported themselves.

Ninety-three percent (93.5%) of the mothers with some level of high school education kept their child. Five percent (5.4%) of this group decided to have their child adopted.

Characteristics of Mothers Who Attended College

Ten percent (9.9%) of the mothers who attended college were in their teens. Sixty-nine percent (69.3%) of the college educated mothers were in their twenties while another 19.3 percent were in their thirties.

Eighty-two percent (82.3%) of the college educated mothers were white and 15.2 percent of the mothers were Native American.

Three out of four (77.6%) of the mothers in this educational group had never married, whereas 20.5 percent had been married previously. One percent (.9%) were widowed.

The college educated mothers were almost equally divided between those employed (42.9%) and those not employed (46.3%). Two percent (2.2%) had no plans to find work while 3.4 percent planned to work.

Seven out of ten (70.8%) of the mothers with a college education have had no other children out of wedlock. Nineteen percent (19.6%) had one other child out of wedlock. Another 8.7 percent have had one to three children out of wedlock.

Sixty-two percent (62.1%) of the mothers who attended college had no other dependents. Eighteen percent (18.6%) had one dependent and 15.2 percent had two to five dependents.

Forty-eight percent (48.1%) of the college educated mothers had no plans for marriage. One-quarter (26.1%) planned to marry the father and 8.1 percent planned to live with him. Eleven percent (10.9%) were undecided.

Thirty-eight percent (38.2%) of the mothers with a college education were receiving AFDC. Another 7.5 percent planned to apply for this assistance. Four percent (4.7%) of this educated group received support from a relative while 28.6 percent supported themselves.

Ninety percent (90.1%) of the mothers in this group kept their children while 9.3 percent planned to release their children for adoption.

Comparison/Highlights

Due to the nature of the age variable, it is not surprising that there were a greater number of teenagers who attended high school than teenagers in college. Also, a greater percentage of college educated women were in their twenties than high school educated mothers.

Seven out of ten of the high school educated mothers were white and eight out of ten of the college educated mothers were white also. Conversely, one out of four of the mothers with a high school education were Native American with only one out of seven of the college educated mothers being Native American.

Over 75 percent of both high school and college educated mothers had never married. A greater percentage of mothers who attended college were divorced than the mothers who had received a high school education.

Mothers with out of wedlock children who received a college education were more apt to be employed than the mothers with high school educations. And, a greater percentage of high school educated mothers were unemployed than their college educated counterparts.

As to the number of other children born out of wedlock, the two groups of educated mothers were somewhat similar. Over 60 percent of the high school educated mothers had no prior children out of wedlock as did 71 percent of the college mothers. Approximately 20 percent of both groups of mothers had one other child out of wedlock with another 8-13 percent with more than one child.

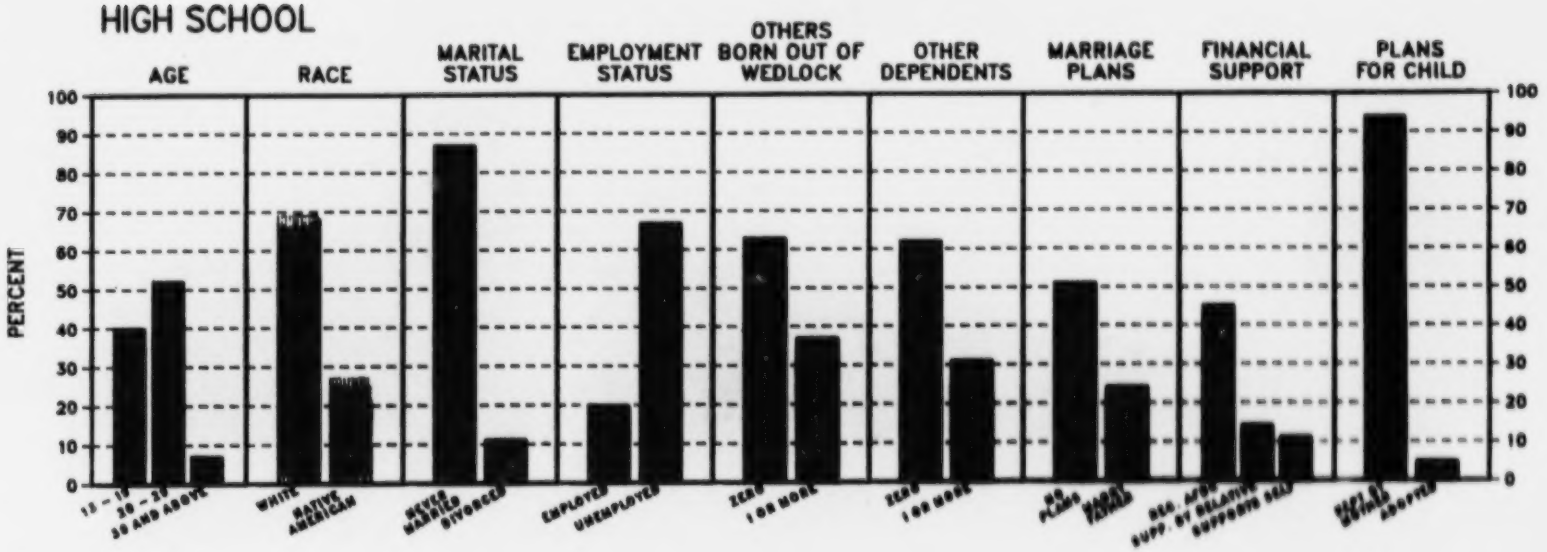
High school educated mothers and college educated mothers had very nearly the same percentage of dependents, 31 and 33 percent respectively.

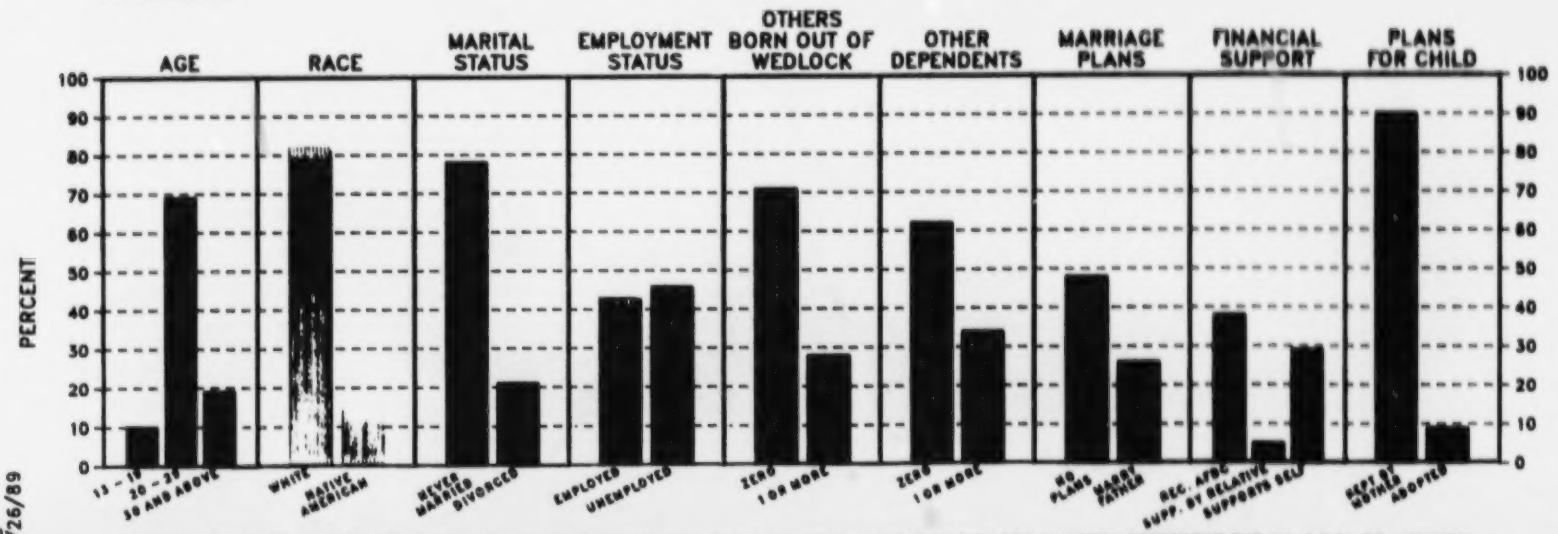
The two educational groups also were similar in their plans for marriage with about half of both the high school educated mothers and college educated mothers planning not to marry.

College educated mothers were more financially independent than mothers with a high school education. Slightly less than half of the high school educated mothers were receiving AFDC and an additional 5 percent planned to apply for it. Less than 40 percent of the college educated mothers were receiving AFDC and 7.5 percent were planning to apply for the aid. Also in terms of financial independence, over one-fourth of the college educated mothers supported themselves in contrast to one-tenth of the high school educated mothers.

Over 90 percent of the mothers regardless of their education kept their child. Five percent of the mothers with a high school education and nine percent with a college education opted for their children to be adopted.

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY
FISCAL YEAR 1988
CHARACTERISTICS OF MOTHERS BY EDUCATION *





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SECTION VIII

CHARACTERISTICS OF MOTHERS BY FINANCIAL SUPPORT

Two-thirds of the mothers were reported as receiving financial support from four major sources which are discussed below. For a greater detail of percentages and other financial sources, Tables 62 through 70 are provided in the Tables section.

Characteristics of Mothers Who Were Receiving AFDC

Slightly over one-fourth (26.2%) of the mothers receiving AFDC were teenagers. Over 60 percent (61.8%) were in their twenties with another 10.5 percent between 30 and 39 years of age.

Two-thirds (67.6%) of those receiving AFDC were white and almost 30 percent (29.0%) were Native American.

Three-quarters (74.1%) of the mothers who received AFDC payments have a high school education or less. Slightly over one-fifth (23.0%) were college educated.

Four out of five (80.5%) of AFDC recipients with children out of wedlock had never been married and 18.0 percent were divorced.

As to unemployment status and mothers receiving AFDC, three out of four (75.7%) of the mothers receiving AFDC payments were not employed. Twelve percent (12.0%) were employed.

Forty-five percent (45.3%) of the mothers currently receiving AFDC also had previous children out of wedlock. Fifty-three percent (53.4%) did not have any other children born out of wedlock.

Before the birth of their child, 50.7 percent of the mothers receiving AFDC did not have any other dependents, most likely mothers who were pregnant would fit this category. Forty-six percent (46.1%) had other dependents ranging in number from one to eight.

Over half (54.1%) of the mothers receiving AFDC had no marriage plans. Twenty-one percent (21.2%) planned to marry the father of their child and 4.9 percent planned to live with him.

Ninety-four percent (94.6%) of the mothers receiving AFDC planned to keep their child. Five percent (4.9%) released the child for adoption.

Characteristics of Mothers Who Were Applying for AFDC

Forty percent (40.6%) of the mothers applying for AFDC were teenagers. Over half (52.1%) were mothers in their twenties and 6.3 percent were over the age of thirty.

Nearly three-quarters (74.0%) of those applying for AFDC assistance were white. One-fifth (21.9%) were Native American.

Three out of four (75.0%) of the mothers applying for AFDC had received a high school education or less. One quarter (25.0%) had attended college.

Ninety-two percent (92.7%) of the mothers applying for AFDC were single and 7.3 percent were divorced.

Over one-quarter (26.0%) of the mothers applying for assistance through the AFDC program were employed. Two-thirds (66.7%) were not working and an additional 2.1 percent had no plans to find work.

Three-quarters (76.0%) of the mothers in this assistance category did not have any other children born out of wedlock. Twenty-three percent (23.8%) had one to three other children out of wedlock.

Seventy-eight percent (78.1%) of the mothers who planned to or were applying for AFDC did not have any other dependents. Eighteen percent (18.7%) had other dependents ranging in number from one to four.

Almost 70 percent (69.8%) of the mothers had no marriage plans. Sixteen percent (16.7%) planned to marry the father while less than 8.3 percent planned to live with him.

Ninety-five percent (95.8%) of the mothers planned to keep their child and apply for AFDC. Two percent (2.1%) planned for their child to be adopted.

Characteristics of Mothers Supported by a Relative

Eighty-five percent (85.3%) of the mothers supported by a relative were teenagers while another 14.7 percent were in their twenties.

Seventy-eight percent (78.7%) who received support from relatives were white. Nineteen percent (19.1%) were Native American.

Nearly 90 percent (89.0%) of the mothers supported by a relative have either a grade school or high school education. Eleven percent (11.0%) had attended or were attending college.

All but 1.4 percent of the mothers who were supported by a relative had never been married.

Seventeen percent (16.9%) of the mothers were employed. Three out of four were not employed (72.1%) or not planning to find work (2.9%).

Nine out of ten (91.9%) of the mothers supported by a relative had not had any other children out of wedlock. Six percent (6.6%) had had one other child out of wedlock and 1.5 percent with more than one.

Ninety-four percent (94.1%) of the mothers who received support from a relative also did not have any other dependents. Four percent (4.4%) had one to two dependents.

Almost 60 percent (59.6%) of those supported by a relative also had no plans for marriage. One-quarter (25.7%) did plan to marry the father with another 2.2 percent living with him.

Eighty-nine percent (89.0%) of the mothers chose to keep their child. However, 11.0 percent of the mothers supported by a relative released their child for adoption.

Characteristics of Mothers Who Supported Themselves

Eleven percent (11.2%) of the mothers who supported themselves were teenagers. Two-thirds (67.6%) of the mothers who were able to support themselves were in their twenties. Nearly one-fifth (19.7%) were between 30 and 39 years of age.

Eighty percent (80.3%) of the self-supporting mothers were white while 14.9 percent in this category were Native American.

Clearly, a college education assists the mothers in supporting themselves since 48.9 percent of the self-supporting mothers had received a college education. An additional 48.4 percent had attended high school.

Eighty-one percent (80.9%) of the mothers supporting themselves had never been married. Fifteen percent (15.4%) were divorced and 2.7 percent widowed.

Eighty-two percent (81.9%) of the mothers who were self-supporting were also employed. Twelve percent (12.8%) had other means of self-sufficiency than employment.

Over 70 percent (73.9%) of the mothers who supported themselves had not had any other children born out of wedlock while nearly one-fourth (24.5%) had one or more children out of wedlock.

Seven out of ten (70.7%) of the self-supporting mothers did not have any other dependents. One-fifth (21.3%) had one or two other dependents and 4.7 percent had three to six dependents.

Forty percent (39.9%) of the mothers who supported themselves also had no plans to marry the father of their child, whereas 28.2 percent did have plans to marry. Eleven percent (11.7%) planned to live with the father and 17.0 percent were undecided.

Of the mothers who supported themselves, 95.2 percent planned to keep their child. Four percent (4.3%) planned to have their child adopted.

Comparisons/Highlights

Of the four major means of financial support of mothers with out of wedlock children, clearly those who were supported by relatives were teenagers and those who supported themselves were in their twenties. As to the mothers who were already receiving AFDC, over 60 percent were in their twenties while over half of the mothers applying for this assistance were also in their twenties.

As the degree of self-sufficiency increased from mothers who received AFDC to those who were self-supporting, the percentage of Native Americans in these areas decreased accordingly.

Over three-quarters of the mothers in each group that relied upon assistance from others had a high school education or less. In contrast, almost 50 percent of the mothers who supported themselves have attended college.

The percentage of mothers who received AFDC and were divorced was very nearly the same percentage as mothers who were self-sufficient and divorced, 18 and 15 percent respectively. These percentages are in contrast to the less than 7 percent of divorced mothers who were applying for AFDC assistance. However, the marital status of the majority of all the mothers, regardless of the financial assistance they received, was single (never married).

As self-sufficiency increased, so did the percentages of mothers employed. And, concomitantly, as self-sufficiency decreased, the percentages of unemployed mothers increased. For example, 75 percent of the mothers receiving AFDC were unemployed in contrast to 12 percent of the self-supporting mothers.

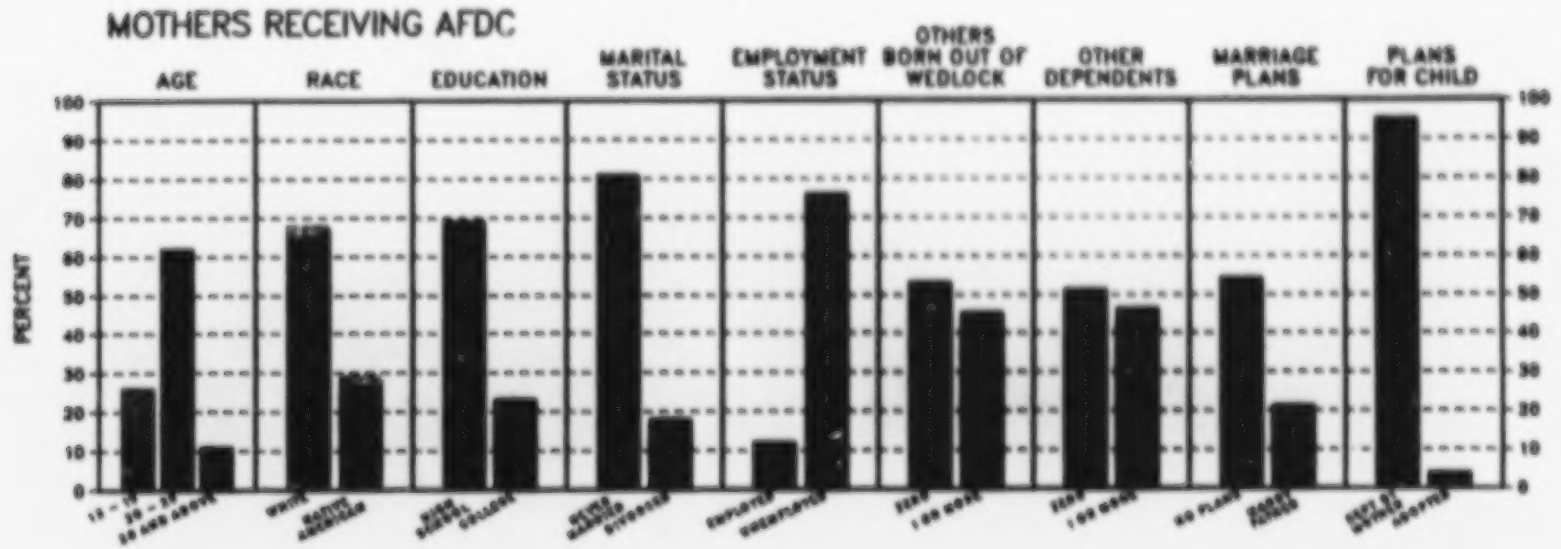
Of the four means of financial assistance presented, the greatest percentage of mothers with other children born out of wedlock were the ones currently receiving AFDC. The next largest percentages of mothers with other out of wedlock children were those who were self-sufficient followed closely by mothers who were planning to apply for AFDC. Eight percent of the mothers receiving support from a relative have had other children out of wedlock.

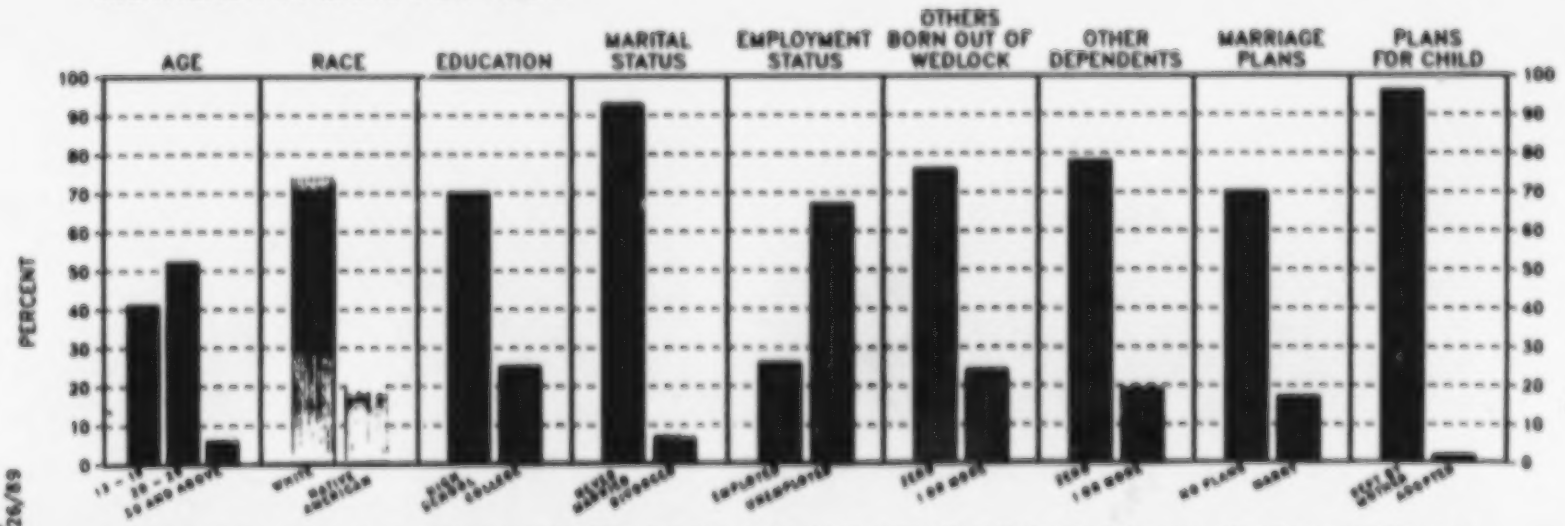
This same pattern follows for the mothers with other dependents. That is, the largest percentage of mothers receiving AFDC also had the greatest percentage of dependents.

As reliance on AFDC or a relative decreased, the percentages of mothers who planned to marry the father or live with him increased. In other words, a greater percentage of those mothers who were self-supporting had marriage plans or a commitment to live with the father of their child. Over half of the mothers who received financial support from others had no plans to marry.

Over 94 percent of mothers receiving AFDC, applying for it, or who were self-supporting were keeping their child. The greatest percentage of mothers who had their children adopted were those mothers supported by a relative.

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY
FISCAL YEAR 1988
CHARACTERISTICS OF MOTHERS BY SOURCES OF FINANCIAL SUPPORT *





* MOST OF THE VARIABLES HAVE BEEN DICHOTOMIZED TO SIMPLIFY PRESENTATION. THE PERCENTAGES CHARTED REPRESENT THE MAJORITY OF MOTHERS, I.E., SMALL PERCENTAGES AND UNKNOWN DATA ARE EXCLUDED FROM THE CHART.

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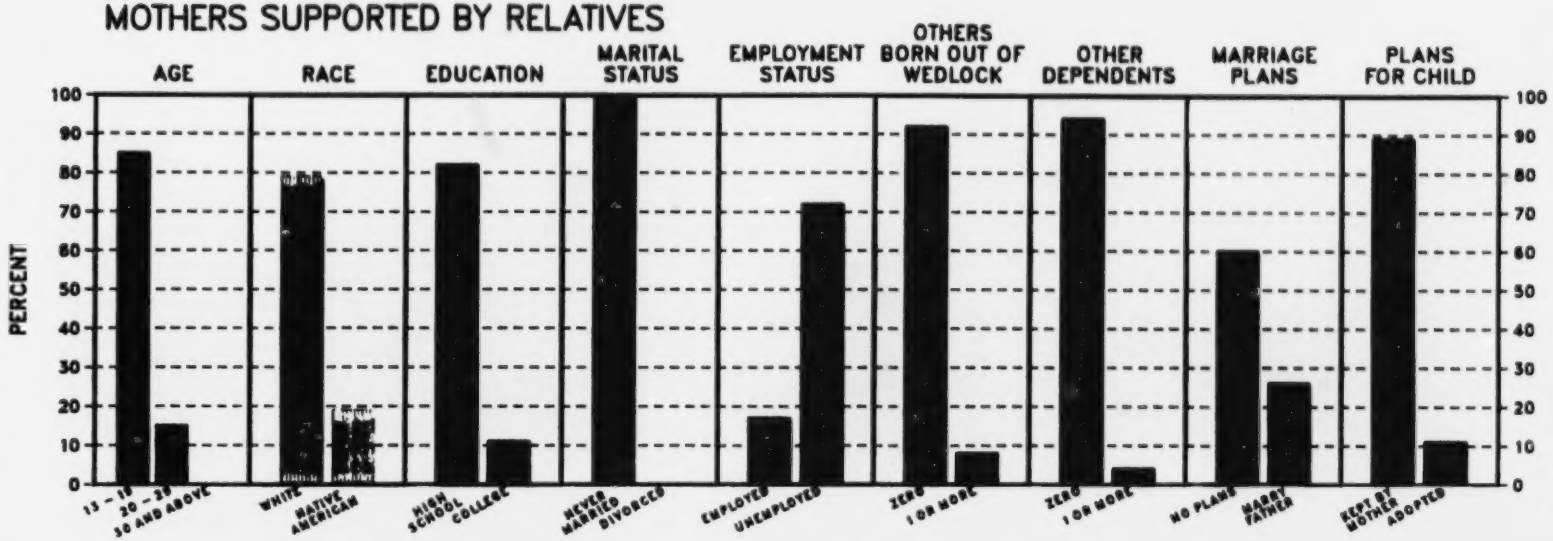
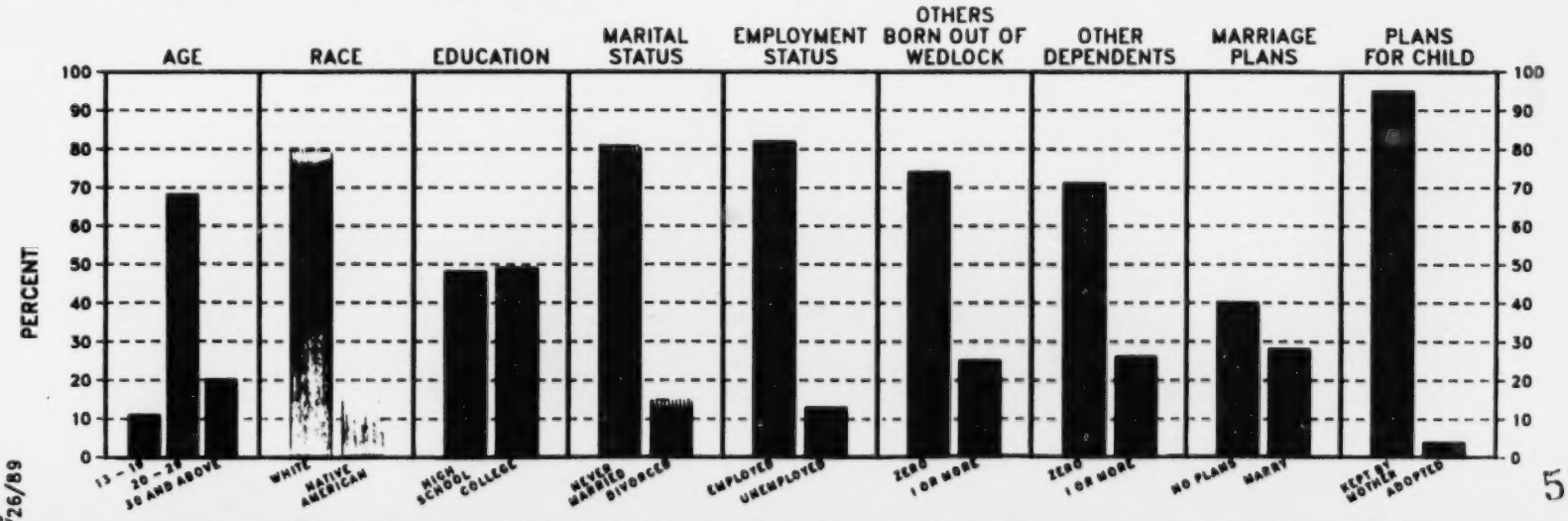
SECTION VIII SUMMARY CHART (A)

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY
FISCAL YEAR 1988
CHARACTERISTICS OF MOTHERS BY SOURCES OF FINANCIAL SUPPORT *

MOTHERS SUPPORTED BY RELATIVES



MOTHERS WHO SUPPORT SELVES



* MOST OF THE VARIABLES HAVE BEEN DICHOTOMIZED TO SIMPLIFY PRESENTATION. THE PERCENTAGES CHARTED REPRESENT THE MAJORITY OF MOTHERS, I.E., SMALL PERCENTAGES AND UNKNOWN DATA ARE EXCLUDED FROM THE CHART.

SECTION VIII SUMMARY CHART (B)

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SECTION IX

MOTHERS RECEIVING/APPLYING FOR AFDC

Brief Summary

Because this section is a subset of the section previously discussed, Tables 71 through 79 will not be analyzed in detail; however, they are provided for the reader's perusal in the Tables section. Briefly, the characteristics of the mothers who were receiving AFDC at the time of their child's birth or who were applying for it follow.

Utilizing the largest percentages to develop a profile, it appears mothers who were receiving AFDC were in their twenties, were white, had attended high school, had never married, were not employed, had not had other children born out of wedlock nor any other dependents, had no plans for marriage, and planned to keep their child.

As for the mothers who planned to apply for AFDC, a description based upon the simple majority suggests that these mothers had the same characteristics of the mothers already receiving AFDC.

Although the characteristics of both groups were the same, the percentages themselves differ in some instances, especially in regards to divorced mothers, employed mothers, and the number of other children born out of wedlock and the number of dependents.

Percent of Mothers Receiving or Applying for AFDC: Fiscal Years 1979 - 1988 (Chart E)

Chart E suggests that the percent of mothers utilizing AFDC when their children were born has decreased since 1979 although there has been an upward trend since fiscal year 1986. In fact, this year's percentage of mothers receiving AFDC (36.8%) is the highest since fiscal year 1981. On the other hand, the percentage of mothers this year who planned to apply for AFDC (6.6%) is the smallest percentage since 1979. Overall, the combined percentages of the mothers receiving AFDC and those who plan to apply for it has remained relatively stable for the last six years at 39-43 percent of all the mothers who have out of wedlock children.

Financial Impact on AFDC Due to Births Out of Wedlock (1)

A) Estimated AFDC payments BEFORE birth for mothers already receiving AFDC payments.

To estimate the amount of AFDC payments made before the birth of their child to mothers included in this study, the data provided in Table 77 were used. According to the table, 534 mothers were receiving AFDC payments at the time they gave birth. Using the AFDC monthly payment standard for one caretaker, the table which follows provides an indication of the amount of money put forth by the AFDC program for one month to these mothers.

The reader should note that the table is representative of the mothers' situation before the birth of their child. For instance, the column headed "Zero" means the mother was pregnant, had no other dependents, and was receiving AFDC payments.

NUMBER OF DEPENDENTS BEFORE BIRTH OF OUT OF WEDLOCK CHILD*

	Zero	One	Two	Three	Four	Five	Six	Seven	Eight	Total
Monthly Payment for one Caretaker	$209	313	386	472	537	592	631	671	711	
Number of Mothers	271	123	56	40	16	9	0	1	1	517
Total	$56,639	18,499	21,616	18,880	8,592	5,328	0	671	711	$150,936

* Seventeen unknown.

B) Estimated AFDC payments AFTER birth for mothers already receiving AFDC payments.

If those same mothers who were receiving AFDC at the time they gave birth were to continue to receive AFDC payments, the amount of AFDC payments provided to mothers of out of wedlock children on a monthly basis would be $196,075. In comparison to the previous table, the following table reflects the addition of one child since the grant would take place after the birth.

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(1) These figures do not include any reduction in payments due to other sources of income such as child support or employment.

NUMBER OF DEPENDENTS AFTER BIRTH OF OUT OF WEDLOCK CHILD*

	One	Two	Three	Four	Five	Six	Seven	Eight	Nine	Total
Monthly Payment for one Caretaker	$313	386	472	537	592	631	671	711	751	
Number of Mothers	271	123	56	40	16	9	0	1	1	534
Total	$84,823	47,478	26,432	21,480	9,472	5,679	0	711	751	$196,075

* Seventeen unknown.

C) Estimated AFDC payments for mothers who planned to apply for AFDC.

Another financial consideration for the AFDC program would be the number of mothers who planned to apply for AFDC once their child was born. Using the same monthly payment standard and the number of dependents (with the addition of one to represent the newborn since the mother was applying after the birth), the table below estimates what the amount of the AFDC payments in one month would be if all the mothers who planned to apply did apply and were eligible.

MOTHERS WHO PLANNED TO APPLY FOR AFDC AND
NUMBER OF DEPENDENTS AFTER THE BIRTH OF OUT OF WEDLOCK CHILD

	One	Two	Three	Four	Five	Total
Monthly Payment for one Caretaker	$313	386	472	537	592	
Number of Mothers	75	14	1	1	2	93
Total	$23,475	5,404	4722	537	1,184	$31,072

* Three unknown.

Summary of Financial Impact

It is estimated that if these births out of wedlock had not occurred in fiscal year 1988, the AFDC program would have saved $133,601 a month. The reader should note that these figures do not include any reduction in assistance due to other sources of income.

ESTIMATED MONTHLY ADDITIONAL COSTS TO AFDC PROGRAM
DUE TO BIRTHS OF OUT OF WEDLOCK CHILDREN (2)

New payments (due to out of wedlock children after birth): This represents payments to mothers who previously had no other dependents. Consequently, if they had not had the child, they would not be receiving payments.	$84,823
Additional payments to mothers already receiving AFDC: This represents the difference in payments before and after the birth of out of wedlock children for mothers already receiving AFDC payments for other dependents. (3)	17,706
Payments for mothers who planned to apply for AFDC after the birth of their child:	31,072
TOTAL	$133,601

In sum, if there were no more AFDC mothers who gave birth to out of wedlock children and no more children born out of wedlock to mothers who planned to apply for AFDC, North Dakota could possibly save up to 1.6 million dollars a year.

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(2) These calculations do not include grant payments to mothers who were pregnant because this time period is not consistent and would skew the results.

(3)

Number of Children Before		After	Payments BEFORE Birth	Payments AFTER Birth	Additional Payments
1	to	2	38,499	47,478	8,979
2	to	3	21,616	26,432	4,816
3	to	4	18,880	21,480	2,600
4	to	5	8,592	9,472	880
5	to	6	5,328	5,679	351
6	to	7	0	0	0
7	to	8	671	711	40
8	to	9	711	751	40
					$17,706

TABLES

TABLE 1

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

RESIDENCE OF MOTHER

RESIDENCE OF MOTHER	BIRTHS	
	NUMBER	PERCENT
ADAMS	6	0.4
BARNES	17	1.2
BENSON	88	6.1
BILLINGS	3	0.2
BOTTINEAU	14	1.0
BOWMAN	4	0.3
BURKE	4	0.3
BURLEIGH	88	6.1
CASS	175	12.1
CAVALIER	3	0.2
DICKEY	2	0.1
DIVIDE	9	0.3
DUNN	8	0.6
EDDY	5	0.3
EMMONS	4	0.3
FOSTER	3	0.2
GOLDEN VALLEY	6	0.4
GRAND FORKS	122	8.4
GRANT	1	0.1
GRIGGS	3	0.2
HETTINGER	4	0.3
KIDDER	1	0.1
LAMOURE	4	0.3
LOGAN	1	0.1
MCHENRY	6	0.4
MCINTOSH	2	0.1
MCKENZIE	27	1.9
MCLEAN	18	1.2
MERCER	10	0.7
MORTON	43	3.0
MOUNTRAIL	17	1.2
OLIVER	2	0.1
PEMBINA	8	0.6
PIERCE	10	0.7
RAMSEY	45	3.1
RANSOM	6	0.4
RENVILLE	2	0.1
RICHLAND	2	0.1
ROLETTE	108	7.4
SIOUX	27	1.9
STARK	31	2.1
STEELE	1	0.1
STUTSMAN	37	2.5
TOWNER	5	0.3
TRAILL	6	0.4
WALSH	33	2.3
WARD	131	9.0
WELLS	6	0.4
WILLIAMS	46	3.2
OTHER STATES	249	17.1
UNKNOWN	3	0.2
TOTAL	1452	100.0

TABLE 2

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

PLACE OF BIRTH BY OUT OF STATE RESIDENCY OF MOTHER

BIRTH LOCATION	RESIDENCE OF MOTHER							
	MINNESOTA		MONTANA		S. DAKOTA		OTHER STATES	
	NUMBER	PERCENT	NUMBER	PERCENT	NUMBER	PERCENT	NUMBER	PERCENT
ADAMS	.	.	1	2.7	4	25.0	.	.
BURLEIGH	.	.	1	2.7	11	68.8	.	.
CASS	132	68.8	.	.	1	6.3	.	.
GOLDEN VALLEY	.	.	1	2.7	.	.	.	.
GRAND FORKS	58	30.2	.	.	.	.	.	.
MCKENZIE	.	.	1	2.7	.	.	.	.
STUTSMAN	1	0.5	.	.	.	.	.	.
WALSH	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	25.0
WARD	1	0.5	1	2.7	.	.	2	50.0
WILLIAMS	.	.	32	86.5	.	.	1	25.0
TOTAL	192	100.0	37	100.0	16	100.0	4	100.0

TABLE 3

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

RESIDENCE OF MOTHER BY REGION

RESIDENCE OF MOTHER	BIRTHS	
	NUMBER	PERCENT
REGION I	78	6.5
REGION II	184	15.3
REGION III	254	21.2
REGION IV	163	13.6
REGION V	190	15.8
REGION VI	75	6.3
REGION VII	194	16.2
REGION VIII	62	5.2
TOTAL	1200	100.0

TABLE 4

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

NUMBER OF BIRTHS BY MONTH

MONTH OF BIRTH	BIRTHS	
	NUMBER	PERCENT
JUL 1987	128	8.8
AUG 1987	137	9.4
SEP 1987	130	9.0
OCT 1987	111	7.6
NOV 1987	97	6.7
DEC 1987	126	8.7
JAN 1988	125	8.6
FEB 1988	121	8.3
MAR 1988	126	8.7
APR 1988	128	8.8
MAY 1988	135	9.3
JUN 1988	88	6.1
* TOTAL *	1452	100.0

TABLE 5

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

PLANS FOR CHILD

PLANS FOR CHILD	BIRTHS	
	NUMBER	PERCENT
KEPT BY MOTHER	1331	91.7
ADOPTION	95	6.5
OTHER	8	0.6
UNKNOWN	18	1.2
* TOTAL *	1452	100.0

TABLE 6

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

COUNSELING REQUESTED REGARDING PLANS FOR CHILD

COUNSELING REQUESTED	BIRTHS	
	NUMBER	PERCENT
YES	317	21.8
NO	778	53.6
UNDECIDED	17	1.2
UNKNOWN	340	23.4
TOTAL	1452	100.0

TABLE 7

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

COUNSELING REQUESTED BY PLANS FOR CHILD

COUNSELING REQUESTED	PLANS FOR CHILD			
	KEPT BY MOTHER	ADOPTION	OTHER	UNKNOWN
	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER
YES	256	58	2	1
NO	752	17	5	4
UNDECIDED	16	.	.	1
UNKNOWN	307	20	1	12
TOTAL	1331	95	8	18

COUNSELING REQUESTED	PLANS FOR CHILD			
	KEPT BY MOTHER	ADOPTION	OTHER	UNKNOWN
	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT
YES	19.2	61.1	25.0	5.6
NO	56.5	17.9	62.5	22.2
UNDECIDED	1.2	.	.	5.6
UNKNOWN	23.1	21.1	12.5	66.7
TOTAL	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 8

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

WHETHER OR NOT PATERNITY ESTABLISHED AND BY WHAT MEANS

STATUS OF PATERNITY		BIRTHS	
		NUMBER	PERCENT
PATERNITY TYPE	METHOD		
ESTABLISHED	ACKNOWLEDGED BY AFFIDAVIT	370	25.5
	ACKNOWLEDGED / NO AFFIDAVIT	250	17.2
	ADJUDICATION	1	0.1
	LEGITIMATION (PLANNED OR COMPLETED)	24	1.7
	* * * * SUBTOTAL	645	44.4
NOT ESTABLISHED	METHOD		
	DISCLAIMED BY AFFIDAVIT	2	0.1
	DISCLAIMED / NO AFFIDAVIT	11	0.8
	ACTION PENDING	197	13.6
	MOTHER DOES NOT WANT FATHER CONTACTED	30	2.1
	MOTHER NOT FILING COMPLAINT	13	0.9
	LOCATION OF ALLEGED FATHER UNKNOWN	23	1.6
	ALLEGED FATHER DECEASED	1	0.1
	ALLEGED FATHER NOT YET CONTACTED	27	1.9
	FATHER UNKNOWN TO MOTHER	22	1.5
	OTHER	32	2.2
	* * * * SUBTOTAL	358	24.7
UNKNOWN	METHOD		
	UNKNOWN	449	30.9
	* * * * SUBTOTAL	449	30.9
TOTAL		1452	100.0

TABLE 9

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

WILLINGNESS OF MOTHER TO WORK WITH CHILD SUPPORT ENFORCEMENT AGENCY

WILLINGNESS TO WORK WITH AGENCY	BIRTHS	
	NUMBER	PERCENT
YES	548	37.7
NO	309	21.3
UNKNOWN	595	41.0
TOTAL	1452	100.0

TABLE 10

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

AGE OF MOTHER

AGE OF MOTHER		BIRTHS	
		NUMBER	PERCENT
AGE GROUP	AGE		
13 TO 19	13 TO 15	26	1.8
	16 TO 17	168	11.6
	18 TO 19	266	18.3
	SUBTOTAL	460	31.7
20 TO 29	AGE		
	20 TO 21	298	20.5
	22 TO 23	206	14.2
	24 TO 25	133	9.2
	26 TO 27	103	7.1
	28 TO 29	75	5.2
	SUBTOTAL	815	56.1
30 TO 39	AGE		
	30 TO 31	61	4.2
	32 TO 33	37	2.5
	34 TO 35	25	1.7
	36 TO 37	12	0.8
	38 TO 39	13	0.9
	SUBTOTAL	148	10.2
40 TO 49	AGE		
	40 TO 41	1	0.1
	42 TO 43	2	0.1
	SUBTOTAL	3	0.2
UNKNOWN	AGE		
	UNKNOWN	26	1.8
	SUBTOTAL	26	1.8
TOTAL		1452	100.0

TABLE 11

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

RACE OF MOTHER

RACE OF MOTHER	BIRTHS	
	NUMBER	PERCENT
WHITE	877	60.4
BLACK	9	0.6
NATIVE AMERICAN	313	21.6
ASIAN	4	0.3
OTHER	20	1.4
UNKNOWN	229	15.8
* TOTAL *	1452	100.0

TABLE 12

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

EDUCATIONAL LEVEL OF MOTHER

EDUCATIONAL LEVEL		BIRTHS	
		NUMBER	PERCENT
LEVEL	GRADE COMPLETED		
GRADE SCHOOL	5TH GRADE OR LESS	3	0.2
	6TH	3	0.2
	7TH	10	0.7
	8TH	42	2.9
	* * * * SUBTOTAL	58	4.0
HIGH SCHOOL	GRADE COMPLETED		
	9TH	80	5.5
	10TH	104	7.2
	11TH	166	11.4
	12TH	461	31.7
	* * * * SUBTOTAL	811	55.9
COLLEGE	GRADE COMPLETED		
	FRESHMAN	151	10.4
	SOPHOMORE	80	5.5
	JUNIOR	40	2.8
	SENIOR	38	2.6
	MORE THAN 4 YEARS	13	0.9
	* * * * SUBTOTAL	322	22.2
UNKNOWN	GRADE COMPLETED		
	UNKNOWN	261	18.0
	* * * * SUBTOTAL	261	18.0
TOTAL		1452	100.0

TABLE 13

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

MARITAL STATUS OF MOTHER

MARITAL STATUS	BIRTHS	
	NUMBER	PERCENT
SINGLE	1042	71.8
DIVORCED	166	11.4
WIDOWED	12	0.8
UNKNOWN	232	16.0
* TOTAL *	1452	100.0

TABLE 14

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

EMPLOYMENT STATUS OF MOTHER

EMPLOYMENT STATUS	BIRTHS	
	NUMBER	PERCENT
EMPLOYED	313	21.6
NOT EMPLOYED	758	52.2
NO PLANS TO WORK	39	2.7
PLANS TO WORK	59	4.1
UNDECIDED	12	0.8
UNKNOWN	271	18.7
* TOTAL *	1452	100.0

TABLE 15

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

NUMBER OF OTHER CHILDREN BORN OUT OF WEDLOCK

NUMBER OF CHILDREN	BIRTHS	
	NUMBER	PERCENT
NONE	782	53.9
ONE	263	18.1
TWO	83	5.7
THREE	44	3.0
FOUR	24	1.7
FIVE	12	0.8
SIX	1	0.1
SEVEN	1	0.1
EIGHT	1	0.1
UNKNOWN	241	16.6
* TOTAL *	1452	100.0

TABLE 16

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

NUMBER OF OTHER DEPENDENTS OF MOTHER

NUMBER OF OTHER DEPENDENTS	BIRTHS	
	NUMBER	PERCENT
NONE	754	51.9
ONE	217	14.9
TWO	87	6.0
THREE	52	3.6
FOUR	22	1.5
FIVE	13	0.9
SIX	1	0.1
SEVEN	1	0.1
EIGHT	1	0.1
UNKNOWN	304	20.9
* TOTAL *	1452	100.0

TABLE 17

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

MARRIAGE PLANS OF MOTHER

MARRIAGE PLANS OF MOTHER	BIRTHS	
	NUMBER	PERCENT
NO PLANS	624	43.0
MARRY FATHER	286	19.7
LIVE WITH FATHER	92	6.3
MARRY SOMEONE OTHER THAN FATHER	16	1.1
UNDECIDED	148	10.2
UNKNOWN	286	19.7
* TOTAL *	1452	100.0

TABLE 18

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

FINANCIAL STATUS OF MOTHER

SOURCES OF SUPPORT	BIRTHS	
	NUMBER	PERCENT
RECEIVES AFDC	534	36.8
APPLYING FOR AFDC	96	6.6
SUPPORT FROM RELATIVE	136	9.4
SUPPORTS SELF	188	12.9
OTHER	120	8.3
NO SUPPORT	16	1.1
UNKNOWN	362	24.9
* TOTAL *	1452	100.0

TABLE 19

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

AGE OF FATHER

AGE OF FATHER		BIRTHS	
		NUMBER	PERCENT
AGE GROUP	* AGE *		
13 TO 19	13 TO 15	4	0.3
	16 TO 17	38	2.6
	18 TO 19	103	7.1
	* * * * SUBTOTAL	145	10.0
20 TO 29	* AGE *		
	20 TO 21	120	8.3
	22 TO 23	135	9.3
	24 TO 25	124	8.5
	26 TO 27	83	5.7
	28 TO 29	72	5.0
	* * * * SUBTOTAL	534	36.8
30 TO 39	* AGE *		
	30 TO 31	37	2.5
	32 TO 33	25	1.7
	34 TO 35	20	1.4
	36 TO 37	14	1.0
	38 TO 39	13	0.9
	* * * * SUBTOTAL	109	7.5
40 TO 49	* AGE *		
	40 TO 41	10	0.7
	42 TO 43	4	0.3
	44 TO 45	5	0.3
	46 TO 47	4	0.3
	48 TO 49	2	0.1
	* * * * SUBTOTAL	25	1.7
OVER 50	* AGE *		
	50 AND OVER	2	0.1
	* * * * SUBTOTAL	2	0.1
UNKNOWN	* AGE *		
	UNKNOWN	637	43.9
	* * * * SUBTOTAL	637	43.9
TOTAL		1452	100.0

TABLE 20

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

RACE OF FATHER

RACE OF FATHER	BIRTHS	
	NUMBER	PERCENT
**********		
WHITE	777	53.5
BLACK	17	1.2
NATIVE AMERICAN	280	19.3
ASIAN	1	0.1
OTHER	38	2.6
UNKNOWN	339	23.3
* TOTAL *	1452	100.0

TABLE 21

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

EDUCATIONAL LEVEL OF FATHER

EDUCATIONAL LEVEL		BIRTHS	
		NUMBER	PERCENT
LEVEL	* GRADE COMPLETED *		
GRADE SCHOOL	5TH GRADE OR LESS	1	0.1
	6TH	1	0.1
	7TH	7	0.5
	8TH	14	1.0
	* * * * SUBTOTAL	23	1.6
HIGH SCHOOL	* GRADE COMPLETED *		
	9TH	53	3.7
	10TH	71	4.9
	11TH	100	6.9
	12TH	500	34.4
	* * * * SUBTOTAL	724	49.9
COLLEGE	* GRADE COMPLETED *		
	FRESHMAN	80	5.5
	SOPHOMORE	68	4.7
	JUNIOR	23	1.6
	SENIOR	29	2.0
	MORE THAN 4 YEARS	12	0.8
	* * * * SUBTOTAL	212	14.6
UNKNOWN	* GRADE COMPLETED *		
	UNKNOWN	493	34.0
	* * * * SUBTOTAL	493	34.0
TOTAL		1452	100.0

TABLE 22

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

MARITAL STATUS OF FATHER

MARITAL STATUS	BIRTHS	
	NUMBER	PERCENT
SINGLE	893	61.5
MARRIED	52	3.6
DIVORCED	115	7.9
WIDOWED	6	0.4
SEPARATED OR DESERTED	12	0.8
UNKNOWN	374	25.8
* TOTAL *	1452	100.0

TABLE 23

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

EMPLOYMENT STATUS OF FATHER

EMPLOYMENT STATUS	BIRTHS	
	NUMBER	PERCENT
EMPLOYED	617	42.5
NOT EMPLOYED	297	20.5
NO PLANS TO WORK	9	0.6
PLANS TO WORK	36	2.5
UNKNOWN	493	34.0
* TOTAL *	1452	100.0

TABLE 24

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

NUMBER OF OTHER DEPENDENTS OF FATHER

NUMBER OF OTHER DEPENDENTS	BIRTHS	
	NUMBER	PERCENT
NONE	741	51.0
ONE	145	10.0
TWO	70	4.8
THREE	30	2.1
FOUR	9	0.6
FIVE	3	0.2
SIX	2	0.1
SEVEN	2	0.1
UNKNOWN	450	31.0
TOTAL	1452	100.0

TABLE 25

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

FINANCIAL SUPPORT PROVIDED BY FATHER

SUPPORT FROM FATHER	BIRTHS	
	NUMBER	PERCENT
NO SUPPORT	359	24.7
COURT ORDERED	2	0.1
PRIVATE SETTLEMENT	55	3.8
PENDING	240	16.5
FATHER SUPPORTS	239	16.5
OTHER	24	1.7
UNKNOWN	533	36.7
TOTAL	1452	100.0

TABLE 26

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

RACE OF MOTHER BY AGE OF MOTHER

RACE OF MOTHER	AGE OF MOTHER				
	13 TO 19	20 TO 29	30 TO 39	40 TO 49	UNKNOWN
	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER
WHITE	277	496	90	3	11
BLACK	3	6	.	.	.
NATIVE AMERICAN	99	174	37	.	3
ASIAN	2	.	2	.	.
OTHER	9	10	1	.	.
UNKNOWN	70	129	18	.	12
* TOTAL *	460	815	148	3	26

RACE OF MOTHER	AGE OF MOTHER				
	13 TO 19	20 TO 29	30 TO 39	40 TO 49	UNKNOWN
	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT
WHITE	60.2	60.9	60.8	100.0	42.3
BLACK	0.7	0.7	.	.	.
NATIVE AMERICAN	21.5	21.3	25.0	.	11.5
ASIAN	0.4	.	1.4	.	.
OTHER	2.0	1.2	0.7	.	.
UNKNOWN	15.2	15.8	12.2	.	46.2
* TOTAL *	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 27

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

EDUCATION OF MOTHER BY AGE OF MOTHER

EDUCATION OF MOTHER	AGE OF MOTHER				
	13 TO 19	20 TO 29	30 TO 39	40 TO 49	UNKNOWN
	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER
GRADE SCHOOL	28	20	9	1	.
HIGH SCHOOL	323	423	55	1	9
COLLEGE	32	223	62	1	4
UNKNOWN	77	149	22	.	13
* TOTAL *	460	815	148	3	26

EDUCATION OF MOTHER	AGE OF MOTHER				
	13 TO 19	20 TO 29	30 TO 39	40 TO 49	UNKNOWN
	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT
GRADE SCHOOL	6.1	2.5	6.1	33.3	.
HIGH SCHOOL	70.2	51.9	37.2	33.3	34.6
COLLEGE	7.0	27.4	41.9	33.3	15.4
UNKNOWN	16.7	18.3	14.9	.	50.0
* TOTAL *	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 28

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

MARITAL STATUS OF MOTHER BY AGE OF MOTHER

MARITAL STATUS	AGE OF MOTHER				
	13 TO 19	20 TO 29	30 TO 39	40 TO 49	UNKNOWN
	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER
SINGLE	391	569	70	.	12
DIVORCED	.	108	55	3	.
WIDOWED	.	5	7	.	.
UNKNOWN	69	133	16	.	14
TOTAL	460	815	148	3	26

MARITAL STATUS	AGE OF MOTHER				
	13 TO 19	20 TO 29	30 TO 39	40 TO 49	UNKNOWN
	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT
SINGLE	85.0	69.8	47.3	.	46.2
DIVORCED	.	13.3	37.2	100.0	.
WIDOWED	.	0.6	4.7	.	.
UNKNOWN	15.0	16.3	10.8	.	53.8
TOTAL	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 29

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

EMPLOYMENT STATUS OF MOTHER BY AGE OF MOTHER

EMPLOYMENT STATUS	AGE OF MOTHER				
	13 TO 19	20 TO 29	30 TO 39	40 TO 49	UNKNOWN
	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER
EMPLOYED	54	206	50	.	3
NOT EMPLOYED	282	406	62	3	5
NO PLANS TO WORK	14	21	3	.	1
PLANS TO WORK	24	28	7	.	.
UNDECIDED	3	8	1	.	.
UNKNOWN	83	146	25	.	17
TOTAL	460	815	148	3	26

EMPLOYMENT STATUS	AGE OF MOTHER				
	13 TO 19	20 TO 29	30 TO 39	40 TO 49	UNKNOWN
	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT
EMPLOYED	11.7	25.3	33.8	.	11.5
NOT EMPLOYED	61.3	49.8	41.9	100.0	19.2
NO PLANS TO WORK	3.0	2.6	2.0	.	3.8
PLANS TO WORK	5.2	3.4	4.7	.	.
UNDECIDED	0.7	1.0	0.7	.	.
UNKNOWN	18.0	17.9	16.9	.	65.4
TOTAL	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 30

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

NUMBER OF OTHER CHILDREN BORN OUT OF WEDLOCK BY AGE OF MOTHER

NUMBER OF CHILDREN	AGE OF MOTHER				
	13 TO 19	20 TO 29	30 TO 39	40 TO 49	UNKNOWN
	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER
NONE	325	387	99	2	9
ONE	57	172	30	1	3
TWO	6	63	14	.	.
THREE	.	32	12	.	.
FOUR	.	18	6	.	.
FIVE	.	6	6	.	.
SIX	.	1	.	.	.
SEVEN	.	1	.	.	.
EIGHT	.	.	1	.	.
UNKNOWN	72	135	20	.	14
* TOTAL *	460	815	148	3	26

NUMBER OF CHILDREN	AGE OF MOTHER				
	13 TO 19	20 TO 29	30 TO 39	40 TO 49	UNKNOWN
	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT
NONE	70.7	47.5	39.9	66.7	34.6
ONE	12.4	21.1	20.3	33.3	11.5
TWO	1.3	7.7	9.5	.	.
THREE	.	3.9	8.1	.	.
FOUR	.	2.2	4.1	.	.
FIVE	.	0.7	4.1	.	.
SIX	.	0.1	.	.	.
SEVEN	.	0.1	.	.	.
EIGHT	.	.	0.7	.	.
UNKNOWN	15.7	16.6	13.5	.	53.8
* TOTAL *	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 31

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

NUMBER OF DEPENDENTS OF MOTHER BY AGE OF MOTHER

NUMBER OF DEPENDENTS	AGE OF MOTHER				
	13 TO 19	20 TO 29	30 TO 39	40 TO 49	UNKNOWN
	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER
NONE	332	369	43	1	9
ONE	28	168	19	.	2
TWO	3	60	24	.	.
THREE	1	34	16	1	.
FOUR	.	13	9	.	.
FIVE	.	3	10	.	.
SIX	.	1	.	.	.
SEVEN	.	.	1	.	.
EIGHT	.	.	1	.	.
UNKNOWN	96	167	25	1	15
* TOTAL *	460	815	148	3	26

NUMBER OF DEPENDENTS	AGE OF MOTHER				
	13 TO 19	20 TO 29	30 TO 39	40 TO 49	UNKNOWN
	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT
NONE	72.2	45.3	29.1	33.3	34.6
ONE	6.1	20.6	12.8	.	7.7
TWO	0.7	7.4	16.2	.	.
THREE	0.2	4.2	10.8	33.3	.
FOUR	.	1.6	6.1	.	.
FIVE	.	0.4	6.8	.	.
SIX	.	0.1	.	.	.
SEVEN	.	.	0.7	.	.
EIGHT	.	.	0.7	.	.
UNKNOWN	20.9	20.5	16.9	33.3	57.7
* TOTAL *	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 32

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

MARRIAGE PLANS OF MOTHER BY AGE OF MOTHER

MARRIAGE PLANS	AGE OF MOTHER				
	13 TO 19	20 TO 29	30 TO 39	40 TO 49	UNKNOWN
	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER
NO PLANS	224	332	60	2	6
MARRY FATHER	91	164	27	1	3
LIVE WITH FATHER	12	62	17	.	1
MARRY SOMEONE OTHER THAN FATHER	7	6	1	.	.
UNDECIDED	40	92	16	.	.
UNKNOWN	86	157	27	.	16
* TOTAL *	460	815	148	31	26

MARRIAGE PLANS	AGE OF MOTHER				
	13 TO 19	20 TO 29	30 TO 39	40 TO 49	UNKNOWN
	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT
NO PLANS	48.7	40.7	40.5	66.7	23.1
MARRY FATHER	19.8	20.1	18.2	33.3	11.5
LIVE WITH FATHER	2.6	7.6	11.5	.	3.8
MARRY SOMEONE OTHER THAN FATHER	1.5	1.0	0.7	.	.
UNDECIDED	8.7	11.3	10.8	.	.
UNKNOWN	18.7	19.3	18.2	.	61.5
* TOTAL *	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 33

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

FINANCIAL STATUS OF MOTHER BY AGE OF MOTHER

FINANCIAL SOURCES	AGE OF MOTHER				
	13 TO 19	20 TO 29	30 TO 39	40 TO 49	UNKNOWN
	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER
**********					
RECEIVES AFDC	140	330	56	2	6
APPLYING FOR AFDC	39	50	6	.	1
SUPPORT FROM RELATIVE	116	20	.	.	.
SUPPORTS SELF	21	127	37	1	2
OTHER	25	76	19	.	.
NO SUPPORT	4	10	2	.	.
UNKNOWN	115	202	28	.	17
* TOTAL *	460	815	148	3	26

FINANCIAL SOURCES	AGE OF MOTHER				
	13 TO 19	20 TO 29	30 TO 39	40 TO 49	UNKNOWN
	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT
**********					
RECEIVES AFDC	30.4	40.5	37.8	66.7	23.1
APPLYING FOR AFDC	8.5	6.1	4.1	.	3.8
SUPPORT FROM RELATIVE	25.2	2.5	.	.	.
SUPPORTS SELF	4.6	15.6	25.0	33.3	7.7
OTHER	5.4	9.3	12.8	.	.
NO SUPPORT	0.9	1.2	1.4	.	.
UNKNOWN	25.0	24.8	18.9	.	65.4
* TOTAL *	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 34

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

PLANS FOR CHILD BY AGE OF MOTHER

PLANS FOR CHILD	AGE OF MOTHER				
	13 TO 19	20 TO 29	30 TO 39	40 TO 49	UNKNOWN
	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER
**********					
KEPT BY MOTHER	410	754	142	3	22
ADOPTION	44	46	3	.	2
OTHER	2	4	2	.	.
UNKNOWN	4	11	1	.	2
* TOTAL *	460	815	148	3	26

PLANS FOR CHILD	AGE OF MOTHER				
	13 TO 19	20 TO 29	30 TO 39	40 TO 49	UNKNOWN
	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT
**********					
KEPT BY MOTHER	89.1	92.5	95.9	100.0	84.6
ADOPTION	9.6	5.6	2.0	.	7.7
OTHER	0.4	0.5	1.4	.	.
UNKNOWN	0.9	1.3	0.7	.	7.7
* TOTAL *	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 35

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

AGE OF MOTHER BY RACE OF MOTHER

AGE OF MOTHER	RACE OF MOTHER					
	WHITE	BLACK	NATIVE AMERICAN	ASIAN	OTHER	UNKNOWN
	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER
13 TO 19	277	3	99	2	9	70
20 TO 29	496	6	174	.	10	129
30 TO 39	90	.	37	2	1	18
40 TO 49	3	.	.	.	.	.
UNKNOWN	11	.	3	.	.	12
* TOTAL *	877	9	313	4	20	229

AGE OF MOTHER	RACE OF MOTHER					
	WHITE	BLACK	NATIVE AMERICAN	ASIAN	OTHER	UNKNOWN
	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT
13 TO 19	31.6	33.3	31.6	50.0	45.0	30.6
20 TO 29	56.6	66.7	55.6	.	50.0	56.3
30 TO 39	10.3	.	11.8	50.0	5.0	7.9
40 TO 49	0.3	.	.	.	.	.
UNKNOWN	1.3	.	1.0	.	.	5.2
* TOTAL *	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 36

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

EDUCATION OF MOTHER BY RACE OF MOTHER

EDUCATION OF MOTHER	RACE OF MOTHER					
	WHITE	BLACK	NATIVE AMERICAN	ASIAN	OTHER	UNKNOWN
	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER
GRADE SCHOOL	23	1	31	1	2	.
HIGH SCHOOL	562	5	220	1	16	7
COLLEGE	265	3	49	1	.	4
UNKNOWN	27	.	13	1	2	218
* TOTAL *	877	9	313	4	20	229

EDUCATION OF MOTHER	RACE OF MOTHER					
	WHITE	BLACK	NATIVE AMERICAN	ASIAN	OTHER	UNKNOWN
	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT
GRADE SCHOOL	2.6	11.1	9.9	25.0	10.0	.
HIGH SCHOOL	64.1	55.6	70.3	25.0	80.0	3.1
COLLEGE	30.2	33.3	15.7	25.0	.	1.7
UNKNOWN	3.1	.	4.2	25.0	10.0	95.2
* TOTAL *	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 37

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

MARITAL STATUS OF MOTHER BY RACE OF MOTHER

MARITAL STATUS	RACE OF MOTHER					
	WHITE	BLACK	NATIVE AMERICAN	ASIAN	OTHER	UNKNOWN
	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER
SINGLE	719	9	278	3	17	16
DIVORCED	141	.	21	.	2	2
WIDOWED	5	.	5	1	.	1
UNKNOWN	12	.	9	.	1	210
* TOTAL *	877	9	313	4	20	229

MARITAL STATUS	RACE OF MOTHER					
	WHITE	BLACK	NATIVE AMERICAN	ASIAN	OTHER	UNKNOWN
	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT
SINGLE	82.0	100.0	88.8	75.0	85.0	7.0
DIVORCED	16.1	.	6.7	.	10.0	0.9
WIDOWED	0.6	.	1.6	25.0	.	0.4
UNKNOWN	1.4	.	2.9	.	5.0	91.7
* TOTAL *	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 38

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

EMPLOYMENT STATUS OF MOTHER BY RACE OF MOTHER

EMPLOYMENT STATUS	RACE OF MOTHER					
	WHITE	BLACK	NATIVE AMERICAN	ASIAN	OTHER	UNKNOWN
	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER
**********						
EMPLOYED	255	4	49	1	1	3
NOT EMPLOYED	489	4	237	2	16	10
NO PLANS TO WORK	34	.	4	.	1	.
PLANS TO WORK	45	1	11	.	1	1
UNDECIDED	10	.	2	.	.	.
UNKNOWN	44	.	10	1	1	215
* TOTAL *	877	9	313	4	20	229

EMPLOYMENT STATUS	RACE OF MOTHER					
	WHITE	BLACK	NATIVE AMERICAN	ASIAN	OTHER	UNKNOWN
	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT
**********						
EMPLOYED	29.1	44.4	15.7	25.0	5.0	1.3
NOT EMPLOYED	55.8	44.4	75.7	50.0	80.0	4.4
NO PLANS TO WORK	3.9	.	1.3	.	5.0	.
PLANS TO WORK	5.1	11.1	3.5	.	5.0	0.4
UNDECIDED	1.1	.	0.6	.	.	.
UNKNOWN	5.0	.	3.2	25.0	5.0	93.9
* TOTAL *	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 39

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

NUMBER OF OTHER CHILDREN BORN OUT OF WEDLOCK BY RACE OF MOTHER

NUMBER OF CHILDREN	RACE OF MOTHER					
	WHITE	BLACK	NATIVE AMERICAN	ASIAN	OTHER	UNKNOWN
	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER
NONE	634	8	113	3	14	10
ONE	156	1	98	.	3	5
TWO	45	.	37	.	1	.
THREE	18	.	26	.	.	.
FOUR	6	.	18	.	.	.
FIVE	3	.	9	.	.	.
SIX	.	.	1	.	.	.
SEVEN	.	.	1	.	.	.
EIGHT	.	.	1	.	.	.
UNKNOWN	15	.	9	1	2	214
* TOTAL *	877	9	313	4	20	229

NUMBER OF CHILDREN	RACE OF MOTHER					
	WHITE	BLACK	NATIVE AMERICAN	ASIAN	OTHER	UNKNOWN
	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT
NONE	72.3	88.9	36.1	75.0	70.0	4.4
ONE	17.8	11.1	31.3	.	15.0	2.2
TWO	5.1	.	11.8	.	5.0	.
THREE	2.1	.	8.3	.	.	.
FOUR	0.7	.	5.8	.	.	.
FIVE	0.3	.	2.9	.	.	.
SIX	.	.	0.3	.	.	.
SEVEN	.	.	0.3	.	.	.
EIGHT	.	.	0.3	.	.	.
UNKNOWN	1.7	.	2.9	25.0	10.0	93.4
* TOTAL *	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 40

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

NUMBER OF DEPENDENTS OF MOTHER BY RACE OF MOTHER

NUMBER OF DEPENDENTS	RACE OF MOTHER					
	WHITE	BLACK	NATIVE AMERICAN	ASIAN	OTHER	UNKNOWN
	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER
NONE	597	8	123	2	13	11
ONE	145	1	61	.	4	6
TWO	55	.	30	1	1	.
THREE	29	.	22	.	.	1
FOUR	6	.	16	.	.	.
FIVE	5	.	8	.	.	.
SIX	.	.	1	.	.	.
SEVEN	.	.	1	.	.	.
EIGHT	.	.	1	.	.	.
UNKNOWN	40	.	50	1	2	211
* TOTAL *	877	9	313	4	20	229

NUMBER OF DEPENDENTS	RACE OF MOTHER					
	WHITE	BLACK	NATIVE AMERICAN	ASIAN	OTHER	UNKNOWN
	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT
NONE	68.1	88.9	39.3	50.0	65.0	4.8
ONE	16.5	11.1	19.5	.	20.0	2.6
TWO	6.3	.	9.6	25.0	5.0	.
THREE	3.3	.	7.0	.	.	0.4
FOUR	0.7	.	5.1	.	.	.
FIVE	0.6	.	2.6	.	.	.
SIX	.	.	0.3	.	.	.
SEVEN	.	.	0.3	.	.	.
EIGHT	.	.	0.3	.	.	.
UNKNOWN	4.6	.	16.0	25.0	10.0	92.1
* TOTAL *	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 41

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

MARRIAGE PLANS OF MOTHER BY RACE OF MOTHER

MARRIAGE PLANS	RACE OF MOTHER					
	WHITE	BLACK	NATIVE AMERICAN	ASIAN	OTHER	UNKNOWN
	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER
NO PLANS	429	5	175	3	8	4
MARRY FATHER	227	1	48	.	6	4
LIVE WITH FATHER	66	1	25	.	.	.
MARRY SOMEONE OTHER THAN FATHER	13	.	1	.	1	1
UNDECIDED	98	2	43	.	3	2
UNKNOWN	44	.	21	1	2	218
* TOTAL *	877	9	313	4	20	229

MARRIAGE PLANS	RACE OF MOTHER					
	WHITE	BLACK	NATIVE AMERICAN	ASIAN	OTHER	UNKNOWN
	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT
NO PLANS	48.9	55.6	55.9	75.0	40.0	1.7
MARRY FATHER	25.9	11.1	15.3	.	30.0	1.7
LIVE WITH FATHER	7.5	11.1	8.0	.	.	.
MARRY SOMEONE OTHER THAN FATHER	1.5	.	0.3	.	5.0	0.4
UNDECIDED	11.2	22.2	13.7	.	15.0	0.9
UNKNOWN	5.0	.	6.7	25.0	10.0	95.2
* TOTAL *	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 42

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

FINANCIAL STATUS OF MOTHER BY RACE OF MOTHER

FINANCIAL SOURCES	RACE OF MOTHER					
	WHITE	BLACK	NATIVE AMERICAN	ASIAN	OTHER	UNKNOWN
	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER
RECEIVES AFDC	361	2	155	1	10	5
APPLYING FOR AFDC	71	.	21	.	4	.
SUPPORT FROM RELATIVE	107	1	26	1	1	.
SUPPORTS SELF	151	4	28	1	1	3
OTHER	84	2	30	.	2	2
NO SUPPORT	12	.	3	.	.	1
UNKNOWN	91	.	50	1	2	218
. TOTAL .	877	9	313	4	20	229

FINANCIAL SOURCES	RACE OF MOTHER					
	WHITE	BLACK	NATIVE AMERICAN	ASIAN	OTHER	UNKNOWN
	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT
RECEIVES AFDC	41.2	22.2	49.5	25.0	50.0	2.2
APPLYING FOR AFDC	8.1	.	6.7	.	20.0	.
SUPPORT FROM RELATIVE	12.2	11.1	8.3	25.0	5.0	.
SUPPORTS SELF	17.2	44.4	8.9	25.0	5.0	1.3
OTHER	9.6	22.2	9.6	.	10.0	0.9
NO SUPPORT	1.4	.	1.0	.	.	0.4
UNKNOWN	10.4	.	16.0	25.0	10.0	95.2
. TOTAL .	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 43

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

PLANS FOR CHILD BY RACE OF MOTHER

PLANS FOR CHILD	RACE OF MOTHER					
	WHITE	BLACK	NATIVE AMERICAN	ASIAN	OTHER	UNKNOWN
	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER
KEPT BY MOTHER	792	9	304	4	19	203
ADOPTION	73	.	5	.	.	17
OTHER	3	.	3	.	1	1
UNKNOWN	9	.	1	.	.	8
* TOTAL *	877	9	313	4	20	229

PLANS FOR CHILD	RACE OF MOTHER					
	WHITE	BLACK	NATIVE AMERICAN	ASIAN	OTHER	UNKNOWN
	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT
KEPT BY MOTHER	90.3	100.0	97.1	100.0	95.0	88.6
ADOPTION	8.3	.	1.6	.	.	7.4
OTHER	0.3	.	1.0	.	5.0	0.4
UNKNOWN	1.0	.	0.3	.	.	3.5
* TOTAL *	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 44

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

AGE OF MOTHER BY MARITAL STATUS OF MOTHER

AGE OF MOTHER	MARITAL STATUS OF MOTHER			
	SINGLE	DIVORCED	WIDOWED	UNKNOWN
	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER
13 TO 19	391	.	.	69
20 TO 29	569	108	5	133
30 TO 39	70	55	7	16
40 TO 49	.	3	.	.
UNKNOWN	12	.	.	14
* TOTAL *	1042	166	12	232

AGE OF MOTHER	MARITAL STATUS OF MOTHER			
	SINGLE	DIVORCED	WIDOWED	UNKNOWN
	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT
13 TO 19	37.5	.	.	29.7
20 TO 29	54.6	65.1	41.7	57.3
30 TO 39	6.7	33.1	58.3	6.9
40 TO 49	.	1.8	.	.
UNKNOWN	1.2	.	.	6.0
* TOTAL *	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 45

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

RACE OF MOTHER BY MARITAL STATUS OF MOTHER

RACE OF MOTHER	MARITAL STATUS OF MOTHER			
	SINGLE	DIVORCED	WIDOWED	UNKNOWN
	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER
WHITE	719	141	5	12
BLACK	9	.	.	.
NATIVE AMERICAN	278	21	5	9
ASIAN	3	.	1	.
OTHER	17	2	.	1
UNKNOWN	16	2	1	210
* TOTAL *	1042	166	12	232

RACE OF MOTHER	MARITAL STATUS OF MOTHER			
	SINGLE	DIVORCED	WIDOWED	UNKNOWN
	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT
WHITE	69.0	84.9	41.7	5.2
BLACK	0.9	.	.	.
NATIVE AMERICAN	26.7	12.7	41.7	3.9
ASIAN	0.3	.	8.3	.
OTHER	1.6	1.2	.	0.4
UNKNOWN	1.5	1.2	8.3	90.5
* TOTAL *	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 46

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

EDUCATION OF MOTHER BY MARITAL STATUS OF MOTHER

EDUCATION OF MOTHER	MARITAL STATUS OF MOTHER			
	SINGLE	DIVORCED	WIDOWED	UNKNOWN
	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER
GRADE SCHOOL	49	7	.	2
HIGH SCHOOL	708	88	7	8
COLLEGE	250	66	5	3
UNKNOWN	35	5	2	219
* TOTAL *	1042	166	12	232

EDUCATION OF MOTHER	MARITAL STATUS OF MOTHER			
	SINGLE	DIVORCED	WIDOWED	UNKNOWN
	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT
GRADE SCHOOL	4.7	4.2	.	0.9
HIGH SCHOOL	67.9	53.0	58.3	3.4
COLLEGE	24.0	39.8	25.0	1.3
UNKNOWN	3.4	3.0	16.7	94.4
* TOTAL *	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 47

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

EMPLOYMENT STATUS OF MOTHER BY MARITAL STATUS OF MOTHER

EMPLOYMENT STATUS	MARITAL STATUS OF MOTHER			
	SINGLE	DIVORCED	WIDOWED	UNKNOWN
	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER
EMPLOYED	251	54	4	4
NOT EMPLOYED	656	91	4	7
NO PLANS TO WORK	31	6	1	1
PLANS TO WORK	49	8	1	1
UNDECIDED	10	2	.	.
UNKNOWN	45	5	2	219
* TOTAL *	1042	166	12	232

EMPLOYMENT STATUS	MARITAL STATUS OF MOTHER			
	SINGLE	DIVORCED	WIDOWED	UNKNOWN
	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT
EMPLOYED	24.1	32.5	33.3	1.7
NOT EMPLOYED	63.0	54.8	33.3	3.0
NO PLANS TO WORK	3.0	3.6	8.3	0.4
PLANS TO WORK	4.7	4.8	8.3	0.4
UNDECIDED	1.0	1.2	.	.
UNKNOWN	4.3	3.0	16.7	94.4
* TOTAL *	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 48

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

NUMBER OF OTHER CHILDREN BORN OUT OF WEDLOCK BY MARITAL STATUS OF MOTHER

NUMBER OF CHILDREN	MARITAL STATUS OF MOTHER			
	SINGLE	DIVORCED	WIDOWED	UNKNOWN
	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER
NONE	672	94	8	8
ONE	217	41	.	5
TWO	67	13	3	.
THREE	33	11	.	.
FOUR	22	2	.	.
FIVE	10	2	.	.
SIX	1	.	.	.
SEVEN	1	.	.	.
EIGHT	1	.	.	.
UNKNOWN	18	3	1	219
* TOTAL *	1042	166	12	232

NUMBER OF CHILDREN	MARITAL STATUS OF MOTHER			
	SINGLE	DIVORCED	WIDOWED	UNKNOWN
	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT
NONE	64.5	56.6	66.7	3.4
ONE	20.8	24.7	.	2.2
TWO	6.4	7.8	25.0	.
THREE	3.2	6.6	.	.
FOUR	2.1	1.2	.	.
FIVE	1.0	1.2	.	.
SIX	0.1	.	.	.
SEVEN	0.1	.	.	.
EIGHT	0.1	.	.	.
UNKNOWN	1.7	1.8	8.3	94.4
* TOTAL *	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 49

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

NUMBER OF DEPENDENTS OF MOTHER BY MARITAL STATUS OF MOTHER

NUMBER OF DEPENDENTS	MARITAL STATUS OF MOTHER			
	SINGLE	DIVORCED	WIDOWED	UNKNOWN
	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER
NONE	714	34	2	4
ONE	153	53	2	9
TWO	46	37	3	1
THREE	27	20	3	2
FOUR	17	5	.	.
FIVE	8	4	1	.
SIX	.	.	1	.
SEVEN	1	.	.	.
EIGHT	.	1	.	.
UNKNOWN	76	12	.	216
* TOTAL *	1042	166	12	232

NUMBER OF DEPENDENTS	MARITAL STATUS OF MOTHER			
	SINGLE	DIVORCED	WIDOWED	UNKNOWN
	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT
NONE	68.5	20.5	16.7	1.7
ONE	14.7	31.9	16.7	3.9
TWO	4.4	22.3	25.0	0.4
THREE	2.6	12.0	25.0	0.9
FOUR	1.6	3.0	.	.
FIVE	0.8	2.4	8.3	.
SIX	.	.	8.3	.
SEVEN	0.1	.	.	.
EIGHT	.	0.6	.	.
UNKNOWN	7.3	7.2	.	93.1
* TOTAL *	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 50

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

MARRIAGE PLANS OF MOTHER BY MARITAL STATUS OF MOTHER

MARRIAGE PLANS	MARITAL STATUS OF MOTHER			
	SINGLE	DIVORCED	WIDOWED	UNKNOWN
	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER
NO PLANS	543	72	3	6
MARRY FATHER	243	40	1	2
LIVE WITH FATHER	72	15	3	2
MARRY SOMEONE OTHER THAN FATHER	13	3	.	.
UNDECIDED	115	28	3	2
UNKNOWN	56	8	2	220
TOTAL	1042	166	12	232

MARRIAGE PLANS	MARITAL STATUS OF MOTHER			
	SINGLE	DIVORCED	WIDOWED	UNKNOWN
	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT
NO PLANS	52.1	43.4	25.0	2.6
MARRY FATHER	23.3	24.1	8.3	0.9
LIVE WITH FATHER	6.9	9.0	25.0	0.9
MARRY SOMEONE OTHER THAN FATHER	1.2	1.8	.	.
UNDECIDED	11.0	16.9	25.0	0.9
UNKNOWN	5.4	4.8	16.7	94.8
TOTAL	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 51

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

FINANCIAL STATUS OF MOTHER BY MARITAL STATUS OF MOTHER

FINANCIAL SOURCES	MARITAL STATUS OF MOTHER			
	SINGLE	DIVORCED	WIDOWED	UNKNOWN
	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER
**********				
RECEIVES AFDC	430	96	2	6
APPLYING FOR AFDC	89	7	.	.
SUPPORT FROM RELATIVE	134	.	1	1
SUPPORTS SELF	152	29	5	2
OTHER	98	18	2	2
NO SUPPORT	14	2	.	.
UNKNOWN	125	14	2	221
* TOTAL *	1042	166	12	232

FINANCIAL SOURCES	MARITAL STATUS OF MOTHER			
	SINGLE	DIVORCED	WIDOWED	UNKNOWN
	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT
**********				
RECEIVES AFDC	41.3	57.8	16.7	2.6
APPLYING FOR AFDC	8.5	4.2	.	.
SUPPORT FROM RELATIVE	12.9	.	8.3	0.4
SUPPORTS SELF	14.6	17.5	41.7	0.9
OTHER	9.4	10.8	16.7	0.9
NO SUPPORT	1.3	1.2	.	.
UNKNOWN	12.0	8.4	16.7	95.3
* TOTAL *	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 52

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

PLANS FOR CHILD BY MARITAL STATUS OF MOTHER

PLANS FOR CHILD	MARITAL STATUS OF MOTHER			
	SINGLE	DIVORCED	WIDOWED	UNKNOWN
	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER
KEPT BY MOTHER	954	162	10	205
ADOPTION	75	3	.	17
OTHER	5	1	1	1
UNKNOWN	8	.	1	9
* TOTAL *	1042	166	12	232

PLANS FOR CHILD	MARITAL STATUS OF MOTHER			
	SINGLE	DIVORCED	WIDOWED	UNKNOWN
	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT
KEPT BY MOTHER	91.6	97.6	83.3	88.4
ADOPTION	7.2	1.8	.	7.3
OTHER	0.5	0.6	8.3	0.4
UNKNOWN	0.8	.	8.3	3.9
* TOTAL *	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 53

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

AGE OF MOTHER BY EDUCATION OF MOTHER

AGE OF MOTHER	EDUCATION OF MOTHER			
	GRADE SCHOOL	HIGH SCHOOL	COLLEGE	UNKNOWN
	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER
13 TO 19	28	323	32	77
20 TO 29	20	423	223	149
30 TO 39	9	55	62	22
40 TO 49	1	1	1	.
UNKNOWN	.	9	4	13
TOTAL	58	811	322	261

AGE OF MOTHER	EDUCATION OF MOTHER			
	GRADE SCHOOL	HIGH SCHOOL	COLLEGE	UNKNOWN
	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT
13 TO 19	48.3	39.8	9.9	29.5
20 TO 29	34.5	52.2	69.3	57.1
30 TO 39	15.5	6.8	19.3	8.4
40 TO 49	1.7	0.1	0.3	.
UNKNOWN	.	1.1	1.2	5.0
TOTAL	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 54

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

RACE OF MOTHER BY EDUCATION OF MOTHER

RACE OF MOTHER	EDUCATION OF MOTHER			
	GRADE SCHOOL	HIGH SCHOOL	COLLEGE	UNKNOWN
	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER
WHITE	23	562	265	27
BLACK	1	5	3	*
NATIVE AMERICAN	31	220	49	13
ASIAN	1	1	1	1
OTHER	2	16	*	2
UNKNOWN	*	7	4	218
* TOTAL *	58	811	322	261

RACE OF MOTHER	EDUCATION OF MOTHER			
	GRADE SCHOOL	HIGH SCHOOL	COLLEGE	UNKNOWN
	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT
WHITE	39.7	69.3	82.3	10.3
BLACK	1.7	0.6	0.9	*
NATIVE AMERICAN	53.4	27.1	15.2	5.0
ASIAN	1.7	0.1	0.3	0.4
OTHER	3.4	2.0	*	0.8
UNKNOWN	*	0.9	1.2	83.5
* TOTAL *	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 55

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

MARITAL STATUS OF MOTHER BY EDUCATION OF MOTHER

MARITAL STATUS	EDUCATION OF MOTHER			
	GRADE SCHOOL	HIGH SCHOOL	COLLEGE	UNKNOWN
	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER
SINGLE	49	708	250	35
DIVORCED	7	88	66	5
WIDOWED	.	7	3	2
UNKNOWN	2	8	3	219
* TOTAL *	58	811	322	261

MARITAL STATUS	EDUCATION OF MOTHER			
	GRADE SCHOOL	HIGH SCHOOL	COLLEGE	UNKNOWN
	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT
SINGLE	84.5	87.3	77.6	13.4
DIVORCED	12.1	10.9	20.5	1.9
WIDOWED	.	0.9	0.9	0.8
UNKNOWN	3.4	1.0	0.9	83.9
* TOTAL *	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 56

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

EMPLOYMENT STATUS OF MOTHER BY EDUCATION OF MOTHER

EMPLOYMENT STATUS	EDUCATION OF MOTHER			
	GRADE SCHOOL	HIGH SCHOOL	COLLEGE	UNKNOWN
	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER
EMPLOYED	6	164	138	5
NOT EMPLOYED	47	545	149	17
NO PLANS TO WORK	1	27	7	4
PLANS TO WORK	2	46	11	.
UNDECIDED	.	8	4	.
UNKNOWN	2	21	13	235
* TOTAL *	58	811	322	261

EMPLOYMENT STATUS	EDUCATION OF MOTHER			
	GRADE SCHOOL	HIGH SCHOOL	COLLEGE	UNKNOWN
	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT
EMPLOYED	10.3	20.2	42.9	1.9
NOT EMPLOYED	81.0	67.2	46.3	6.5
NO PLANS TO WORK	1.7	3.3	2.2	1.5
PLANS TO WORK	3.4	5.7	3.4	.
UNDECIDED	.	1.0	1.2	.
UNKNOWN	3.4	2.6	4.0	90.0
* TOTAL *	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 57

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

NUMBER OF OTHER CHILDREN BORN OUT OF WEDLOCK BY EDUCATION OF MOTHER

NUMBER OF CHILDREN	EDUCATION OF MOTHER			
	GRADE SCHOOL	HIGH SCHOOL	COLLEGE	UNKNOWN
	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER
NONE	28	507	228	19
ONE	16	179	63	5
TWO	3	61	17	2
THREE	7	30	6	1
FOUR	2	17	3	2
FIVE	1	8	2	1
SIX	1	*	*	*
SEVEN	*	1	*	*
EIGHT	*	1	*	*
UNKNOWN	*	7	3	231
* TOTAL *	58	811	322	261

NUMBER OF CHILDREN	EDUCATION OF MOTHER			
	GRADE SCHOOL	HIGH SCHOOL	COLLEGE	UNKNOWN
	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT
NONE	48.3	62.5	70.8	7.3
ONE	27.6	22.1	19.6	1.9
TWO	5.2	7.5	5.3	0.8
THREE	12.1	3.7	1.9	0.4
FOUR	3.4	2.1	0.9	0.8
FIVE	1.7	1.0	0.6	0.4
SIX	1.7	*	*	*
SEVEN	*	0.1	*	*
EIGHT	*	0.1	*	*
UNKNOWN	*	0.9	0.9	88.5
* TOTAL *	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 58

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

NUMBER OF DEPENDENTS OF MOTHER BY EDUCATION OF MOTHER

NUMBER OF DEPENDENTS	EDUCATION OF MOTHER			
	GRADE SCHOOL	HIGH SCHOOL	COLLEGE	UNKNOWN
	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER
NONE	33	501	200	20
ONE	8	141	60	8
TWO	6	54	27	*
THREE	2	33	14	3
FOUR	1	14	5	2
FIVE	2	8	3	*
SIX	*	1	*	*
SEVEN	*	1	*	*
EIGHT	*	1	*	*
UNKNOWN	6	57	13	228
* TOTAL *	58	811	322	261

NUMBER OF DEPENDENTS	EDUCATION OF MOTHER			
	GRADE SCHOOL	HIGH SCHOOL	COLLEGE	UNKNOWN
	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT
NONE	56.9	61.8	62.1	7.7
ONE	13.8	17.4	18.6	3.1
TWO	10.3	6.7	8.4	*
THREE	3.4	4.1	4.3	1.1
FOUR	1.7	1.7	1.6	0.8
FIVE	3.4	1.0	0.9	*
SIX	*	0.1	*	*
SEVEN	*	0.1	*	*
EIGHT	*	0.1	*	*
UNKNOWN	10.3	7.0	4.0	87.4
* TOTAL *	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 59

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

MARRIAGE PLANS OF MOTHER BY EDUCATION OF MOTHER

MARRIAGE PLANS	EDUCATION OF MOTHER			
	GRADE SCHOOL	HIGH SCHOOL	COLLEGE	UNKNOWN
	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER
NO PLANS	46	410	155	13
MARRY FATHER	4	196	84	2
LIVE WITH FATHER	1	62	26	3
MARRY SOMEONE OTHER THAN FATHER	.	11	5	.
UNDECIDED	5	107	35	1
UNKNOWN	2	25	17	242
* TOTAL *	58	811	322	261

MARRIAGE PLANS	EDUCATION OF MOTHER			
	GRADE SCHOOL	HIGH SCHOOL	COLLEGE	UNKNOWN
	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT
NO PLANS	79.3	50.6	48.1	5.0
MARRY FATHER	6.9	24.2	26.1	0.8
LIVE WITH FATHER	1.7	7.6	8.1	1.1
MARRY SOMEONE OTHER THAN FATHER	.	1.4	1.6	.
UNDECIDED	8.6	13.2	10.9	0.4
UNKNOWN	3.4	3.1	5.3	92.7
* TOTAL *	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 60

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

FINANCIAL STATUS OF MOTHER BY EDUCATION OF MOTHER

FINANCIAL SOURCES	EDUCATION OF MOTHER			
	GRADE SCHOOL	HIGH SCHOOL	COLLEGE	UNKNOWN
	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER
**********				
RECEIVES AFDC	28	368	123	15
APPLYING FOR AFDC	5	67	24	.
SUPPORT FROM RELATIVE	10	111	15	.
SUPPORTS SELF	3	91	92	2
OTHER	3	84	30	3
NO SUPPORT	.	12	4	.
UNKNOWN	9	78	34	241
* TOTAL *	58	811	322	261

FINANCIAL SOURCES	EDUCATION OF MOTHER			
	GRADE SCHOOL	HIGH SCHOOL	COLLEGE	UNKNOWN
	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT
**********				
RECEIVES AFDC	48.3	45.4	38.2	5.7
APPLYING FOR AFDC	8.6	8.3	7.5	.
SUPPORT FROM RELATIVE	17.2	13.7	4.7	.
SUPPORTS SELF	5.2	11.2	28.6	0.8
OTHER	5.2	10.4	9.3	1.1
NO SUPPORT	.	1.5	1.2	.
UNKNOWN	15.5	9.6	10.6	92.3
* TOTAL *	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 61

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

PLANS FOR CHILD BY EDUCATION OF MOTHER

PLANS FOR CHILD	EDUCATION OF MOTHER			
	GRADE SCHOOL	HIGH SCHOOL	COLLEGE	UNKNOWN
	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER
KEPT BY MOTHER	54	758	290	229
ADOPTION	2	44	30	19
OTHER	1	5	1	1
UNKNOWN	1	4	1	12
* TOTAL *	58	811	322	261

PLANS FOR CHILD	EDUCATION OF MOTHER			
	GRADE SCHOOL	HIGH SCHOOL	COLLEGE	UNKNOWN
	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT
KEPT BY MOTHER	93.1	93.5	90.1	87.7
ADOPTION	3.4	5.4	9.3	7.3
OTHER	1.7	0.6	0.3	0.4
UNKNOWN	1.7	0.5	0.3	4.6
* TOTAL *	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 62

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

AGE OF MOTHER BY FINANCIAL SUPPORT OF MOTHER

AGE OF MOTHER	FINANCIAL SUPPORT OF MOTHER						
	RECEIVES AFDC	APPLYING FOR AFDC	SUPPORT FROM RELATIVE	SUPPORTS SELF	OTHER	NO SUPPORT	UNKNOWN
	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER
13 TO 19	140	39	116	21	25	4	115
20 TO 29	330	50	20	127	76	10	202
30 TO 39	56	6	.	37	19	2	28
40 TO 49	2	.	.	1	.	.	.
UNKNOWN	6	1	.	2	.	.	17
* TOTAL *	534	96	136	188	120	16	362

AGE OF MOTHER	FINANCIAL SUPPORT OF MOTHER						
	RECEIVES AFDC	APPLYING FOR AFDC	SUPPORT FROM RELATIVE	SUPPORTS SELF	OTHER	NO SUPPORT	UNKNOWN
	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT
13 TO 19	26.2	40.6	85.3	11.2	20.8	25.0	31.8
20 TO 29	61.8	52.1	14.7	67.6	63.3	62.5	55.8
30 TO 39	10.5	6.3	.	19.7	15.8	12.5	7.7
40 TO 49	0.4	.	.	0.5	.	.	.
UNKNOWN	1.1	1.0	.	1.1	.	.	4.7
* TOTAL *	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 63

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

RACE OF MOTHER BY FINANCIAL SUPPORT OF MOTHER

RACE OF MOTHER	FINANCIAL SUPPORT OF MOTHER						
	RECEIVES AFDC	APPLYING FOR AFDC	SUPPORT FROM RELATIVE	SUPPORTS SELF	OTHER	NO SUPPORT	UNKNOWN
	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER
WHITE	361	71	107	151	84	12	91
BLACK	2	.	1	4	2	.	.
NATIVE AMERICAN	155	21	26	28	30	3	50
ASIAN	1	.	1	1	.	.	1
OTHER	10	4	1	1	2	.	2
UNKNOWN	5	.	.	3	2	1	218
* TOTAL *	534	96	136	188	120	16	362

RACE OF MOTHER	FINANCIAL SUPPORT OF MOTHER						
	RECEIVES AFDC	APPLYING FOR AFDC	SUPPORT FROM RELATIVE	SUPPORTS SELF	OTHER	NO SUPPORT	UNKNOWN
	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT
WHITE	67.6	74.0	78.7	80.3	70.0	75.0	25.1
BLACK	0.4	.	0.7	2.1	1.7	.	.
NATIVE AMERICAN	29.0	21.9	19.1	14.9	25.0	18.8	13.8
ASIAN	0.2	.	0.7	0.5	.	.	0.3
OTHER	1.9	4.2	0.7	0.5	1.7	.	0.6
UNKNOWN	0.9	.	.	1.6	1.7	6.3	60.2
* TOTAL *	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 64

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

EDUCATION OF MOTHER BY FINANCIAL SUPPORT OF MOTHER

EDUCATION OF MOTHER	FINANCIAL SUPPORT OF MOTHER						
	RECEIVES AFDC	APPLYING FOR AFDC	SUPPORT FROM RELATIVE	SUPPORTS SELF	OTHER	NO SUPPORT	UNKNOWN
	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER
GRADE SCHOOL	28	5	10	3	3	.	9
HIGH SCHOOL	368	67	111	91	84	12	78
COLLEGE	123	24	15	92	30	4	34
UNKNOWN	15	.	.	2	3	.	241
* TOTAL *	534	96	136	188	120	16	362

EDUCATION OF MOTHER	FINANCIAL SUPPORT OF MOTHER						
	RECEIVES AFDC	APPLYING FOR AFDC	SUPPORT FROM RELATIVE	SUPPORTS SELF	OTHER	NO SUPPORT	UNKNOWN
	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT
GRADE SCHOOL	5.2	5.2	7.4	1.6	2.5	.	2.5
HIGH SCHOOL	68.9	69.8	81.6	48.4	70.0	75.0	21.5
COLLEGE	23.0	25.0	11.0	48.9	25.0	25.0	9.4
UNKNOWN	2.8	.	.	1.1	2.5	.	66.6
* TOTAL *	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 65

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

MARITAL STATUS OF MOTHER BY FINANCIAL SUPPORT OF MOTHER

MARITAL STATUS	FINANCIAL SUPPORT OF MOTHER						
	RECEIVES AFDC	APPLYING FOR AFDC	SUPPORT FROM RELATIVE	SUPPORTS SELF	OTHER	NO SUPPORT	UNKNOWN
	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER
SINGLE	430	89	134	152	98	14	125
DIVORCED	96	7	.	29	18	2	14
WIDOWED	2	.	1	5	2	.	2
UNKNOWN	6	.	1	2	2	.	221
* TOTAL *	534	96	136	188	120	16	362

MARITAL STATUS	FINANCIAL SUPPORT OF MOTHER						
	RECEIVES AFDC	APPLYING FOR AFDC	SUPPORT FROM RELATIVE	SUPPORTS SELF	OTHER	NO SUPPORT	UNKNOWN
	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT
SINGLE	80.5	92.7	98.5	80.9	81.7	87.5	34.5
DIVORCED	18.0	7.3	.	15.4	15.0	12.5	3.9
WIDOWED	0.4	.	0.7	2.7	1.7	.	0.6
UNKNOWN	1.1	.	0.7	1.1	1.7	.	61.0
* TOTAL *	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 66

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

EMPLOYMENT STATUS OF MOTHER BY FINANCIAL SUPPORT OF MOTHER

EMPLOYMENT STATUS	FINANCIAL SUPPORT OF MOTHER						
	RECEIVES AFDC	APPLYING FOR AFDC	SUPPORT FROM RELATIVE	SUPPORTS SELF	OTHER	NO SUPPORT	UNKNOWN
	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER
EMPLOYED	64	25	23	154	16	6	25
NOT EMPLOYED	404	64	98	24	83	8	77
NO PLANS TO WORK	17	2	4	1	10	.	5
PLANS TO WORK	33	3	8	5	8	1	1
UNDECIDED	7	2	1	.	1	.	1
UNKNOWN	9	.	2	4	2	1	253
* TOTAL *	534	96	136	188	120	16	362

EMPLOYMENT STATUS	FINANCIAL SUPPORT OF MOTHER						
	RECEIVES AFDC	APPLYING FOR AFDC	SUPPORT FROM RELATIVE	SUPPORTS SELF	OTHER	NO SUPPORT	UNKNOWN
	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT
EMPLOYED	12.0	26.0	16.9	81.9	13.3	37.5	6.9
NOT EMPLOYED	75.7	66.7	72.1	12.8	69.2	50.0	21.3
NO PLANS TO WORK	3.2	2.1	2.9	0.5	8.3	.	1.4
PLANS TO WORK	6.2	3.1	5.9	2.7	6.7	6.3	0.3
UNDECIDED	1.3	2.1	0.7	.	0.8	.	0.3
UNKNOWN	1.7	.	1.5	2.1	1.7	6.3	69.9
* TOTAL *	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 67

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

NUMBER OF OTHER CHILDREN BORN OUT OF WEDLOCK BY FINANCIAL SUPPORT OF MOTHER

NUMBER OF CHILDREN	FINANCIAL SUPPORT OF MOTHER						
	RECEIVES AFDC	APPLYING FOR AFDC	SUPPORT FROM RELATIVE	SUPPORTS SELF	OTHER	NO SUPPORT	UNKNOWN
	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER
NONE	285	73	125	139	66	15	79
ONE	137	19	9	31	37	1	29
TWO	52	1	2	11	7	.	10
THREE	33	1	.	1	3	.	6
FOUR	13	1	.	2	2	.	6
FIVE	6	.	.	1	3	.	2
SIX	.	1	.	.	.	.	.
SEVEN	.	.	.	.	.	.	1
EIGHT	1	.	.	.	.	.	.
UNKNOWN	7	.	.	3	2	.	229
* TOTAL *	534	96	136	188	120	16	362

NUMBER OF CHILDREN	FINANCIAL SUPPORT OF MOTHER						
	RECEIVES AFDC	APPLYING FOR AFDC	SUPPORT FROM RELATIVE	SUPPORTS SELF	OTHER	NO SUPPORT	UNKNOWN
	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT
NONE	53.4	76.0	91.9	73.9	55.0	93.8	21.8
ONE	25.7	19.8	6.6	16.5	30.8	6.3	8.0
TWO	9.7	1.0	1.5	5.9	5.8	.	2.8
THREE	6.2	1.0	.	0.5	2.5	.	1.7
FOUR	2.4	1.0	.	1.1	1.7	.	1.7
FIVE	1.1	.	.	0.5	2.5	.	0.6
SIX	.	1.0	.	.	.	.	.
SEVEN	.	.	.	.	.	.	0.3
EIGHT	0.2	.	.	.	.	.	.
UNKNOWN	1.3	.	.	1.6	1.7	.	63.3
* TOTAL *	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 68

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

NUMBER OF DEPENDENTS OF MOTHER BY FINANCIAL SUPPORT OF MOTHER

NUMBER OF DEPENDENTS	FINANCIAL SUPPORT OF MOTHER						
	RECEIVES AFDC	APPLYING FOR AFDC	SUPPORT FROM RELATIVE	SUPPORTS SELF	OTHER	NO SUPPORT	UNKNOWN
	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER
NONE	271	75	128	133	69	13	65
ONE	123	14	4	27	27	2	20
TWO	56	1	2	13	12	1	2
THREE	40	1	.	4	5	.	2
FOUR	16	2	.	1	3	.	.
FIVE	9	.	.	3	1	.	.
SIX	.	.	.	1	.	.	.
SEVEN	1	.	.	.	.	.	.
EIGHT	1	.	.	.	.	.	.
UNKNOWN	17	3	2	6	3	.	273
* TOTAL *	534	96	136	188	120	16	362

NUMBER OF DEPENDENTS	FINANCIAL SUPPORT OF MOTHER						
	RECEIVES AFDC	APPLYING FOR AFDC	SUPPORT FROM RELATIVE	SUPPORTS SELF	OTHER	NO SUPPORT	UNKNOWN
	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT
NONE	50.7	78.1	94.1	70.7	57.5	81.3	18.0
ONE	23.0	14.6	2.9	14.4	22.5	12.5	5.5
TWO	10.5	1.0	1.5	6.9	10.0	6.3	0.6
THREE	7.5	1.0	.	2.1	4.2	.	0.6
FOUR	3.0	2.1	.	0.5	2.5	.	.
FIVE	1.7	.	.	1.0	0.8	.	.
SIX	.	.	.	0.5	.	.	.
SEVEN	0.2	.	.	.	.	.	.
EIGHT	0.2	.	.	.	.	.	.
UNKNOWN	3.2	3.1	1.5	3.2	2.5	.	75.4
* TOTAL *	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 69

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

MARRIAGE PLANS OF MOTHER BY FINANCIAL SUPPORT OF MOTHER

MARRIAGE PLANS	FINANCIAL SUPPORT OF MOTHER						
	RECEIVES AFDC	APPLYING FOR AFDC	SUPPORT FROM RELATIVE	SUPPORTS SELF	OTHER	NO SUPPORT	UNKNOWN
	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER
NO PLANS	289	67	81	75	32	8	72
MARRY FATHER	113	16	35	53	42	5	22
LIVE WITH FATHER	26	8	3	22	22	2	9
MARRY SOMEONE OTHER THAN FATHER	8	2	1	.	3	.	2
UNDECIDED	72	3	15	32	17	1	8
UNKNOWN	26	.	1	6	4	.	249
* TOTAL *	534	96	136	188	120	16	362

MARRIAGE PLANS	FINANCIAL SUPPORT OF MOTHER						
	RECEIVES AFDC	APPLYING FOR AFDC	SUPPORT FROM RELATIVE	SUPPORTS SELF	OTHER	NO SUPPORT	UNKNOWN
	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT
NO PLANS	54.1	69.8	59.6	39.9	26.7	50.0	19.9
MARRY FATHER	21.2	16.7	25.7	28.2	35.0	31.3	6.1
LIVE WITH FATHER	4.9	8.3	2.2	11.7	18.3	12.5	2.5
MARRY SOMEONE OTHER THAN FATHER	1.5	2.1	0.7	.	2.5	.	0.6
UNDECIDED	13.5	3.1	11.0	17.0	14.2	6.3	2.2
UNKNOWN	4.9	.	0.7	3.2	3.3	.	68.8
* TOTAL *	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 70

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

PLANS FOR CHILD BY FINANCIAL SUPPORT OF MOTHER

PLANS FOR CHILD	FINANCIAL SUPPORT OF MOTHER						
	RECEIVES AFDC	APPLYING FOR AFDC	SUPPORT FROM RELATIVE	SUPPORTS SELF	OTHER	NO SUPPORT	UNKNOWN
	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER
KEPT BY MOTHER	505	92	121	179	111	10	313
ADOPTION	22	2	15	8	9	6	33
OTHER	5	1	*	1	*	*	1
UNKNOWN	2	1	*	*	*	*	15
* TOTAL *	534	96	136	188	120	16	362

PLANS FOR CHILD	FINANCIAL SUPPORT OF MOTHER						
	RECEIVES AFDC	APPLYING FOR AFDC	SUPPORT FROM RELATIVE	SUPPORTS SELF	OTHER	NO SUPPORT	UNKNOWN
	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT
KEPT BY MOTHER	94.6	95.8	89.0	95.2	92.5	62.5	86.5
ADOPTION	4.1	2.1	11.0	4.3	7.5	37.5	9.1
OTHER	0.9	1.0	*	0.5	*	*	0.3
UNKNOWN	0.4	1.0	*	*	*	*	4.1
* TOTAL *	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 71

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

AFDC MOTHERS ONLY

AGE OF MOTHER BY AFDC FINANCIAL SUPPORT OF MOTHER

AGE OF MOTHER	AFDC FINANCIAL SUPPORT OF MOTHER				TOTAL	
	RECEIVES AFDC		APPLYING FOR AFDC			
	NUMBER	PERCENT	NUMBER	PERCENT	NUMBER	PERCENT
13 TO 19	140	26.2	39	40.6	179	28.4
20 TO 29	330	61.8	50	52.1	380	60.3
30 TO 39	56	10.5	6	6.3	62	9.8
40 TO 49	2	0.4	0	0	2	0.3
UNKNOWN	6	1.1	1	1.0	7	1.1
TOTAL	534	100.0	96	100.0	630	100.0

TABLE 72

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

AFDC MOTHERS ONLY

RACE OF MOTHER BY AFDC FINANCIAL SUPPORT OF MOTHER

RACE OF MOTHER	AFDC FINANCIAL SUPPORT OF MOTHER				TOTAL	
	RECEIVES AFDC		APPLYING FOR AFDC			
	NUMBER	PERCENT	NUMBER	PERCENT	NUMBER	PERCENT
WHITE	361	67.6	71	74.0	432	68.6
BLACK	2	0.4	0	0	2	0.3
NATIVE AMERICAN	155	29.0	21	21.9	176	27.9
ASIAN	1	0.2	0	0	1	0.2
OTHER	10	1.9	4	4.2	14	2.2
UNKNOWN	5	0.9	0	0	5	0.8
TOTAL	534	100.0	96	100.0	630	100.0

TABLE 73

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

AFDC MOTHERS ONLY

EDUCATION OF MOTHER BY AFDC FINANCIAL SUPPORT OF MOTHER

EDUCATION OF MOTHER	AFDC FINANCIAL SUPPORT OF MOTHER				TOTAL	
	RECEIVES AFDC		APPLYING FOR AFDC			
	NUMBER	PERCENT	NUMBER	PERCENT	NUMBER	PERCENT
GRADE SCHOOL	28	5.2	5	5.2	33	5.2
HIGH SCHOOL	368	68.9	67	69.8	435	69.0
COLLEGE	123	23.0	24	25.0	147	23.3
UNKNOWN	15	2.8	0	0	15	2.4
* TOTAL *	534	100.0	96	100.0	630	100.0

TABLE 74

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

AFDC MOTHERS ONLY

MARITAL STATUS OF MOTHER BY AFDC FINANCIAL SUPPORT OF MOTHER

MARITAL STATUS	AFDC FINANCIAL SUPPORT OF MOTHER				TOTAL	
	RECEIVES AFDC		APPLYING FOR AFDC			
	NUMBER	PERCENT	NUMBER	PERCENT	NUMBER	PERCENT
SINGLE	430	80.5	89	92.7	519	82.4
DIVORCED	96	18.0	7	7.3	103	16.3
WIDOWED	2	0.4	0	0	2	0.3
UNKNOWN	6	1.1	0	0	6	1.0
* TOTAL *	534	100.0	96	100.0	630	100.0

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TABLE 75

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

AFDC MOTHERS ONLY

EMPLOYMENT STATUS OF MOTHER BY AFDC FINANCIAL SUPPORT OF MOTHER

EMPLOYMENT STATUS	AFDC FINANCIAL SUPPORT OF MOTHER					
	RECEIVES AFDC		APPLYING FOR AFDC		TOTAL	
	NUMBER	PERCENT	NUMBER	PERCENT	NUMBER	PERCENT
EMPLOYED	64	12.0	25	26.0	89	14.1
NOT EMPLOYED	404	75.7	64	66.7	468	74.3
NO PLANS TO WORK	17	3.2	2	2.1	19	3.0
PLANS TO WORK	33	6.2	3	3.1	36	5.7
UNDECIDED	7	1.3	2	2.1	9	1.4
UNKNOWN	9	1.7	.	.	9	1.4
* TOTAL *	534	100.0	96	100.0	630	100.0

TABLE 76

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

AFDC MOTHERS ONLY

NUMBER OF OTHER CHILDREN BORN OUT OF WEDLOCK BY AFDC FINANCIAL SUPPORT OF MOTHER

NUMBER OF CHILDREN	AFDC FINANCIAL SUPPORT OF MOTHER					
	RECEIVES AFDC		APPLYING FOR AFDC		TOTAL	
	NUMBER	PERCENT	NUMBER	PERCENT	NUMBER	PERCENT
NONE	285	53.4	73	76.0	358	56.8
ONE	137	25.7	19	19.8	156	24.8
TWO	52	9.7	1	1.0	53	8.4
THREE	33	6.2	1	1.0	34	5.4
FOUR	13	2.4	1	1.0	14	2.2
FIVE	6	1.1	.	.	6	1.0
SIX	.	.	1	1.0	1	0.2
EIGHT	1	0.2	.	.	1	0.2
UNKNOWN	7	1.3	.	.	7	1.1
* TOTAL *	534	100.0	96	100.0	630	100.0

TABLE 77

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

AFDC MOTHERS ONLY

NUMBER OF DEPENDENTS OF MOTHER BY AFDC FINANCIAL SUPPORT OF MOTHER

NUMBER OF DEPENDENTS	AFDC FINANCIAL SUPPORT OF MOTHER				TOTAL	
	RECEIVES AFDC		APPLYING FOR AFDC			
	NUMBER	PERCENT	NUMBER	PERCENT	NUMBER	PERCENT
NONE	271	50.7	75	78.1	346	54.9
ONE	123	23.0	14	14.6	137	21.7
TWO	56	10.5	1	1.0	57	9.0
THREE	40	7.5	1	1.0	41	6.5
FOUR	16	3.0	2	2.1	18	2.9
FIVE	9	1.7	.	.	9	1.4
SEVEN	1	0.2	.	.	1	0.2
EIGHT	1	0.2	.	.	1	0.2
UNKNOWN	17	3.2	3	3.1	20	3.2
* TOTAL *	534	100.0	96	100.0	630	100.0

TABLE 78

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

AFDC MOTHERS ONLY

MARRIAGE PLANS OF MOTHER BY AFDC FINANCIAL SUPPORT OF MOTHER

MARRIAGE PLANS	AFDC FINANCIAL SUPPORT OF MOTHER				TOTAL	
	RECEIVES AFDC		APPLYING FOR AFDC			
	NUMBER	PERCENT	NUMBER	PERCENT	NUMBER	PERCENT
NO PLANS	289	54.1	67	69.8	356	56.5
MARRY FATHER	113	21.2	16	16.7	129	20.5
LIVE WITH FATHER	26	4.9	8	8.3	34	5.4
MARRY SOMEONE OTHER THAN FATHER	8	1.5	2	2.1	10	1.6
UNDECIDED	72	13.5	3	3.1	75	11.9
UNKNOWN	26	4.9	.	.	26	4.1
* TOTAL *	534	100.0	96	100.0	630	100.0

TABLE 79

DIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

AFDC MOTHERS ONLY

PLANS FOR CHILD BY AFDC FINANCIAL SUPPORT OF MOTHER

PLANS FOR CHILD	AFDC FINANCIAL SUPPORT OF MOTHER				TOTAL	
	RECEIVES AFDC		APPLYING FOR AFDC			
	NUMBER	PERCENT	NUMBER	PERCENT	NUMBER	PERCENT
KEPT BY MOTHER	505	94.6	92	95.8	597	94.8
ADOPTION	22	4.1	2	2.1	24	3.8
OTHER	5	0.9	1	1.0	6	1.0
UNKNOWN	2	0.4	1	1.0	3	0.5
* TOTAL *	534	100.0	96	100.0	630	100.0

APPENDIX

TABLE A-1

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

PERCENT CHANGE IN NUMBER OF BIRTHS OUT OF WEDLOCK FROM FISCAL YEAR 1987 TO FISCAL YEAR 1988

RESIDENCE OF MOTHER	BIRTHS 1987	BIRTHS 1988	PERCENT CHANGE 1987-1988
ADAMS	5	6	20.0
BARNES	15	17	13.3
BENSON	76	88	15.8
BILLINGS	1	3	200.0
BOTTINEAU	8	14	75.0
BOWMAN	9	4	-55.6
BURKE	5	4	-20.0
BURLEIGH	109	88	-19.3
CASS	160	175	9.4
CAVALIER	3	3	0.0
DICKEY	3	2	-33.3
DIVIDE	1	5	400.0
DUNN	9	8	-11.1
EDDY	4	5	25.0
EMMONS	0	4	.
FOSTER	2	3	50.0
GOLDEN VALLEY	0	6	.
GRAND FORKS	144	122	-15.3
GRANT	0	1	.
GRIGGS	3	3	0.0
HETTINGER	3	4	33.3
KIDDER	4	1	-75.0
LAMOURE	4	4	0.0
LOGAN	1	1	0.0
MCHENRY	8	6	-25.0
MCINTOSH	0	2	.
MCKENZIE	33	27	-18.2
MCLEAN	18	18	0.0
MERCER	5	10	100.0
MORTON	40	43	7.5
MOUNTRAIL	45	17	-62.2
NELSON	1	0	-100.0
OLIVER	1	2	100.0
PEMBINA	17	8	-52.9
PIERCE	9	10	11.1
RAMSEY	37	45	21.6
RANSOM	4	6	50.0
RENVILLE	6	2	-66.7
RICHLAND	2	2	0.0
ROLETTE	101	108	6.9
SARGENT	2	0	-100.0
SHERIDAN	2	0	-100.0
SIOUX	33	27	-18.2
SLOPE	0	0	.
STARK	36	31	-13.9
STEELE	3	1	-66.7
STUTSMAN	47	37	-21.3
TOWNER	11	5	-54.5
TRAILL	14	6	-57.1
WALSH	17	33	94.1
WARD	115	131	13.9
WELLS	5	6	20.0
WILLIAMS	47	46	-2.1
OTHER STATES	270	249	-7.8
FOREIGN COUNTRY	0	0	.
UNKNOWN	3	3	0.0
TOTAL	1501	1452	-3.3

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TABLE A-2

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

RESIDENCE OF MOTHER BY AGE OF MOTHER

RESIDENCE OF MOTHER	AGE OF MOTHER					TOTAL
	13 TO 19	20 TO 29	30 TO 39	40 TO 49	UNKNOWN	
	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER
ADAMS	1	3	1	.	1	6
BARNES	8	7	2	.	.	17
BENSON	26	46	12	.	4	88
BILLINGS	1	2	.	.	.	3
BOTTINEAU	4	10	.	.	.	14
BOWMAN	.	4	.	.	.	4
BURKE	1	2	1	.	.	4
BURLEIGH	22	56	9	.	1	88
CASS	49	104	18	1	3	175
CAVALIER	.	3	.	.	.	3
DICKEY	2	.	.	.	.	2
DIVIDE	2	3	.	.	.	5
DUNN	1	5	2	.	.	8
EDDY	1	3	1	.	.	5
EMMONS	2	2	.	.	.	4
FOSTER	1	1	1	.	.	3
GOLDEN VALLEY	3	3	.	.	.	6
GRAND FORKS	28	78	13	.	3	122
GRANT	.	.	1	.	.	1
GRIGGS	2	1	.	.	.	3
HETTINGER	1	3	.	.	.	4
KIDDER	1	.	.	.	.	1
LAMOURE	1	2	1	.	.	4
LOGAN	1	.	.	.	.	1
MCHENRY	3	2	1	.	.	6
MCINTOSH	1	.	1	.	.	2
MCKENZIE	9	17	1	.	.	27
MCLEAN	11	5	.	1	1	18
MERCER	6	3	.	.	1	10
MORTON	17	22	4	.	.	43
MOUNTRAIL	4	10	2	.	1	17
OLIVER	2	.	.	.	.	2
PEMBINA	3	5	.	.	.	8
PIERCE	4	5	1	.	.	10
RAMSEY	19	23	3	.	.	45
RANSOM	1	5	.	.	.	6
RENVILLE	1	1	.	.	.	2
RICHLAND	1	1	.	.	.	2
ROLETTE	36	61	10	.	1	108
SIOUX	11	12	3	.	1	27
STARK	14	13	1	.	3	31
STEELE	1	.	.	.	.	1
STUTSMAN	11	21	5	.	.	37
TOWNER	2	1	2	.	.	5
TRAILL	2	4	.	.	.	6
WALSH	12	14	6	1	.	33
WARD	41	77	12	.	1	131
WELLS	4	2	.	.	.	6
WILLIAMS	13	26	7	.	.	46
OTHER STATES	72	145	27	.	5	249
TOTAL	1	2	.	.	.	3
* TOTAL *	480	819	148	3	26	1452

TABLE A-3

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

RESIDENCE OF MOTHER BY RACE OF MOTHER

RESIDENCE OF MOTHER	RACE OF MOTHER						
	WHITE	BLACK	NATIVE AMERICAN	ASIAN	OTHER	UNKNOWN	TOTAL
	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER
ADAMS	6	.	.	.	.	.	6
BARNES	15	.	.	.	.	2	17
BENSON	10	.	59	.	.	19	88
BILLINGS	2	.	.	.	.	1	3
BOTTINEAU	13	.	1	.	.	.	14
BOWMAN	4	.	.	.	.	.	4
BURKE	4	.	.	.	.	.	4
BURLEIGH	67	.	14	2	.	5	88
CASS	150	.	13	2	.	10	175
CAVALIER	3	.	.	.	.	.	3
DICKEY	2	.	.	.	.	.	2
DIVIDE	5	.	.	.	.	.	5
DUNN	3	.	5	.	.	.	8
EDDY	4	.	1	.	.	.	5
EMMONS	3	.	.	.	.	1	4
FOSTER	3	.	.	.	.	.	3
GOLDEN VALLEY	6	.	.	.	.	.	6
GRAND FORKS	62	1	12	.	2	45	122
GRANT	1	.	.	.	.	.	1
GRIGGS	3	.	.	.	.	.	3
HETTINGER	3	.	.	.	.	1	4
KIDDER	1	.	.	.	.	.	1
LAMOURE	4	.	.	.	.	.	4
LOGAN	.	.	1	.	.	.	1
MCHENRY	5	.	1	.	.	.	6
MCINTOSH	2	.	.	.	.	.	2
MCKENZIE	6	.	19	.	.	2	27
MCLEAN	13	.	2	.	1	2	18
MERCER	7	.	1	.	.	2	10
MORTON	35	.	6	.	.	2	43
MOUNTRAIL	4	.	9	.	.	4	17
OLIVER	2	.	.	.	.	.	2
PEMBINA	7	.	.	.	1	.	8
PIERCE	10	.	.	.	.	.	10
RAMSEY	30	.	9	.	.	6	45
RANSOM	6	.	.	.	.	.	6
RENVILLE	2	.	.	.	.	.	2
RICHLAND	2	.	.	.	.	.	2
ROLETTE	6	.	65	.	.	37	108
SIOUX	1	.	25	.	1	.	27
STARK	14	.	.	.	.	17	31
STEELE	1	.	.	.	.	.	1
STUTSMAN	37	.	.	.	.	.	37
TOWNER	.	.	2	.	.	3	5
TRAILL	3	.	1	.	1	1	6
WALSH	29	.	1	.	1	2	33
WARD	97	6	19	.	2	7	131
WELLS	6	.	.	.	.	.	6
WILLIAMS	29	1	6	.	.	10	46
OTHER STATES	147	1	90	.	11	50	249
TOTAL	2	.	1	.	.	.	3
* TOTAL *	877	9	313	4	20	229	1452

TABLE A-4

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

RESIDENCE OF MOTHER BY EDUCATION OF MOTHER

RESIDENCE OF MOTHER	EDUCATION OF MOTHER				TOTAL
	GRADE SCHOOL	HIGH SCHOOL	COLLEGE	UNKNOWN	
	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER
ADAMS	1	3	2	.	6
BARNES	.	13	2	2	17
BENSON	7	52	8	21	88
BILLINGS	.	2	.	1	3
BOTTINEAU	.	8	4	2	14
BOWMAN	.	2	1	1	4
BURKE	.	3	1	.	4
BURLEIGH	4	44	29	11	88
CASS	5	90	69	11	175
CAVALIER	.	3	.	.	3
DICKEY	.	2	.	.	2
DIVIDE	.	5	.	.	5
DUNN	.	5	2	1	8
EDDY	1	3	1	.	5
EMMONS	.	2	1	1	4
FOSTER	.	1	2	.	3
GOLDEN VALLEY	.	5	1	.	6
GRAND FORKS	3	43	29	47	122
GRANT	.	.	1	.	1
GRIGGS	1	2	.	.	3
HETTINGER	.	1	2	1	4
KIDDER	.	1	.	.	1
LAMOURE	.	2	2	.	4
LOGAN	.	1	.	.	1
MCHENRY	.	6	.	.	6
MCINTOSH	.	.	2	.	2
MCKENZIE	1	20	2	4	27
MCLEAN	.	16	.	2	18
MERCER	.	5	2	3	10
MORTON	1	25	13	4	43
MOUNTRAIL	.	11	2	4	17
OLIVER	.	2	.	.	2
PEMBINA	.	7	1	.	8
PIERCE	.	9	1	.	10
RAMSEY	.	32	6	7	45
RANSOM	.	5	1	.	6
RENVILLE	.	1	1	.	2
RICHLAND	.	2	.	.	2
ROLETTE	9	51	11	37	108
SIOUX	1	20	5	1	27
STARK	.	11	2	18	31
STEELE	.	.	1	.	1
STUTSMAN	.	31	6	.	37
TOWNER	.	1	.	4	5
TRAILL	.	3	1	2	6
WALSH	3	21	5	4	33
WARD	9	79	37	6	131
WELLS	.	5	1	.	6
WILLIAMS	1	25	11	9	46
OTHER STATES	11	130	54	54	249
TOTAL	.	.	.	3	3
* TOTAL *	58	811	322	261	1452

TABLE A-5

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

RESIDENCE OF MOTHER BY MARITAL STATUS OF MOTHER

RESIDENCE OF MOTHER	MARITAL STATUS				TOTAL
	SINGLE	DIVORCED	WIDOWED	UNKNOWN	
	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER
ADAMS	4	2	.	.	6
BARNES	11	4	.	2	17
BENSON	62	6	1	19	88
BILLINGS	1	1	.	1	3
BOTTINEAU	13	.	.	1	14
BOWMAN	3	1	.	.	4
BURKE	3	1	.	.	4
BURLEIGH	66	13	1	6	88
CASS	152	16	.	7	175
CAVALIER	3	.	.	.	3
DICKEY	2	.	.	.	2
DIVIDE	4	.	.	1	5
DUNN	7	.	1	.	8
EDDY	4	1	.	.	5
[illegible]ONS	3	.	.	1	4
[illegible]TER	3	.	.	.	3
GOLDEN VALLEY	6	.	.	.	6
GRAND FORKS	63	13	1	45	122
GRANT	.	1	.	.	1
GRIGGS	3	.	.	.	3
HETTINGER	3	.	.	1	4
KIDDER	1	.	.	.	1
LAMOURE	3	1	.	.	4
LOGAN	1	.	.	.	1
MCHENRY	6	.	.	.	6
MCINTOSH	2	.	.	.	2
MCKENZIE	24	.	.	3	27
MCLEAN	15	1	.	2	18
MERCER	7	.	.	3	10
MORTON	34	7	1	1	43
MOUNTRAIL	12	1	.	4	17
OLIVER	2	.	.	.	2
PEMBINA	8	.	.	.	8
PIERCE	7	3	.	.	10
RAMSEY	32	6	.	7	45
RANSOM	6	.	.	.	6
RENVILLE	2	.	.	.	2
RICHLAND	1	1	.	.	2
ROLETTE	63	7	1	37	108
SIOUX	24	2	1	.	27
STARK	13	.	.	18	31
STEELE	1	.	.	.	1
STUTSMAN	27	10	.	.	37
TOWNER	3	.	.	2	5
TRAILL	4	1	.	1	6
WALSH	23	8	.	2	33
WARD	100	21	2	8	131
WELLS	5	.	1	.	6
WILLIAMS	31	6	.	9	46
OTHER STATES	165	32	2	50	249
TOTAL	2	.	.	1	3
TOTAL	1042	166	12	232	1452

TABLE A-6

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

RESIDENCE OF MOTHER BY EMPLOYMENT STATUS OF MOTHER

RESIDENCE OF MOTHER	EMPLOYMENT STATUS						TOTAL
	EMPLOYED	NOT EMPLOYED	NO PLANS TO WORK	PLANS TO WORK	UNDECIDED	UNKNOWN	
	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER
ADAMS	3	1	.	.	.	.	4
BARNES	4	9	.	2	.	2	17
BENSON	13	52	.	4	.	19	88
BILLINGS	1	.	.	1	.	1	3
BOTTINEAU	1	10	.	.	.	3	14
BOWMAN	1	.	2	.	.	1	4
BURKE	1	2	.	1	.	.	4
BURLEIGH	37	40	4	.	.	7	88
CASS	98	86	9	5	.	17	175
CAVALIER	1	1	.	1	.	.	3
DICKEY	1	1	.	.	.	.	2
DIVIDE	.	4	.	.	.	1	5
DUNN	1	4	1	2	.	.	8
EDDY	1	3	.	1	.	.	5
EMMONS	1	1	.	1	.	1	4
FOSTER	1	1	.	1	.	.	3
GOLDEN VALLEY	.	3	1	1	1	.	6
GRAND FORKS	19	40	5	7	2	49	122
GRANT	.	1	.	.	.	.	1
GRIGGS	.	2	.	1	.	.	3
HETTINGER	2	1	.	.	.	1	4
KIDDER	.	1	.	.	.	.	1
LAMOURE	2	1	.	.	.	1	4
LOGAN	.	1	.	.	.	.	1
MCHENRY	.	3	.	1	1	1	6
MCINTOSH	1	1	.	.	.	.	2
MCKENZIE	2	19	1	3	.	2	27
MCLEAN	3	13	.	.	.	2	18
MERCER	2	4	.	1	.	3	10
MORTON	14	26	.	.	.	3	43
MOUNTRAIL	4	8	.	1	.	4	17
OLIVER	.	1	.	.	.	1	2
PEMBINA	3	2	.	2	1	.	8
PIERCE	1	7	.	1	1	.	10
RAMSEY	14	23	.	2	.	6	45
RANSOM	1	5	.	.	.	.	6
RENVILLE	.	1	.	1	.	.	2
RICHLAND	1	1	.	.	.	.	2
ROLETTE	9	61	1	.	.	37	108
SIOUX	3	21	.	.	.	3	27
STARK	3	10	.	.	.	18	31
STEELE	.	1	.	.	.	.	1
STUTSMAN	9	23	.	3	1	1	37
TOWNER	.	1	.	1	.	3	5
TRAILL	.	1	3	.	1	1	6
WALSH	11	13	4	2	.	3	33
WARD	38	71	4	10	1	7	131
WELLS	1	3	1	.	.	1	6
WILLIAMS	5	32	.	.	.	9	46
OTHER STATES	38	142	3	3	3	60	249
TOTAL	.	.	.	.	.	3	3
. TOTAL .	313	758	39	99	12	271	1492

TABLE A-7

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

RESIDENCE OF MOTHER BY NUMBER OF OTHER CHILDREN BORN OUT OF WEDLOCK

RESIDENCE OF MOTHER	NUMBER OF CHILDREN							
	NONE	ONE	TWO	THREE	FOUR	FIVE OR MORE	UNKNOWN	TOTAL
	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER
ADAMS	5	1	.	.	.	.	.	6
BARNES	14	.	1	.	.	.	2	17
BENSON	29	15	6	8	5	6	19	88
BILLINGS	1	1	.	.	.	.	1	3
BOTTINEAU	10	1	2	.	.	.	1	14
BOWMAN	1	1	1	1	.	.	.	4
BURKE	2	1	1	.	.	.	.	4
BURLEIGH	49	22	9	2	2	2	6	88
CASS	139	18	5	4	.	.	9	175
CAVALIER	1	2	.	.	.	.	.	3
DICKEY	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	2
DIVIDE	4	1	.	.	.	.	.	5
DUNN	3	.	3	1	.	.	1	8
EDDY	3	1	1	.	.	.	.	5
EMMONS	3	.	.	.	.	.	1	4
FOSTER	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	3
GOLDEN VALLEY	5	.	1	.	.	.	.	6
GRAND FORKS	48	19	7	.	1	.	47	122
GRANT	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	1
GRIGGS	2	1	.	.	.	.	.	3
HETTINGER	2	1	.	.	.	.	1	4
KIDDER	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	1
LAMOURE	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	4
LOGAN	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	1
MCHENRY	5	.	.	1	.	.	.	6
MCINTOSH	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	2
MCKENZIE	9	12	3	1	.	.	2	27
MCLEAN	14	2	.	.	.	.	2	18
MERCER	7	1	.	.	.	.	2	10
MORTON	34	6	2	.	.	.	1	43
MOUNTRAIL	4	5	.	2	.	.	6	17
OLIVER	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	2
PEMBINA	6	1	1	.	.	.	.	8
PIERCE	5	4	.	.	.	1	.	10
RAMSEY	26	5	6	.	.	1	7	45
RANSOM	2	4	.	.	.	.	.	6
RENVILLE	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	2
RICHLAND	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	2
ROLETTE	22	26	8	9	6	2	35	108
SIOUX	13	9	3	.	1	.	1	27
STARK	12	1	.	.	.	.	18	31
STEELE	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	1
STUTSMAN	27	6	2	2	.	.	.	37
TOWNER	1	1	.	.	1	.	2	5
TRAILL	3	2	.	.	.	.	1	6
WALSH	23	5	1	.	1	.	3	33
WARD	88	24	9	1	2	1	6	131
WELLS	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	6
WILLIAMS	18	13	.	4	.	.	9	44
OTHER STATES	119	45	15	8	5	2	55	249
TOTAL	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	3
* TOTAL *	702	263	83	44	24	15	241	1452

TABLE A-8

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

RESIDENCE OF MOTHER BY NUMBER OF DEPENDENTS OF MOTHER

RESIDENCE OF MOTHER	NUMBER OF DEPENDENTS							
	NONE	ONE	TWO	THREE	FOUR	FIVE OR MORE	UNKNOWN	TOTAL
	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER
ADAMS	5	1	.	.	.	.	.	6
BARNES	12	3	.	.	.	.	2	17
BENSON	34	11	5	6	5	4	23	88
BILLINGS	2	.	.	.	.	.	1	3
BOTTINEAU	10	1	2	.	.	.	1	14
BOWMAN	1	2	.	1	.	.	.	4
BURKE	2	.	1	.	.	.	1	4
BURLEIGH	60	13	6	2	2	.	5	88
CASS	137	17	7	3	.	3	8	175
CAVALIER	1	2	.	.	.	.	.	3
DICKEY	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	2
DIVIDE	3	2	.	.	.	.	.	5
DUNN	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	8
EDDY	2	2	1	.	.	.	.	5
EMMONS	3	.	.	.	.	.	1	4
FOSTER	2	.	.	.	.	.	1	3
GOLDEN VALLEY	5	.	1	.	.	.	.	6
GRAND FORKS	44	17	9	3	2	.	47	122
GRANT	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	1
GRIGGS	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	3
HETTINGER	2	1	.	.	.	.	1	4
KIDDER	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	1
LAMOURE	3	.	.	1	.	.	.	4
LOGAN	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	1
MCHENRY	5	.	.	.	.	.	1	6
MCINTOSH	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	2
MCKENZIE	16	2	4	.	.	.	5	27
MCLEAN	13	1	.	.	.	.	4	18
MERCER	8	.	.	.	.	.	2	10
MORTON	37	2	2	1	.	.	1	43
MOUNTRAIL	1	6	.	3	.	.	7	17
OLIVER	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	2
PEMBINA	6	1	.	.	.	.	1	8
PIERCE	6	2	1	.	.	1	.	10
RAMSEY	28	3	6	1	.	1	6	45
RANSOM	4	2	.	.	.	.	.	6
RENVILLE	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	2
RICHLAND	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	2
ROLETTE	10	11	2	5	3	1	76	108
SIOUX	14	8	2	1	1	.	1	27
STARK	12	.	1	.	.	.	18	31
STEELE	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	1
STUTSMAN	21	8	4	3	.	.	1	37
TOWNER	1	1	.	.	1	.	2	5
TRAILL	3	2	.	.	.	.	1	6
WALSH	18	5	3	.	.	.	7	33
WARD	75	26	8	4	3	1	14	131
WELLS	5	1	.	.	.	.	.	6
WILLIAMS	19	11	3	3	1	.	9	46
OTHER STATES	109	48	17	14	3	5	53	249
TOTAL	1	.	.	.	.	.	2	3
* TOTAL *	794	217	87	92	22	17	303	1492

TABLE A-9

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

RESIDENCE OF MOTHER BY MARRIAGE PLANS OF MOTHER

RESIDENCE OF MOTHER	MARRIAGE PLANS						TOTAL
	NO PLANS	MARRY FATHER	LIVE WITH FATHER	MARRY SOMEONE OTHER THAN FATHER	UNDECIDED	UNKNOWN	
	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER
ADAMS	3	0	0	0	1	0	4
BARNES	9	4	0	0	2	2	17
BENSON	46	9	0	0	17	20	88
BILLINGS	2	0	0	0	0	1	3
BOTTINEAU	7	2	3	0	1	2	14
BOWMAN	2	0	1	0	0	1	4
BURKE	2	0	1	0	1	0	4
BURLEIGH	47	17	8	1	9	10	88
CASS	98	43	7	1	12	14	175
CAVALIER	3	0	0	0	0	0	3
DICKEY	2	0	0	0	0	0	2
DIVIDE	3	0	1	0	0	1	5
DUNN	2	3	1	0	1	1	8
EDDY	3	0	0	0	1	1	5
EMMONS	2	1	0	0	0	1	4
FOSTER	2	0	1	0	0	0	3
GOLDEN VALLEY	2	1	2	1	0	0	6
GRAND FORKS	29	24	8	3	9	49	122
GRANT	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
GRIGGS	1	0	0	0	2	0	3
HETTINGER	2	1	0	0	0	1	4
KIDDER	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
LAMOURE	2	1	1	0	0	0	4
LOGAN	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
MCHENRY	1	2	0	1	0	2	6
MCINTOSH	0	0	1	0	1	0	2
MCKENZIE	13	8	2	0	2	2	27
MCLEAN	9	4	1	0	2	2	18
MERCER	4	3	0	0	0	3	10
MORTON	17	10	9	0	3	4	43
MOUNTRAIL	5	4	1	0	2	5	17
OLIVER	2	0	0	0	0	0	2
PEMBINA	4	2	0	0	1	1	8
PIERCE	5	4	1	0	0	0	10
RAMSEY	19	4	0	0	13	9	45
RANSOM	2	3	0	0	0	1	6
RENVILLE	0	2	0	0	0	0	2
RICHLAND	0	2	0	0	0	0	2
ROLETTE	47	8	5	2	8	38	108
SIOUX	11	9	6	0	2	5	27
STARK	5	7	0	0	0	19	31
STEELE	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
STUTSMAN	14	11	1	2	7	2	37
TOWNER	0	1	0	0	1	3	5
TRAILL	2	1	0	0	1	2	6
WALSH	19	10	3	0	3	2	33
WARD	56	29	12	2	26	6	131
WELLS	4	1	1	0	0	0	6
WILLIAMS	22	8	3	0	4	9	46
OTHER STATES	99	52	12	3	20	67	249
TOTAL	0	1	0	0	0	2	3
TOTAL	624	286	92	16	168	286	1492

TABLE A-10

BIRTH OUT OF MEDICAID STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

RESIDENCE OF MOTHER BY FINANCIAL STATUS OF MOTHER

RESIDENCE OF MOTHER	FINANCIAL SOURCES							
	RECEIVES AFDC	RECEIVES GA AFDC	SUPPORT FROM RELATIVES	SUPPORTS SELF	OTHER	NO SUPPORT	UNKNOWN	TOTAL
	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER
ADAMS	1	1	0	2	1	0	1	6
BARNES	6	2	2	3	2	0	2	17
BENSON	29	8	9	10	14	0	22	88
BILLINGS	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	3
BOTTINEAU	8	0	1	0	2	0	3	14
BOWMAN	0	1	0	1	2	0	0	4
BURKE	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	4
BURLEIGH	30	8	7	23	9	1	8	86
CASS	71	10	18	29	8	3	36	179
CAVALIER	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	3
DICKEY	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	2
DIVIDE	1	0	1	0	2	1	0	5
DUNN	1	1	1	1	3	0	1	8
EDDY	3	0	0	1	1	0	0	5
EMMONS	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	4
FOSTER	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	3
GOLDEN VALLEY	2	0	2	0	2	0	0	6
GRAND FORKS	24	6	9	13	10	2	56	122
GRANT	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
GRIGGS	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	3
HETTINGER	0	2	0	0	1	0	1	4
KIDDER	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
LAMOURE	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	4
LOGAN	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
MCHENRY	5	0	0	0	0	0	1	6
MCINTOSH	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	2
MCKENZIE	17	2	2	2	2	0	2	27
MCLEAN	6	2	4	2	2	0	2	18
MERCER	0	0	4	1	1	1	3	10
MORTON	8	5	8	11	8	0	3	43
MOUNTRAIL	3	3	0	1	4	1	4	17
OLIVER	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	2
PEMBINA	4	1	1	1	0	0	1	8
PIERCE	5	1	2	1	1	0	0	10
RAMSEY	19	0	6	9	4	0	7	45
RANSOM	4	0	1	1	0	0	0	6
RENVILLE	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	2
RICHLAND	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	2
ROLETTE	27	3	0	1	2	1	74	108
SIOUX	12	2	5	1	3	0	4	27
STARK	5	0	4	3	1	0	18	31
STEELE	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
STUTSMAN	14	3	2	7	7	1	3	37
TOWNER	1	0	0	0	1	0	3	5
TRAILL	1	3	0	0	1	0	1	6
WALSH	11	1	7	7	1	0	6	33
WARD	68	13	11	27	4	1	7	131
WELLS	2	0	3	0	1	0	0	6
WILLIAMS	21	2	5	3	4	0	11	46
OTHER STATES	110	12	17	19	10	2	73	269
TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	3
TOTAL	536	96	136	188	120	16	362	1452

TABLE A-11

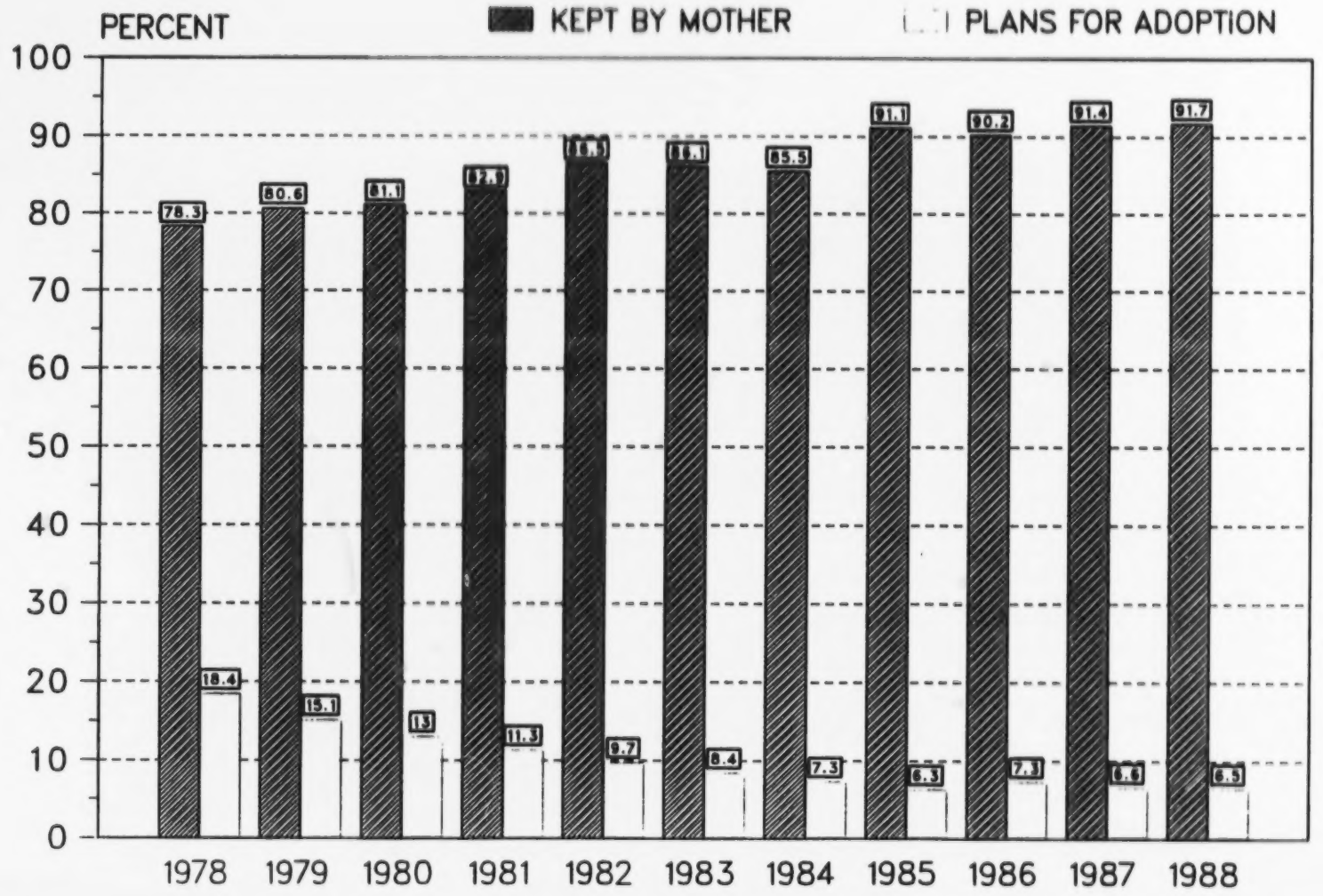
BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDY: FISCAL YEAR 1988

RESIDENCE OF MOTHER BY PLANS FOR CHILD

RESIDENCE OF MOTHER	PLANS FOR CHILD				
	KEPT BY MOTHER	ADOPTION	OTHER	UNKNOWN	TOTAL
	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER
ADAMS	4	1	.	1	6
BARNES	17	.	.	.	17
BENSON	84	1	3	.	88
BILLINGS	2	.	1	.	3
BOTTINEAU	11	3	.	.	14
BOWMAN	4	.	.	.	4
BURKE	4	.	.	.	4
BURLEIGH	82	4	.	2	88
CASS	144	29	.	2	175
CAVALIER	3	.	.	.	3
DICKEY	2	.	.	.	2
DIVIDE	3	2	.	.	5
DUNN	7	1	.	.	8
EDDY	5	.	.	.	5
EMMONS	4	.	.	.	4
FOSTER	3	.	.	.	3
GOLDEN VALLEY	6	.	.	.	6
GRAND FORKS	113	8	.	1	122
GRANT	1	.	.	.	1
GRIGGS	2	1	.	.	3
HETTINGER	4	.	.	.	4
KIDDER	1	.	.	.	1
LAMOURE	3	1	.	.	4
LOGAN	1	.	.	.	1
MCHENRY	6	.	.	.	6
MCINTOSH	2	.	.	.	2
MCKENZIE	26	1	.	.	27
MCLEAN	18	.	.	.	18
MERCER	7	3	.	.	10
MORTON	39	4	.	.	43
MOUNTRAIL	17	.	.	.	17
OLIVER	2	.	.	.	2
PEMBINA	8	.	.	.	8
PIERCE	10	.	.	.	10
RAMSEY	41	3	1	.	45
RANSOM	4	1	.	1	6
RENVILLE	2	.	.	.	2
RICHLAND	2	.	.	.	2
ROLETTE	105	.	.	3	108
SIOUX	25	.	1	1	27
STARK	30	1	.	.	31
STEELE	1	.	.	.	1
STUTSMAN	35	1	.	1	37
TOWNER	4	1	.	.	5
TRAILL	5	.	.	1	6
WALSH	33	.	.	.	33
WARD	123	8	.	.	131
WELLS	6	.	.	.	6
WILLIAMS	44	1	.	1	46
OTHER STATES	224	20	2	3	249
TOTAL	2	.	.	1	3
* TOTAL *	1331	99	8	18	1452

CHARTS

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDIES
FISCAL YEARS 1978 – 1988
PLANS FOR CHILD *



* UNKNOWN PLANS NOT CHARTED.

CHART A

JEN134
04/26/89
R&S

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDIES
FISCAL YEARS 1978 – 1988
NUMBER OF BIRTHS

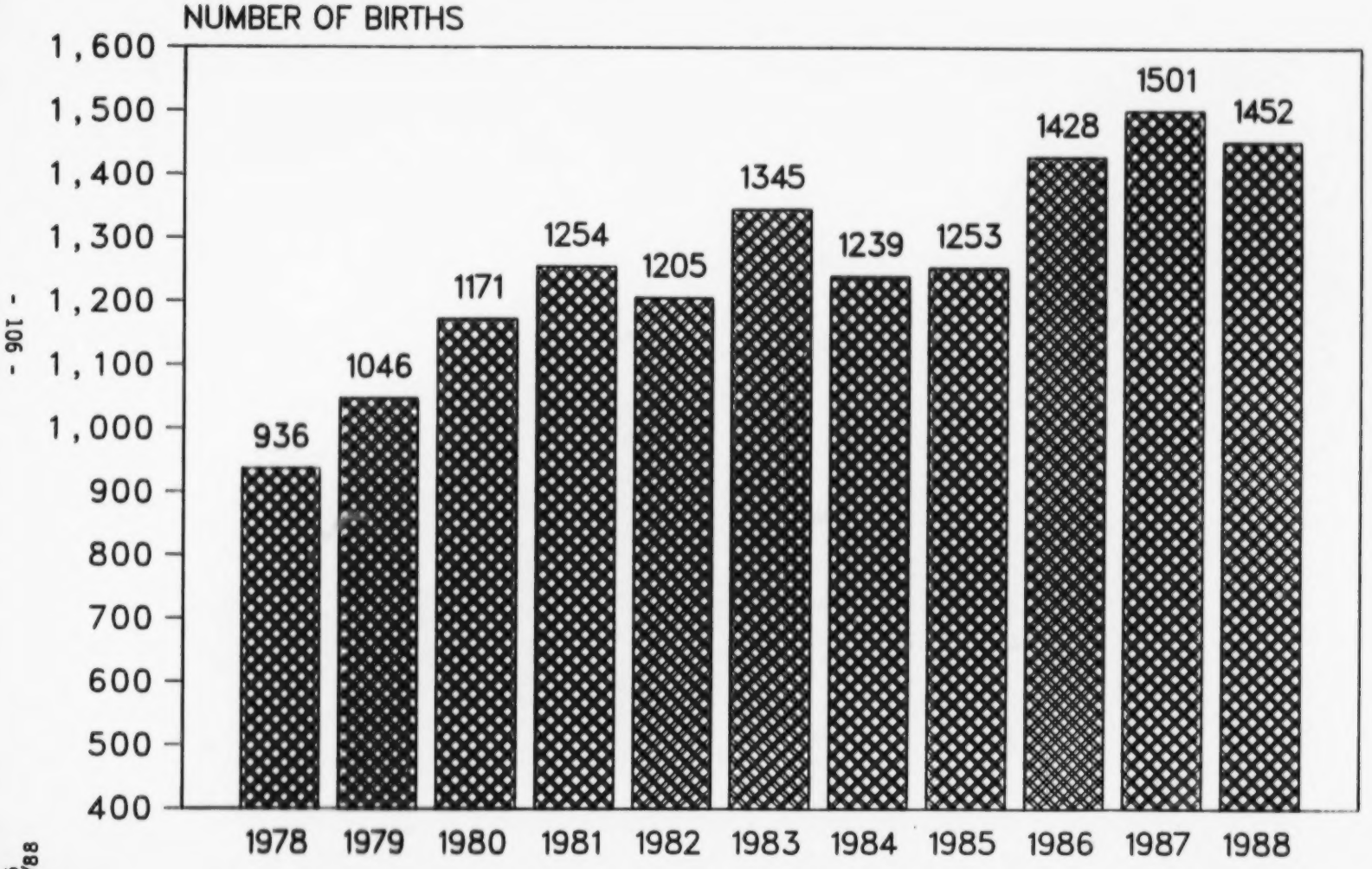
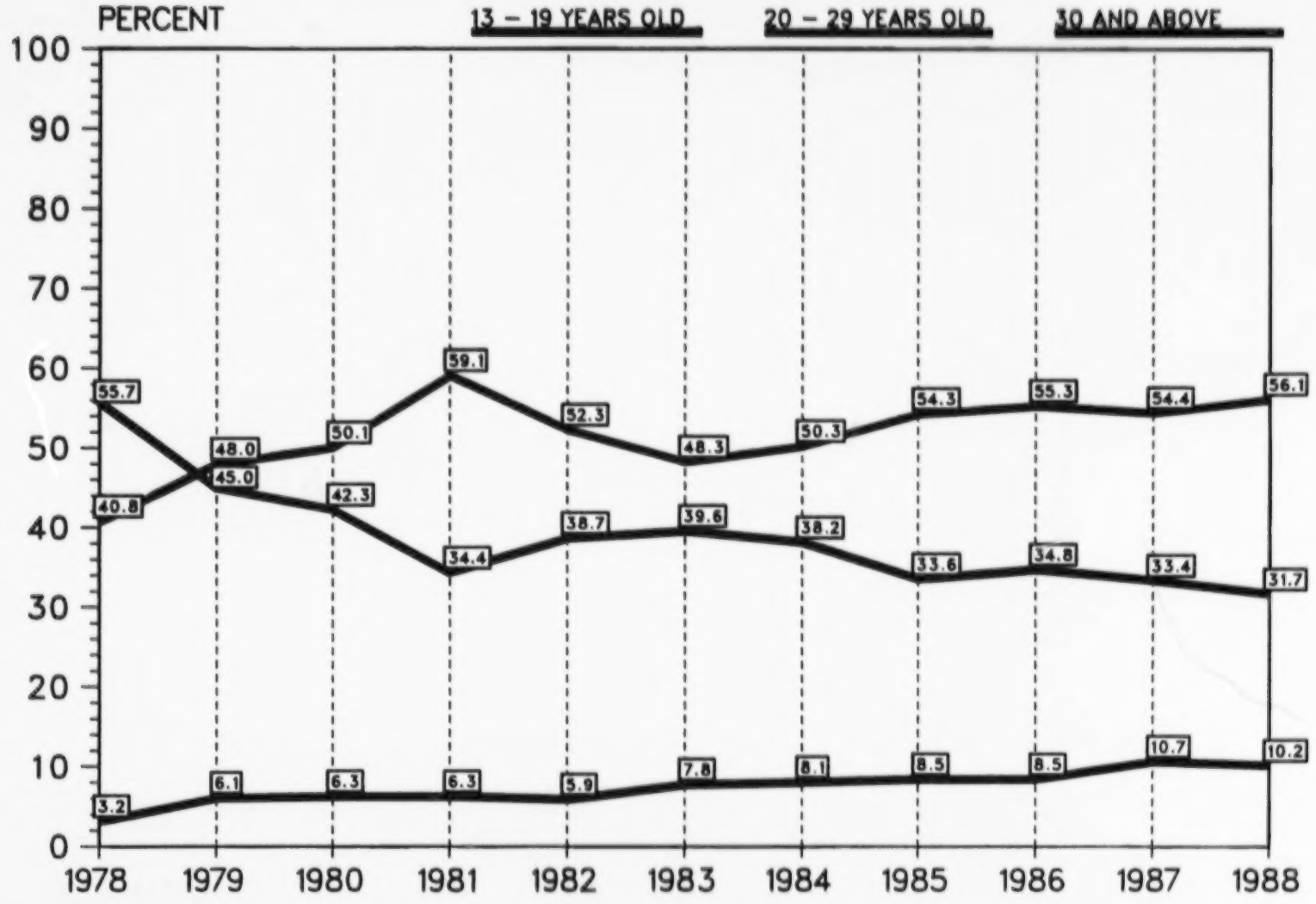


CHART B

JEN135
04/26/88
R&S

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDIES
FISCAL YEARS 1978–1988
AGE OF MOTHERS *

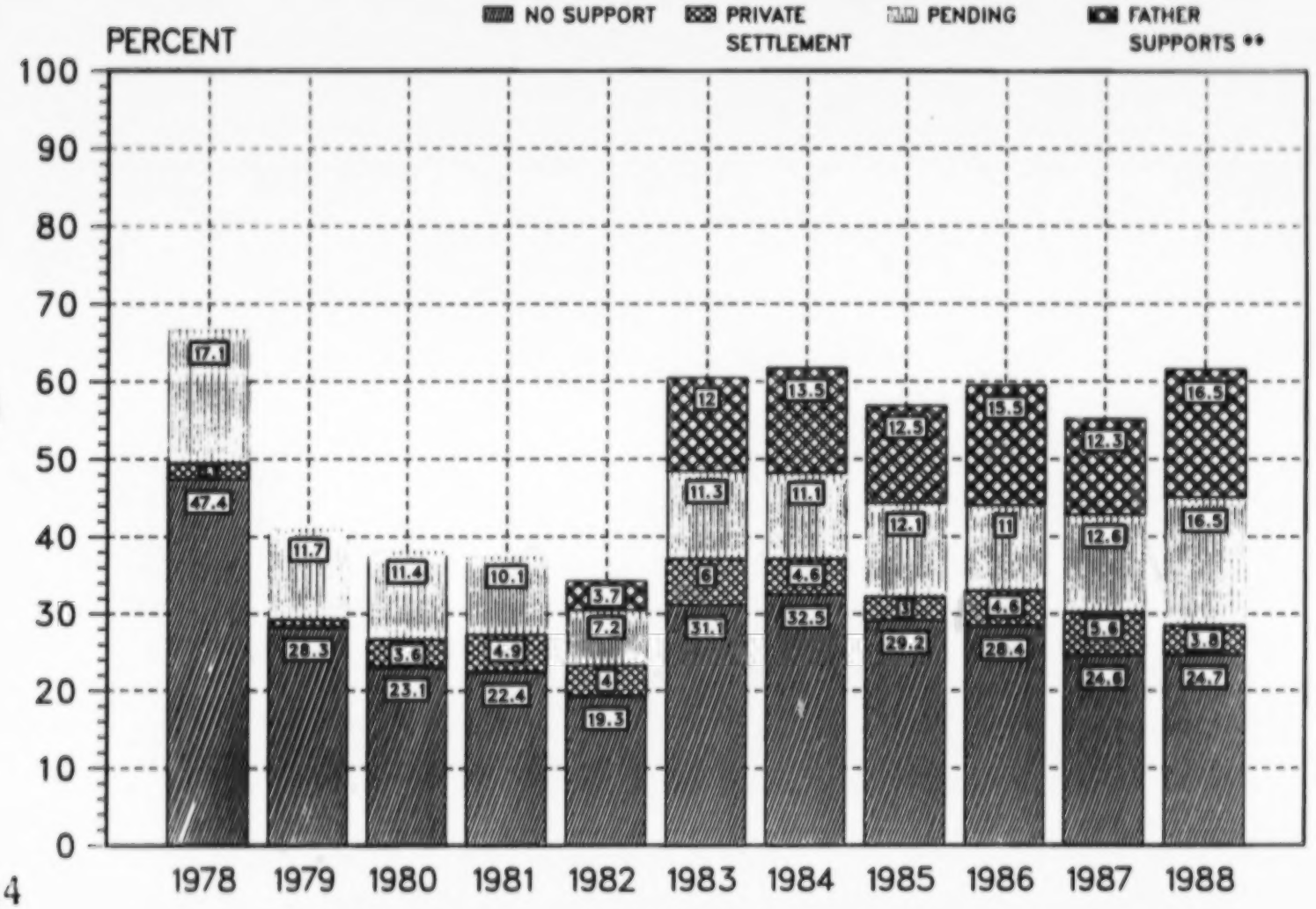


* UNKNOWN AGE NOT CHARTED.

CHART C

JEW206
04/26/89
RES

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDIES
FISCAL YEARS 1978–1988
FINANCIAL SUPPORT PROVIDED BY FATHER *



* COURT ORDERED SUPPORT WAS 3.0 PERCENT IN 1979, 1.5 PERCENT IN 1980 AND LESS THAN 1 PERCENT THEREAFTER. DATA CODED 'OTHER' OR 'UNKNOWN' WERE NOT CHARTED.
** NO DATA AVAILABLE FOR FISCAL YEARS 1978 – 1981.

CHART D

JEM207
24/28/89
RES

BIRTH OUT OF WEDLOCK STUDIES
FISCAL YEARS 1979–1988
PERCENT OF MOTHERS RECEIVING OR APPLYING FOR AFDC

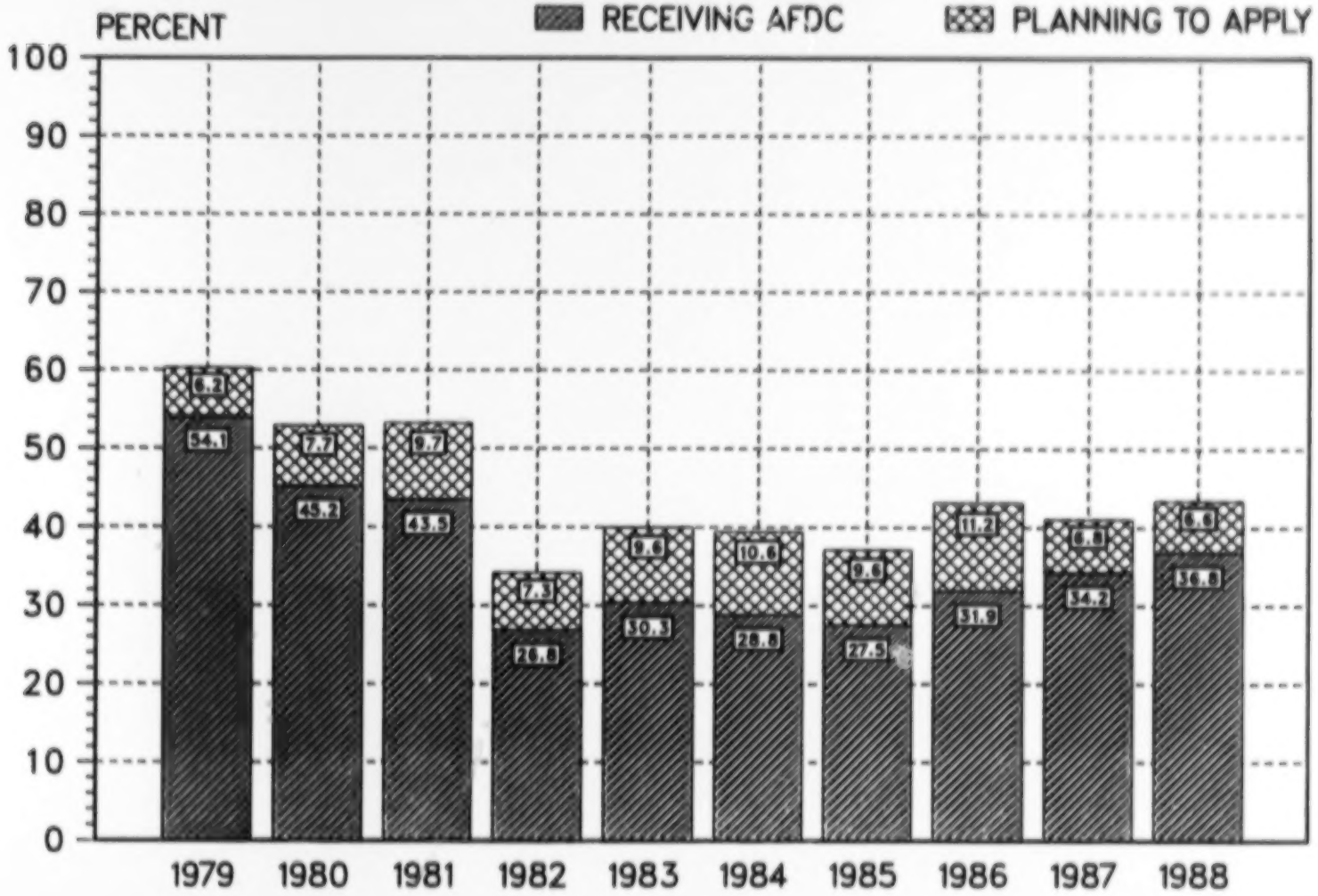


CHART E

JEN139
04/26/89
RES